THE ONLY ONE

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full telegraphic day service of the Associated Press by its own operator in its own office. That's why it leads all its local rivals in the latest war news.

# THE LOWELL SUN

SECOND HAND PAPERS

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot, you must buy The Lowell Sun.

21ST YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, MAY 24, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SENOR LEON Y CASTILLO, Spain's New Minister of Foreign Affairs.

# SPAIN'S FLEET DESTROYED

## So Says a London Despatch as Yet Unconfirmed.

## The Navy Officials Have Heard Nothing From Sampson or Schley — Cervera's Fleet Has Left Santiago De Cuba—Other Despatches.

Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.

LONDON, MAY 23.—PERSISTENT RUMORS WERE IN CIRCULATION HERE TODAY TO THE EFFECT THAT A GREAT NAVAL BATTLE HAD BEEN FOUGHT IN THE VICINITY OF THE WINDWARD PASSAGE, BETWEEN THE EASTERN END OF CUBA AND THE WESTERN PART OF HAYTI, IN WHICH THE AMERICAN SQUADRON CLOSED IN UPON THE SPANISH CAPE VERDE SQUADRON, COMMANDED BY ADMIRAL CERVERA AND COMPLETELY DESTROYED THE SPANISH SHIPS.

A DESPATCH FROM KINGSTON, JAMAICA, TO REUTER'S TELEGRAM COMPANY YESTERDAY EVENING, SAID NOTHING WAS KNOWN THERE OF THE REPORTED BATTLE IN THE WINDWARD PASSAGE, ADDING THAT NO AMERICAN OR SPANISH WARSHIPS HAVE VISITED JAMAICAN PORTS SINCE THE BEGINNING OF THE WAR.

THE LONDON NEWSPAPERS TAKE IT FOR GRANTED THAT THE SHIPS REPORTED YESTERDAY BY LLOYD'S AGENTS AT PARA, BRAZIL, AS HAVING ARRIVED THERE AT 9 O'CLOCK ON MONDAY MORNING FROM RIO JANEIRO, ARE THE OREGON, THE MARIETTA AND THE NICTHEROY.

## OFFICIAL DENIAL MADE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, MAY 24.—IT IS STATED AT THE NAVY DEPARTMENT THAT NO NEWS HAS BEEN RECEIVED HERE OF AN ENGAGEMENT BETWEEN THE FLEETS AND THAT NO NEWS HAS BEEN RECEIVED OF THE ARRIVAL OF THE OREGON AT KEY WEST.

## SPAIN'S TACTICS CHANGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, MAY 24.—A SPECIAL DESPATCH FROM MADRID TODAY SAYS: "EVIDENTLY THE PROGRAM IN REGARD TO THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS HAS BEEN CHANGED. IT IS BELIEVED HERE THAT THERE WILL BE NO IMMEDIATE ENGAGEMENT IN CUBAN WATERS, BUT THAT ADMIRAL CERVERA WILL DRAW OFF THE ENEMY WHILE THE CADIZ FLEET RELIEVES HAVANA.

## CERVERA AT SANTIAGO?

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 24.—A KEY WEST CORRESPONDENT TELEGRAPHS THAT HE HAS INFORMATION FROM AN UNIMPEACHABLE AUTHORITY THAT THE SPANISH FLEET IS STILL AT SANTIAGO.

## HAS LEFT SANTIAGO.

(Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.)

PORT AU PRINCE, HAYTI, MAY 24.—ACCORDING TO CURRENT RUMOR HERE, THE SPANISH CAPE VERDE SQUADRON, COMMANDED BY ADMIRAL CERVERA, WHICH ARRIVED RECENTLY AT SANTIAGO DE CUBA, SUBSEQUENTLY SAILED FROM THAT PORT, DESTINATION UNKNOWN.

**James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.**

Telephone at Residence, Office and Stables

Market St. Cor. Worthen.

**SQUARE PIANO, $10.**

1 Dunham & Sons square piano, $10; 1 Hallet and Davis, almost new, $150; 1 Hinteman upright piano, left on sale by party going away, $190; 1 Ivers & Pond upright piano, $185. Ask to see Mrs. Marchand's piano, which must be sold at any price before May 25th. Our Jacob Doll pianos are the leading instruments of the age.

For sale by Samuel Orr, No. 522 Merrimack Street, Associate Building, Lowell, Mass. Look up the number of your old square, you may be the lucky one.

# SPANISH TROOPS

## Acoard the Alphonso XIII at Jamaica.

THEY WERE THERE SHOT OF SUPPLIES.

### Food Purchased From Vessels in Port.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, May 24.—Among the passengers who arrived today per Atlas line steamer Alfid from Kingston were ten Cuban refugees who were transferred to Jamaica from Cienfuegos. Among those were Benado Castillo and family. Other passengers were Lieut. L. F. A. Barlow, U.S.A.; George W. Brown, Frank H Anson and Washington Hume.

A passenger from Kingston says he was at Barbadoes three weeks ago when the Spanish troop ship, Alfonso XIII, put in there for coal. The harbor master found that she had eleven hundred men, over the number of her crew. The Spaniard desired to purchase a large quantity of provisions and coal, but were only permitted to buy sufficient to supply them to the next port. The passengers said that at Kingston the supply of bread stuffs was very short, and that he knew of three vessels which had succeeded in running in with full cargoes of food supplies to the ports on the South side of Cuba, in spite of the efforts of the Jamaican government to prevent it.

Several newspaper correspondents in Kingston filed reports concerning the movements of American war vessels but the cable people refused to receive them.

### BISHOP MALLALIEU

ADDRESSES A MEETING OF EPWORTH LEAGUERS.

The different local branches of the Epworth League of this city held a union meeting in the Y.M.C.A. hall, last evening, which was highly successful. It was planned by the committee in charge of the finishing of the Epworth League Union house at Sterling Camp Grounds and a goodly sum was realized.

The guest of honor was Bishop Mallalieu, who made a stirring address. Speeches were also made by J. Clark Glidden and Rev. Mr. Meredith. Supper was served and a collection taken. The committee in charge of the affair consisted of Mrs. J. Clark Glidden, chairman, Mrs. B. Rollins, Mrs. C. H. Fisk, Mrs. W. H. Lincoln, Mrs. Ashworth, and Miss McMaster.

### BICYCLISTS VS. RUNNERS

Y. M. C. A. ARRANGING A RELAY RACE BETWEEN BOSTON AND LOWELL.

Arrangements are being made at the Y. M. C. A., Boston, for a bicycle-running relay race between Boston and Lowell, to take place next Saturday afternoon.

Last night three of the runners, Fet, Emerson, and Starkey, had a trial run from Copley Square to Cottage Farm bridge, excellent time being made. The other runners who will make up the relay of five men are Clark of Lowell and Mercher of Boston.

The bicycle riders are Jones of Quincy, Chase and McFarland of Lowell, Cummings and Bohn of Boston.

The bicycle riders will start from Copley Square at 3 p. m., Saturday, the relays being made every ten miles. They are do ride from Boston to Lowell and return, while the runners are to cover the distance between Lowell and Boston in relays every five miles.

The bicyclists will cover all-told 50 miles, giving the runners a 25-mile handicap. They will start on their race from a point two miles this side of Lowell and will finish at Copley Square.

### MATRIMONIAL.

A very pretty wedding took place Sunday evening at the Immaculate Conception church, when Rev. W. D. Joyce, O.M.I., united in marriage Mr. James A. Kilroy, assistant superintendent of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, and Miss Sadie O'Connor of New York. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Helen O'Connor of New York, and the best man was William F. McCarthy, president of the Burke Temperance institute. The bride wore a gown of white silk and the bridesmaid was attired in blue silk. A reception was held at 242 Appleton street, and the young couple received the congratulations of their many friends. They left on a wedding tour.

### IMPROVEMENTS VOTED.

The First Baptist church, last evening, voted to make extensive improvements in the church.

### SUPERIOR COURT.

The only trial reached before the noon adjournment was that of A. I. Hodge vs. Semple, a claim for commission in conveying property.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

**Money Deposited**

on or before Friday, June 3d, in the SAVINGS DEPARTMENT of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from June 1st, at the rate per annum of **4 per cent.** Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays 8 a.m. to 1 p.m. / 7 to 9 p. m.

Chas. J. Glidden, Pres.
Wm. F. Hills, Cashier.
Middlesex Street, Cor. Post Office Avenue

**ROCKING CHAIRS**—With one pound of our 60c. Tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street. Tel. 693.

# LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL

## Will be Permanently Closed Unless the City Votes it $5,000.

## Sketch of Its Work and Its Usefulness as Told by Supt. Walsh, One of the Trustees—Benefit to Young Men to the Textile Industries and to the Community at Large in Ensuring Progress and Defying Competition.

The existence of the Textile school is threatened by the action of the legislature in appropriating $15,000 upon condition that the city of Lowell shall give $5,000 towards the expense of running the school during the current year.

Whether this condition has been imposed upon the city as a result of opposition from certain parties who favored the abolition of the Training school or by outside opposition is not quite clear; but the Textile school, it seems, is peculiarly a state school and should be supported by the state. The fact that it is located in Lowell is, of course, something of an advantage to Lowell students and the people in general in interesting them in the course laid down for the production of skilled workmen who are experts in every branch of the textile industry; men who are practical chemists, practical dyers, practical designers and so on.

It is almost needless to refer here to the wide scope of the courses of study pursued at the school as they have repeatedly been published in the daily papers while the popular course of lectures served the very desirable purpose of interesting the public generally in the textile art but more especially in stimulating young men of talent and ambition to avail themselves of the opportunities of advancement offered by this school.

The entire process of cotton manufacture is gone through in theory and practice from the growing of the cotton plant through every stage, as for example, the length of the fibre, how to select it, and to what each part of the fibre is best adapted. Then the cleaning, the carding, spinning, warping, the design in the cloth, how to imitate and originate designs in all kinds of patterns, white and colored.

The manufacture of wool and worsteds is gone into quite as thoroughly as that of cotton. First the sorting of the wool, according to the part of the sheep from which it is shorn, then to what use each kind is best adapted. Then the quality of different wools is treated in full, embracing the different kinds, American, Australian, and the long and short staple are fully described and their distinctions and respective uses pointed out. The student is also instructed in the art of weaving all kinds of woolens, including carpets of the various styles, plain and fancy; to operate and, if necessary, repair the various carpet looms, to copy designs, to originate designs and weave them into the fabric produced.

Perhaps the most important art taught at this school and that which is best calculated to improve the textile industries of New England is that of practical chemistry. All the color effects in prints, paper, and fabrics of various kinds are purely chemical products. Those who handle drugs and dye-stuffs must have some chemical training, although for want of such opportunities as are afforded by the Textile school, many leading dyers have but a practical knowledge; they know what colors to use and in what proportion, but they cannot tell why. They have not had the necessary training in chemistry to give them a thorough or scientific knowledge of their business. To turn out a good dyer requires from two to three years of careful study and practice. But that would be well repaid as may be judged from the fact that no man who has a practical knowledge of the business would be offered less than $35 a week anywhere.

Mr. James Walsh, superintendent of the Hamilton mills, speaking with a Sun representative, in reference to the Textile school and the opportunities it affords young men, said that he had labored hard for over twenty years to master some of the courses that can be learned thoroughly at the Textile school in a few years. A course of training in theory and practice such as is given at the Textile school, he believes, would have been worth to him at least $20,000; but he could not get it even if he had been willing to pay that amount for it. "There is positively no discrimination of any kind against any student, male or female, native or foreigner who wishes to enter the school, the only requirement being the ability to read and write and do a little figuring. Of course, without this a student could never succeed in the school and it would be useless for him to waste his time in attending.

After leaving the school the graduates will, he believed have little trouble in finding good positions with manufacturing companies in various parts of the country. The school is attaining the reputation of being the best in the world outside Philadelphia, and it is plain that its diploma will go far to secure a lucrative place for any young man.

In regard to what young men may think of the prospects after graduating Mr. Walsh spoke very emphatically saying there is a tremendous opportunity for any young man who knows his business regardless of influence. If a student does not know his business, no amount of influence can hold him in a responsible position in a mill.

Take the art of dyeing, for example. I have offered $2500 a year for a reasonably good man and have been refused. The law forbids bringing men here under contract; but in dozens of cases which I could mention, it was absolutely impossible to find in this country the right kind of a man out of employment. If these practical chemists are not found in this country, is it not well to maintain a school that will produce them in a few years? Will it not help the manufacturers to meet the fierce competition by advancing to finer goods, so that no other country or any other part of this country will be able to compete with us? That is the only means by which we can keep our mills running steadily and pay good wages. Thus it will benefit first, the young men who graduate; second, the textile industries; and third, the operatives or the entire community which will be benefited by steady work.

Mr. Walsh gave several examples of our need of more practical chemists, citing cases in which the raw material was sent to England, valued at a few cents a pound and returned to us worth three or four dollars a pound. This is actually done in the case of mullines. "After a few years, I hope that all this will be changed, and that we shall be able to manufacture such products at our own doors. In England the Textile schools are found scattered through the country and the government is lavish in its expenditure of money upon them. Germany is also rapidly advancing in this direction and if America is to hold its own with these countries, if New England is to maintain her supremacy in the textile industry, she must maintain textile schools such as that which we have here in Lowell. That being so, the question then arises," said Mr. Walsh, "whether the city of Lowell can afford to let the Textile school is closed up, as it will be on July 1, if the $5,000 be not voted by the city. The benefits of the school have not yet begun to appear and if closed now, the expense of equipment which was ovr $60,000, as well as the other outlays incidental to running the school would practically be lost."

"Do you believe that the board of trustees is as representative as it should be?" Mr. Walsh was asked.

"The people," said Mr. Walsh, "are represented by the Mayor and the superintendent of schools and it is very plain that the active trustees must be practical manufacturers who know what the courses should be and how they should be taught. If there is any demand for the appointment of another representative of the people, I think the present board will have no objection. Indeed, I have reason to believe that it would be entirely satisfactory to every member of that board to take any step of this kind that might make the school more popular or convince the sceptical—first, of the magnificent opportunities it offers to young men; second, the great and lasting benefits that will result from the continuance of the school upon the lines already laid down."

### PETITION OF PUPILS.

The following petition, which is self explanatory, has been received by the Board of Trustees from the students of the school:

PETITION TO TRUSTEES.

Lowell, April 26, 1898.

To the Trustees of the Textile School, Lowell:

Gentlemen—We, the undersigned, all students of the chemistry and dyeing department, respectfully beg to submit to you that it is our earnest wish and desire that the trustees will find ways and means to continue the class which we are all so deeply interested in, and which we have found to be a great benefit to some of us in our various avocations.

We forward you this petition because it has been rumored that the future will find some of the present departments excluded from the list of studies and we sincerely hope that you will use your best endeavors to maintain that branch of study in the school, which we are interested in, viz: the chemistry and dyeing department.

Then follows a long list of signatures.

### DEATHS.

SCOTT—Elwill Scott, a former resident of this city, died yesterday at Worcester, aged 41 years. The remains will be brought to Lowell and interment will be in the Edson cemetery after services in the chapel.

WARLEY—Bessie M. Warley, aged 41 years, died yesterday at North Chelmsford.

GEE—A. B. Gee, aged 73 years, died May 17, at Lewiston, Me. Many of the old-time dancers will remember Mr. Gee as the dancing master who managed a number of socials in old Wentworth hall.

BURNHAM—Fred Ervin Burnham, son of the late Philotus Burnham, died Sunday at West Eaton, N. Y. The remains are now on the way to Lowell. Funeral services will be held in the chapel to morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

DAVIS—Allan F. Davis, aged 70 years, died Sunday at his home in Chelmsford. The body was sent to Winchendon, Mass., for burial.

KELLEY—Mary Kelley, widow of Thomas Kelley, died Friday at Everett. She was a daughter of Charles Sanborn of this city and burial will be made here.

**Everybody Says So.**

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

First class job printing done at this office.

# AT CAMP DEWEY

## Drilling is Still in Progress Daily.

GOV. WOLCOTT APPRECIATES HONORS TO SIXTH

### By Mayor and People of Baltimore.

South Framingham, Mass., May 24.—The members of the Ninth regiment had the camp all to themselves Monday afternoon, there being very few visitors present, which was all the better for the men, as the time was spent in drill. The regiment came out at 5 o'clock for dress parade and review with Major Grady of the Second battalion in command. The march showed much improvement as the result of steady drill on the part of the regiment. After the review the regiment formed in three sides of a square, each battalion forming a side, and Chaplain Murphy held a short service of prayer. Father Murphy started in yesterday to perform the regular duties of chaplain of the regiment, having taken leave of his parish at Saxonville.

### EXCHANGE OF GREETINGS.

Boston, May 24.—Governor Wolcott was highly pleased at the reception accorded the Sixth Massachusetts by the citizens of Baltimore Saturday, and sent this telegram to Mayor Malster of that city: "The commonwealth of Massachusetts is profoundly touched by the brotherly and enthusiastic welcome extended by the mayor and citizens of Baltimore to the Sixth Massachusetts, U. S. V. In the name of the commonwealth I beg you to accept her grateful thanks."

In reply the governor has received the following from Mayor Malster: "The people of Baltimore city accept through you for Massachusetts the kind words contained in your dispatch to me. I trust no event in the future will occur to lessen the high regard and friendship now entertained by the citizens of Massachusetts and Maryland for each other. The brotherly heartthrobs of Massachusetts reverberate in the hearts of the true sons of Maryland. I extend to you the heartfelt thanks of the citizens of Baltimore for your kind expressions."

Fine job printing done at this office.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sale 1 more than 6,000,000 boxes.

Putnam & Son

**Remarkable Shirts For a Remarkable Price**

In the history of Shirt selling today's offer is unapproached. Negligee Shirts, three lots. Percales with collar and cuffs attached. Madras Cloth, soft bodies, to be worn with white collars. Cheviots, soft bodies, one pair of detached link cuffs. Choose from either of these lots shirts that should be seventy five for

**39c. Each.**

**Still Another.**

We bought yesterday, offer today a small lot of Madras Neglige Shirts, soft finish, two detached collars, one pair detached link cuffs with each shirt; were made to sell for one dollar, cost us little; we ask little,

**50c. Each.**

**Boys' Shirts.**

Boys' Neglige Shirts, Percales with collars and cuffs, or Printed Cheviots to be worn with white collars. One pair detached link cuffs with each.

**Price 39c.**

**Nearly 600.**

Saturday we sold nearly 600 of the summer weight Shirts and Drawers advertised. There are about 900 more to sell, slightly imperfect Men's Balbriggan, Grey Mixed, Tan and Blue; just half value,

**19c. Each.**

**PUTNAM & SON.**

166 Central Street.

**RARE BARGAINS IN Shoe Dept.**

Up-to-Date Styles.

Ladies' Russet, fancy vesting top and kid, $1.25 and $1.49.

Ladies' Russet, fancy vesting top, $1.97, worth $2.50.

Ladies' Black fancy vesting top, $1.97, worth $2.50.

Misses' Russet, fancy vesting top, $1, $1.23 and $1.50.

Men's Goat and Russet Vici, $1.23.

Men's Willow Calf Bal., Opera and London toes, $1.97.

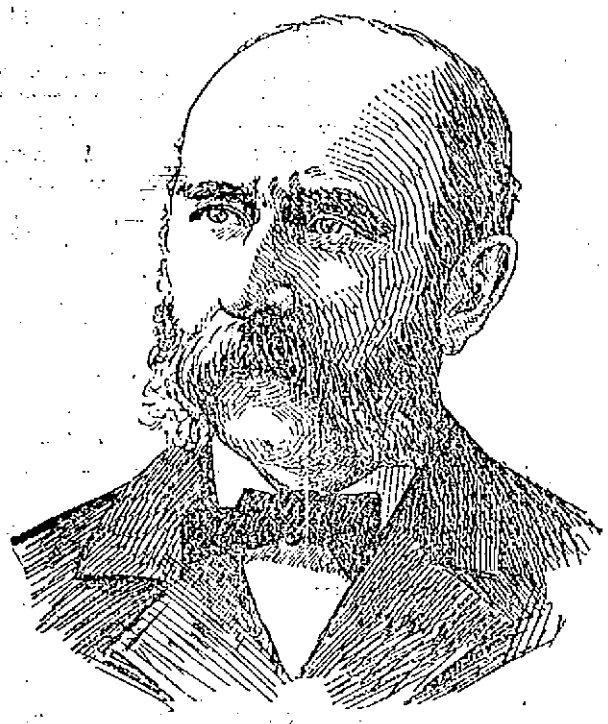
Men's Willow Calf Bal. Circular Seams, Bull Dog Toe, $3.

Men's Vici Congress and Bal., plain toe, $2 and $2.85.

Men's Bicycle Goods, russet and black, $1.23, $1.45, $1.98 and $2.50.

**J. L. Chalifoux**

49 to 59 Central Street.



SEC. CHARLES W. BRIGHAM, Master of Ceremonies.

# TWENTY - SIXTH REUNION

## Of the Richardson Light Infantry Last Evening.

## Large Attendance of Members and Their Sons Meet Again and Recount Reminiscences — Officers Elected and Junior Association Formed — Banqueted by Hon. G. F. Richardson.

Once again the "boys" of the Richardson Light Infantry with their boys came together last evening in annual meeting, smaller in numbers, it is true, but not lacking in enthusiasm, and filled with the old time spirit which made famous the gallant soldiers of the R.L.I., subsequently the Seventh Mass. Battery. At last evening's reunion the members and their sons were the guests of their generous patron, Hon. George F. Richardson of this city, who with his daughter, enjoys the distinction of being the association's two honorary members.

Lawyer Richardson entertained his gallant comrades at a banquet in Runels' Hall, which was attended by nearly all the members now alive, the absentees sending their regrets in eloquent letters.

HON. GEO. F. RICHARDSON, The Patron of the Association.

The affair was arranged by Secretary Charles W. Brigham and "Charlie" carried out every detail perfectly, making the reunion one of the most enjoyable in the 26 years of the association's existence.

The hall was tastefully and patriotically decorated in the national colors.

Previous to the supper, which was served shortly after 6 o'clock, Secretary Brigham made all the guests at home, introducing dich one to each other.

When all had arrived the party filed to the tables.

At the head table were: President George M. Thissell of Methuen; George R. Richardson, representing his father, Hon. George F. Richardson; Lieut. W. E. Farrar; Capt. M. W. Storer; Gancelo Leighton; Capt. J. P. Thompson; Dr. W. H. Ruddick of South Boston, president of the Seventh Mass. Battery association.

Then Comrade Leighton invoked divine blessing and the company sat down to one of Page's best spreads.

When the wants of inner man had been satiated and cigars lighted, Pres. Thissell called to order and introduced George R. Richardson, Esq., who presented his father's regrets in the shape of a telegram from the latter, who was detained in New York. The telegram was received with loud applause. Mr. Richardson then bade all a hearty welcome.

Sec. Brigham then called upon Cyrus W. Johnson, who sang with fine effect "A Little Knot of Blue and Gray."

President Thissell then called upon the secretary for letters of regret from absent ones and Sec. Brigham read letters from the following:

O. S. Canfield, San Deigo, Cal.; Silas Cowdry, Togus, Me.; A. H. Durnell, Philadelphia, Pa.; D. A. Waters, Philadelphia, Pa.; Wm. Jenness, Dover, N. H.; Joseph Labell, Ware, Mass.; M. C. B. Mills, Seattle, Washington; Geo. H. Porter, Greenville, N. H.; H. W. Howe, Waltham, Mass.; Isaac Willey, Pembroke, N. H.; E. R. Bowers, Lewiston, Me.; C. J. Schofield, Providence, R. I.; Geo. E. Schofield, Johnston, R. I.; C. A. Sleeper, Lawrence, Mass.; N. C. Farnham, Chicago, Ill.; W. N. Goodhue, Lowell; Adjt. Gen. A D Ayling, Concord, N. H.

The letters were received with great applause.

During the evening bouquets were received and acknowledged from Mrs. H. P. Jefferson, the daughter of the regiment, and Mrs. Belle Johnson, daughter of Harvey Chase.

Sec. Brigham read a very eloquent report of last year's annual meeting in which he referred in strong language to the events now transpiring, the mention of the name of the gallant Dewey being received with tremendous applause.

Before concluding Sec. Brigham read the obituary for the year, the two members deceased during the year being Charles K. Page and Orrin T. Wilkins. The secretary also very feelingly referred to the deaths of Ex-Mayor J. G. Peabody and Frank N. Owen, two good friends of the association.

CHARLES S. ROBINSON Of Lonsdale, R. I., President of the R.L.I. Association.

The officers for the ensuing year were then elected as follows:

President, Charles S. Robinson, Lonsdale, R. I.; vice president, Charles W. Lovejoy, Brockton, Mass.; secretary and treasurer, Charles W. Brigham, Lowell; board of government, James W. Beane, West Somerville, Mass.; M. N. Peabody, Lowell; S. J. Loverin, Lowell; Charles H. Fillsette, Boston.

The treasurer's report showed a balance in the treasury and the report was accepted.

Comrade Benson then sang a solo in a remarkably sweet tenor voice, receiving hearty approval.

The sons of the members then formed an association and Charles Fletcher, Frank Ingham and Edward Brigham, a committee on officers, nominated the following officers who were accepted:

President, W N. Goodell; vice president, Arthur H. Gardner; secretary, Charles R. Brigham; board of government, John Ingham, F. H. Peabody, Cabot Devoll, Robert H. Chase.

Just to enliven matters a bit everyone sang "Marching Thro' Georgia," with great expression after which Comrade Ruddick was called upon.

Dr. Ruddick tendered the best wishes of the Seventh Battery, which he represented. He congratulated the association upon its departure by forming an association of sons. He suggested including the wives in the association and then referred to the founder of the organization, Hon. George F. Richardson. The Seventh Battery as the child of the Richardson Light Infantry, unites with you in honoring your distinguished founder.

"There is one more fight in me," said the doctor, "and I am ready to go when the call comes."

He paid high tribute to the memory of the deceased members and invited all to attend the next reunion of the Seventh Battery.

In conclusion he announced that the Seventh Battery is getting out a history and wanted material from the Richardson Light Infantry.

Frederick P. Dillingham of Boston, a son of the regiment, read a letter from his father to the latter's father, right after the battle of the Monitor and Merrimack, which he read and presented to the association. The letter contained a graphic description of the memorable battle.

Comrade Benson, the next speaker, made entertaining remarks, as did Comrade Storer and Comrade Schofield, and Messrs. Fillsette, Goodell and Blake.

Those present were:

Active members—William E. Farrar, first lieut., Lowell; W. Henry Worcester, sergt., Lowell; Chas. W. Brigham, corp., Lowell; Newman W. Storer, corp., Lawrence. C. H. Fillsetti, colorbearer, Boston, Mass.; James W. Beane, West Somerville, Mass.; Samuel W. Benson, Charlestown, Mass.; Charles H. Frost, Lowell; Henry L. Gardner, Springfield, Mass.; Harlan P. Goodell, Lowell; Ganecelo Leighton, Lowell; Samuel J. Loverin, Lowell; Charles W. Lovejoy, Brockton, Mass.; Morton N. Peabody, Lowell; James Schofield, Providence, R. I.; Zachariah B. Stuart, Manchester, N. H.; George N. Thissell, Methuen, Mass.; Francis Wilson, Lowell

Invited guests—Dr. W. H. Ruddick, and son, South Boston; George R. Richardson; Capt. J. P. Thompson.

The sons present were:

George R. Richardson, Esq.; Roderick Blake, Albert D. Brigham, Edward W. Brigham, Charles R. Brigham, Robert F. Chase, Cabot Devoll, Lowell; Frederick P. Dillingham, Boston; Charles Fletcher, Frank C. French, Lowell; Arthur H. Gardner, New York city; Robert E. Goodell, Frank Ingham, Lowell; John Ingham, Melrose; Harry G. Leighton, Charles E. Lovejoy, Alfred A. Lovejoy, Albert G. McCurdy, Lowell; A. G. Marshall, Tewksbury; Forrest H. Peabody, Leonard F. Worcester, Lowell.

### COLORS FOR NINTH.

A. O. H. OF BOSTON WILL PRESENT THEM A SET.

A meeting of the committee to present a set of colors to the Ninth regiment, M.V.M., from the A.O.H. of Boston, was held Sunday afternoon in St. James' hall, 18 Kneeland street, in that city, with Colonel Charles McCarthy in the chair.

It was unanimously decided that the flags be procured at once, and a subcommittee consisting of County President William J. Cronin, Colonel Charles Mcarthy, John Dolan, Colonel R. F. Scannell and John B. O'Higgins, were appointed.

It was also decided that County President Cronin be master of ceremonies and Congressman John F. Fitzgerald and the Hon. E. J. Slattery be the orators.

The committee voted to have the flags presented by the Misses McCarthy and Scannell.


When you buy a package of

Ivorine

Washing Powder

you not only get the best washing powder in the market but in addition, a cake of the sweetest, purest, whitest and nicest Glycerine Toilet Soap you ever used.

You pay only for the washing powder... the soap is free.

THE J. C. WILLIAMS CO.,
GLASTONBURY, CONN.



### A Never-die.

"The life-time" of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will never draw to a close. When a mother once uses it, she continues its use right along; because, she found, for curing cough, cold, croup and whooping-cough Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup unequalled by any other similar medicine. "I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, for ten or fifteen years in the family, for coughs and throat troubles caused by colds, and have found no superior article." Mrs. D. T. Clarke, 163 Congress St., Cleveland, O. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup can be had everywhere for 25 cents. Dealers will say they have something else "just as good or better," because they want to make more profit. Don't be "taken in." Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is the best.


# NOT MARY RYAN

## The Young Girl Who Died in Boston.

WAS ELIZABETH PENNY, A YOUNG GIRL.

### Said She Was Coming to Lowell.

The identity of the young girl who died at 54 Howard street, Boston on May 12, from the effects of a criminal operation, and whose body was buried in a pauper's grave three days later, was established yesterday afternoon.

The girl was believed to be Mary Ryan of Lowell.

The girl's name was Elizabeth Penny. She was 18 years old and a native of St. John. She had been in Boston three years, and for some time previous to her death had been employed by Mrs. Walter Burke, 235 Lexington street, East Boston, as a servant. A brother lives at 629 Saratoga street, East Boston, and a sister and an aunt at Quincy.

In East Boston she was well known among young people. She was a bright and pretty young woman, had a large circle of friends and was highly respected.

May 4, she left the home of Mrs. Burke, saying that she was going to Lowell to remain a week with a friend.

Yesterday, her brother Timothy met Captain Westcott at the Jay street station, Boston, looked at the clothing compared the description of his sister, with that of the girl in the pauper's grave and was convinced that they were one and the same. To make doubly sure, he got Mrs. Burke to call at the station and look at the clothing. She did this late yesterday afternoon and identified the dress worn by the unfortunate as one which she cut and which Lizzie Penny made a few months ago. Besides this, there was a mark on the young girl's face which makes the identification certain. It was noticed before the body was buried.

The relatives will have the body exhumed and buried elsewhere.

The police are trying to ascertain the identity of her betrayer. The brother suspected a young man who had been keeping company with the young girl, but investigation by the police failed to connect him with the operation which caused her death.

The physician who is alleged to have performed the operation is now under $1000 bonds to appear in court.

### STREET DEPARTMENT.

TO REBUILD THE CENTRAL STREET BRIDGE.

The street committee was kept busy for a few hours last evening, attending to many matters that require attention before being transmitted to the city council.

A resolution was read directing the Locks and Canals company to rebuild the Central street canal bridge. The bridge is not in a condition to sustain a seven-inch rail.

Mr. Derby stated that the Lowell and Suburban street railway company was willing to put the bridge in condition if the corporation would give the permission previously refused.

It was also stated that the Locks and Canals claimed that the city could not force it to rebuild the bridge.

It was decided to recommend the resolution.

A motion was made that the resolution for a sidewalk in Thirteenth street be laid upon the table until the next meeting. The resolution came up with others to be signed before going to the city council.

The resolution for the extension of Beech street was signed.

It was voted to pay the old bill of Thomas H. Elliott, $120 for 18 months' rent of a house rendered unfit for occupancy until the First street extension was finished.

Supt. Cheney was instructed to put in a crossing for Councilman Kennedy at Suffolk street and Broadway.

Mr. Beaulieu said that the Merrimack company had not taken up the railroad tracks in Tilden street, as had been promised by letter. He suggested that the street be put to grade for it is now in need of gutters.

Supt. Cheney was instructed to build the street to grade.

Dr. S. L. Ward appeared in behalf of the petition to widen the Meadow road which is a hundred years old.

A sub-committee will visit the road this afternoon.

Mr. Howe presented a report as to the cost of extending Roberts' Place, and the petition was laid upon the table.

It was voted to take views on several petitions. The petitioners who asked to have the watering of portions of Sixth, Read, and Seventh streets discontinued, were given leave to withdraw.

Leave to withdraw was given on a petition for a Perry street sidewalk.

Leave to withdraw was given on a petition for the macadamizing of a portion of East Merrimack street.

The report of the county commissioners on the widening of Andover street, assessing damages to the amount of $15,000, was taken up on a question of estimating the expense of widening the street, and deciding whether the city shall do the work, or the county do it and the city pay the expense.

The matter was referred to the city engineer for the estimate.

Mr. Derby said that the Mayor had asked Supt. Cheney to remove three trees from in front of Mr. Ross's house in Andover street. The superintendent had asked him for instructions and he had advised him not to do it until the loan for the work was obtained, since the street department must curtail its expenses.

There will be a special meeting of the common council this evening.

The committee that is investigating the assessors' department held another long session last evening, and it is probable that their report will be presented this evening.

### FLAG RAISING.

The graduates of the old Franklin school are going to meet at the school at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon and fly the stars and stripes over the building in which they received their early education.

DR. ANITA NEWCOMB McGEE, Who Will Select Nurses for the Army and Navy.

# G. A. R. MONUMENT

## The Gift of Archbishop Williams.

WILL BE DEDICATED ON MEMORIAL DAY.

### At the North Cambridge Catholic Church.

For many years the soldiers buried in the Catholic cemetery on Ridge avenue, North Cambridge, have been without headstones or any device suitable for the designation of a soldier's grave.

The result is that on Memorial Day the Grand Army has been at a loss to know which graves to decorate.

Many of the graves have been without flowers, while others have had floral tributes that did not belong to them.

This year the Grand Army started a movement to put things to rights and do away with the difficulty for good.

The movement is the culmination of an effort set on foot years ago. Resolutions have been adopted by the various posts providing for a suitable monument to commemorate the Catholic soldiers and sailors and the Cambridge posts appointed a committee to see it one could not be secured.

This committee consulted with Archbishop Williams of Boston, who took an active interest in the matter and finally offered to place a monument in the cemetery, which should be in remembrance of the Catholic soldiers and which could be decorated by the Grand Army posts each Memorial day.

The monument is a handsome one and will be ready for dedication May 30. It is of solid granite and the shape of a cross, and will stand about 10 feet in height. It was made by Patterson of Arlington.

On its base will be an appropriate inscription and on the face of the cross higher up will be the letters "I.H.S." The monument will be dedicated with appropriate exercises on Memorial day. The mayor and other city officials will be present and Archbishop Williams is expected to deliver an address. The dedication and decoration will occur in the morning and it is anticipated that the exercises will be of great interest.

Fine job printing done at this office.

Women nowadays do not have to use a stream of water for a looking-glass. They have modern mirrors that will tell them very promptly whether their beauty is fading. A woman's beauty fades very rapidly if she is troubled with some derangement of the distinctly feminine organism. Ignorance or carelessness in this respect frequently causes great suffering and irregularity in after life. Little irregularities and weaknesses in girlhood should be looked upon promptly and properly treated at once.

Mothers cannot be too conscientious in this respect, and cannot throw aside the prudery that is so prevalent upon this point too soon. Every young woman should know something about her own physical make-up, and the importance to her future of her local as well as general health. A woman who suffers from weaknesses peculiar to her sex will rapidly lose her beauty, her general health, her amiability and her usefulness and capability as a wife and housekeeper. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription promotes regularity of all feminine functions, gives sturdy health to the distinctly feminine organism and prepares it to meet the trials of wifehood and motherhood. The "Favorite Prescription" is not a cure-all. It is intended for but one class of disorders and is good for no other. Taken during the period of gestation, it makes parturition easy, and banishes the discomforts of the expectant months. All good medicine dealers sell it.

"I wish to express my thanks for the good I have received from Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. E. Scovill, of Bolton, Stephenson Co., Ills. "I have used it at different times for the last eight years. It is the best medicine for expectant mothers. I never tried it for that until my last baby. I had been very bad, almost helpless. I could not get out of bed alone, or even turn over. Last December I commenced taking the 'Favorite Prescription,' and could soon get in and out of bed as well as at any time. On March 29th I gave birth to an eleven pound boy *without pain*, and have since been as well and healthy as I ever was."


# A BAZAAR OPENED

## By the Mathews of North Billerica.

IN TALBOT MEMORIAL HALL LAST EVENING.

### Large Attendance Assists in Its Success.

The popular Fr. Mathew Temperance society of North Billerica opened its bazaar most auspiciously last evening in Talbot Memorial Hall. There was a large attendance and a liberal one, for all succumbed to the wiles of the fair attendants, and patronized the different tables generously.

The hall was very prettily decorated in Nile green, pink and white, while Old Glory was conspicuously displayed. The tables and their attendants were as follows:

Mathew table—Joseph Hannon, chairman; Edward Costello, treasurer; aids, John H. Mahoney, Daniel Fitzpatrick, Frederick Gannon, Eddie Morris and John Welch.

Refreshment table—Timothy Mahoney.

Fish pond—Tommy Johnson.

Phonograph—John B. Kearney.

Combination table—Miss Kate Coughlin, matron; Misses Annie Bradley, Mary Scanlon and Mary Morris.

Candy table—Miss Mary Nugent, matron; Misses Lucy Callahan and Kathryn Mahoney.

Pound table—Miss Maggie Costello, matron; Miss Tessa Mullen, Mary Burke and Maggie Garvin.

Flower table—Miss Ella May Garvin and Miss Kathryn Loretto Cowdry.

Sewing Circle table—Miss Kate Garvin, matron; Misses Bee Mahoney, Mary Callahan, May Ella Costello, Ruth Brown and Maggie McCarthy.

There will be an entertainment program evry evening and on Tuesday, Thursday and Friday evenings there will be dancing. The committee in charge is composed of the following: William Taylor, chairman; Charles Fairbrother and John Hannon. The entertainment Monday evening was given by local talent. Following is the program;

Selection by the Excelsior quartette, Messrs. John Fairbrother, Joe Blanon, Billy May and James Gannon; reading by Miss Florence Bradley; song, Thomas Scanlon; reading, Miss Loretta McCarthy; selection by the quartette; reading, Henry Brown; and phonograph selections by Prof. Wells of Lowell.

Tuesday evening the entertainment will be given by Lowell talent. Wednesday night Lawrence talent will be present. A feature this evening will be the fencing bout between Messrs. Brady and Emieux. Thursday evening Prof. D. Moger Staley and pupils are to give selected readings from Shakespeare's works. Friday evening will be devoted entirely to dancing and on Saturday evening the drawing of prizes will take place.

### ROOSEVELT'S TERRORS

READY FOR THE ONSLAUGHT ON THE SPANIARDS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Antonia, Texas, May 24.—It is thought that Roosevelt's regiment of rough riders will begin its movement toward Cuba within the next two days. Colonel Leonard Wood, commanding the regiment received a telegram from the adjutant general, asking him when he would be ready to move, and Colonel Wood answered that he could start immediately. The necessary supplies are now being secured for the regiment and further orders are expected.

Horace H. Knapp has served notice on the mayor, city treasurer, and board of health, that he does not consider himself legally discharged from the board of health's service and that he will claim salary.

Fine job printing done at this office.


## CAPTURED.

A lot of Shirt Waists, well worth one dollar or over, will sell at only 58c. Also Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothing, and all kinds of household goods at lowest cash prices on credit at the Co-operative Supply Co., 2 Swan Building.

26 Central Street.

Open every evening.



# AWFUL TROUBLE.

## Disease of the Kidneys Are Always Serious.

## Bright's Disease is Catarrh of the Kidneys.

### Pe-ru-na Cures Catarrh, Even of These Organs.

PE-RU-NA is something I recommend to everyone. I took it when I had been afflicted with swelling in my legs and hands, due to dropsy and kidney trouble. Am now entirely cured. Mrs. Ann Nelson, 3216 Broadway, Galveston, Texas.

The all pervading power of Pe-ru-na to seek out catarrhal affections, no matter to what vital organs they have penetrated, is truly remarkable. Pe-ru-na will cure catarrh, and by curing catarrh has undoubtedly saved hundreds from a death that would have been attributed to Bright's disease, gastritis, consumption, or some other deadly malady. Cure catarrh, no matter where it may be located. Pe-ru-na will do it. Druggists everywhere sell Pe-ru-na. For advice, write to Dr. S. B. Hartman, of Columbus, Ohio, he will give it to you free.



FASHIONABLE

# MILLINERY

And the latest novelties of the season, also a special and select line of Walking Hats at

Miss Ella Burkes' Millinery Parlors

In the Pollard Lock, Palmer street, up one flight. Call and inspect our goods. We guarantee satisfaction.



# Anger and Worry

Are the most unprofitable conditions known to men when the shoe pinches and does not fit well.

THE SUNLIGHT

# $3 Shoes

Has all styles, all shapes, and all the latest lasts, so that these shoes must fit and wear well. Money goes back at this store if Shoes are not as represented.

# Sunlight Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL ST.

Free delivery to all parts of the city.

Our W. S. Patent Leather

# $4 Shoe

We warrant not to crack. Money back if they do. The manufacturers will stand by us.

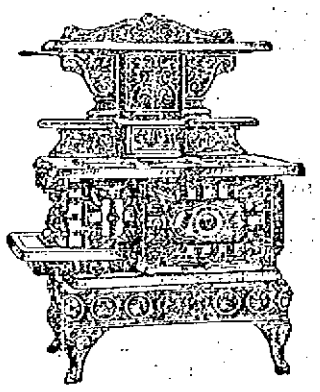
INCREASING IN BUSINESS.

The only thing for us to do is to increase in help. We have secured Mr. Wm. J. Meloy, formerly of O'Sullivan Bros., and Mr. Joseph A. McMahon, formerly of T. P. Boulger's, for evenings.

REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS.

# W. S. CRADY





OUR PRIZE.

When a young man's fancy turns to thoughts of housekeeping, and having secured the best woman on earth for his bride, the next step and most important one is to buy a good Range.

(OUR GRAND PRIZE)

Fills the bill in every particular. See the square oven. They are the best. Sold only by

GAYNOR & CO.,

35 Prescott Street.



THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK!

# "GLORIA"

FOR DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.

The use of "GLORIA" invigorates the system, feeds the nerves and overcomes weakness. Gives courage with the vigor and pleasures of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. 5c. a glass.

S. BARTLETT, Agt., 103 and 105 Middlesex St.

## BOSTON MATTERS.

A HUNDRED ACRES FOR FORTS ON DEER ISLAND.

Boston, May 24.—Robert Treat Paine, Jr., has opened a recruiting office in this city for the purpose of forming one of the provisional companies called for by the governor to take the place of the men that have entered the national service as volunteers.

Spring flowers in profusion and the American colors adorned the pulpit of the Second church yesterday afternoon, where the annual meeting of the National alliance was held. This organization is composed of Unitarian and other christian women, and exerts a wide influence in church work.

Lieutenant Commander Sturdy, executive officer of the receiving ship Wabash, stationed at the Charleston navy yard, has received orders detaching him from that position and ordering him to sea duty.

The war department has notified Mayor Quincy that it will need 100 acres additional on Deer island for fortifications. By taking this land the farm connected with the city's corrective institution will be lost, thereby depriving the city of revenue in raising vegetables for the inmates.

Monday afternoon the exceptions in the Bram trial were placed on file in the United States circuit court. They are quite numerous and cover almost the entire ground traversed during the trial. The challenge to the array, which was argued at the very opening of the trial, and before the jurors were drawn, is also a prominent feature in the reasons assigned why a new trial ought to be granted.

At the 13rd annual meeting of the American Congregational association the report of the treasurer showed a balance of $70,691.35. The following officers were elected: President, Samuel Johnson of Boston; vice presidents, Charles C. Burr of Auburndale and E. W. Batchford of Chicago; treasurer, Augustus S. Levett of Roxbury; corresponding and recording secretary, Rev. Joshua Colt of Winchester; auditor, Alonzo C. Tenny of Chelsea.

## PROBLEM OF MEAT FOR CUBA

**Various Propositions Considered Toward Provisioning the Invading Army.**

Army subsistence officers are finding themselves seriously embarrassed in the matter of meat supplies for Cuba. Various propositions have been considered toward provisioning the invading army. One was to freeze the meat and ship it to the troops in boxes, but it was found this method would not insure the meat being kept many hours after it reached a hot climate or after it had been opened. Another proposition was to have the owners of cattle take herds to Cuba and keep them in the vicinity of military camps where they will be guarded from the enemy. It was found that herd owners asked unreasonable prices for cattle under this condition.

A third proposition was to have the government purchase the cattle and deliver them at camps ready for slaughter, but this would necessitate employing cowboys to attend to the shipment of live cattle and presents the problem of slaughter and dressing the meat, which the subsistence department is at present not prepared to solve.

A fourth proposition, which seemed the most acceptable, was to purchase meat in the United States and ship it to Cuba as wanted in a condition for use. This would necessitate the employment of refrigerating ships and would involve great expense generally. The question is a serious one, since it presents so many untried phases to the officers in charge of army subsistence.—Chicago Tribune.

**One Million Square Meals.**

One million three hundred and fifty thousand square meals—that is what Major Smith forwarded recently to Chickamauga park for the soldiers. He purchased the food required for this immense number of meals in just four hours. Part of his purchases were 675,000 pounds of hard bread, or hard tack, and 2,000,000 pounds of beef and bacon. It costs $175,000 to satisfy Uncle Sam's boys' hunger a million and a third times. The big consignment of eatables loaded three large freight trains.—New York Sun.

FROM MAINE TO CALIFORNIA.

The household remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumption, is Cleveland's Lung Healer. It has won its place upon its merit and it has given such universal satisfaction that we recommend to all our friends and customers to use it. Call and get a free trial bottle. Large size, 25c.

Respectfully,
F. H. Butler & Co.
265 Central and 391 Middlesex Sts.

**Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.**

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Gambling IN Paint

Dealers who recommend mixtures of clay and whiting as pure paint, do so either from ignorance, insincerity or (worst of all) chance. This sort of gambling is a losing game for the purchaser.

Harrisons'
TOWN AND COUNTRY
Ready Mixed Paints

satisfy the discriminating dealer because they are guaranteed by the House of Harrison to contain nothing but white lead, zinc white, pure linseed oil and the necessary coloring, and their application proves this guarantee to the discriminating purchaser. Harrison Bros. & Co. Philadelphia, Chicago, New York. Agents have the big red "H" window sign

C. B. COBURN & CO., Agents.

# A RATTLING BOUT

## Jack Daly and McPartland at New York.

THE DECISION WAS GIVEN TO THE FORMER

**On Account of a Foul Blow.**

New York, May 24.—Two bouts made up the card last night at the second boxing exhibition of the Lenox Athletic club. In the introductory bout, "Kid" Robinson (colored) of Chicago and Billy Moore of Syracuse fought 12 rounds at 130 pounds. The bout was declared a draw. When the gloves were taken off it was found that Robinson had injured his left hand badly.

The principal bout was a 25-round go between "Kid" McPartland of this city and Jack Daly of Wilmington, Del., at 131 pounds. McPartland and Daly turned the scales at 132 1-2 pounds at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and when they stripped they were in excellent trim and equally confident of success. Daly was the favorite in the betting, 100 to 90 being generally laid on his chances. The bout was a rattling one while it lasted, but from the eighth round it was very evident that Daly would get the better of McPartland, as the latter lost control of his temper.

In the second round, the "kid" sprung a new blow. It was a left jab on the face quickly brought down to the kidneys. He did this twice. In the eighth round blood was drawn from Mac's nose by a blow in the face. In the ninth round Daly was bleeding from a cut over the right eye. Very hard blows were exchanged during the fight, and the men frequently clinched.

In the 15th round the boys rushed into a clinch, from which Referee White got them to break. Daly rushed and slammed McPartland right and left. Mac clinched, and White tried to separate them. In the clinch Mac struck Daly, and the latter fell. White rolled over him, hurting Daly's leg. Mac walked to his corner and Daly limped to his. This ended the bout and it was announced that the referee had awarded the decision to Daly on account of McPartland's having struck Daly in a clinch after he had repeatedly cautioned him not to do so.

Quite a large sum of money changed hands over the result, one of the heaviest losers being "Spike" Sullivan, who had bet nearly $2050 at odds of 11 to 90 and even money.

### BOSTON MAN SUPERIOR.

Philadelphia, May 24.—"Mysterious Billy" Smith of Boston and Charles Johnson of this city fought 15 rounds last night at Athens. The decision was a draw, although Smith clearly had the best of the bout. He was the aggressor throughout and landed heavily on Johnson's body and head. Johnson put up a good argument, but was overmatched at every point.

### BLOW OVER THE HEART.

Wheeling, W. Va., May 24.—In the arena of the Metropolitan Athletic club, Oscar Gardner, the "Omaha kid," and Fred Bogan of San Francisco met in what was to have been a 20-round contest for the featherweight championship of the west, but the battle was concluded in the 13th round, when Gardner landed a knockout blow over the heart. Gardner clearly outclassed his man and could have finished him rounds before the end came for the Californian.

### DUFFY'S THREE-BAGGERS.

Stick Work of the Captain of the Bostons in St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 24.—The browns lost to the Bostons yesterday after an exciting struggle in which errors were numerous. Duffy's two three-baggers aided the visitors. Score:

| St. Louis. | AB | R | 1B | PO | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dowd, c. f. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Holmes, r. f. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Harley, l. f. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Sugden, c. | 5 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 1 |
| Cross, 3 b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Decker, 1 b. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Hall, s. s. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Crooks, 2 b. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Hughey, p. | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| *Clements | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals | 40 | 7 | 11 | 27 | 11 | 5 |

*Batted for Hughey.

| Boston. | AB | R | 1B | PO | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hamilton, c. f. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Tenney, 1 b. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1 |
| Long, s. s. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Duffy, l. f. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Collins, 3 b. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Stahl, r. f. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Lowe, 2 b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| Bergen, c. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 2 |
| Klobedanz, p. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Totals | 41 | 8 | 13 | 27 | 13 | 7 |

St. Louis ......0 0 0 2 0 1 1 3 0—7
Boston ........1 1 0 0 0 0 2 2 2—8

Two-base hits—Decker, Bergen, Hamilton. Three-base hits—Hall, Duffy, 2. Earned runs—Boston, 3; St. Louis, 3. Hit by pitched ball—Harley. Double play—Hall, Crooks and Decker. Base on balls—Off Hughey, 1; off Klobedanz, 2. Sacrifice hits—Dowd, Cross, Hall. Struck out—By Hughey, 3; by Klobedanz, 3. Stolen bases—Hamilton, 2; Hughey. Wild pitch—Klobedanz. Time—2:50. Umpires—Swartwood and Woods.

The New Yorks batted hard and timely, while the Louisvilles could not bat when hits meant runs. Dowling, their pitcher, lasted but five innings. Score: 12 to 1.

The aggregation from Baltimore had two bad innings yesterday, and the Chicagos one, errors being followed by a bunching of hits. The Illinois team won, 6 to 5.

Hill of the Cincinnatis kept the Brooklyns' hits scattered well and pitched himself out of many tight places, so that his club won, 7 to 2.

Duggley of the Philadelphias was an easy mark for the Pittsburgs, and after he had lost the game in an inning and a half, Piatt was substituted. Only one short hit was made off him. Score: 3 to 1.

With two out in the ninth, Burkett's single drive brought in two runs, giving the Cleveland team the game after the Washingtons thought victory was sure. Score: 4 to 3.

The Springfields appear to have the luck to be pitted against the Providences at a time when the Providence pitchers are vieing with each other in good work. Rudderham pitched a magnificent game, holding the Springfields down to scattered hits, and would have shut them out but for an error following Lush's hit in the eighth inning. Score: 8 to 1.

The Fall River team, with Flanagan on the slab, made easy work defeating the New Bedfords, 8 to 2. All that was needed was to get first base, and then the New Bedford players did the rest, throwing the ball around the lot like boys.

The Newport team was weak at the bat at critical times in the game with the Brocktons. Hits were frequent, but the men died on bases for the sake of a strong batter. The score was close enough to keep up interest and the game was very well played at all points, save Clancy at short for the visitors. Score: 3 to 2.

The Pawtuckets won in a batting contest with the Tauntons, 7 to 4. Kutall, who has been loaned by the Fall Rivers, was tried by the Tauntons, and pitched a steady game, the hits being well sprinkled through the innings. Pattee's decisions were frequently questioned by both sides.

## BIG COST OF THE WAR.

**The Nation Has Been Paying at the Rate of $3,000,000 Per Day.**

A recent Washington special to the New York World says:

The 29 days of the war which the United States is waging against the kingdom of Spain have cost this country about $80,000,000, or nearly $3,000,000 a day.

The cost of operations in the future will probably not be so great, as quite one-half of the expenditures so far have been in the way of preparation, the acquirement of warships, guns and equipment. The ordinary cost should run about $1,000,000 a day. It is estimated that more than 200,000 persons are actively employed helping the nation's land and sea forces to get into fighting trim. This table, carefully compiled from the estimates of authorities on the prices paid, will give an idea of the aggregate amounts paid by the government for the various things war has compelled it to purchase:

| | |
|---|---|
| For ships purchased and leased | $18,000,000 |
| For new equipment, ammunition and supplies | 12,000,000 |
| For coal | 11,000,000 |
| For transportation of troops | 11,500,000 |
| For supplies for the army | 7,000,000 |
| For guns, ammunition, etc. | 8,000,000 |
| Pay of army for month of May and part of April | 2,700,000 |
| Pay for navy for May | 640,000 |
| For cablegrams and telegrams for May | 75,000 |
| For contingent expenses yet to be incurred | 10,000,000 |

**Our Future Work.**

We shall hold the possessions we shall win. Cuba will finally come to us of its own volition. We shall strengthen our navy and send it abroad that our commerce may follow the flag. Our merchant marine will grow and multiply our trade under the guarantee of such guns as Dewey and Sampson handle. We shall open the Nicaraguan canal and guard it as England does that of Suez. Our manufacturers will find markets from Japan and Hawaii to Tierra del Fuego. We shall assert an interest in the trade of Asia and Africa and South America and make it good by the quality and value of our products, with our sailors to insure fair play and no favor. It is too late now to hesitate.—Florida Times-Union.

**How's This!**

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

HEART RESCUE IN 30 MINUTES.—after momentarily expecting for years that death might snap the vital cord at any minute. This is the story thousands could tell and have told of the almost Divine formula, Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. Every day chronicles, the taking way of many who have not heeded nature's warnings that the heart was tired out and needed the helping that this wonderful cure gives. Heart disorders are insidious. Don't trifle. This great remedy attacks the disease instantly.—41.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., Central and Merrimack streets, and by C. E. Carter, Branch and Smith streets.

May 24.

Days when cash seems scarce are the days we hustle most for business. Cash seems scarce these days. We seem to think even more so than the facts warrant. Lots of the very men who draw the same pay or more than they did two years ago, have joined in the cry of hard times. No reason why they should—but the thing is epidemic—it seems to be the fashion to talk war and hard times. Hustle around and don't talk so much of war till Uncle Sam wants you, then go and talk war and make war. We hustle for business by offering more bargains and better values when trade is quiet. We have a great all wool suit today for $5, still better suits at $9, $10 and $12.

O'Hearn & Dowd

OLD POST OFFICE.

## OUR WAR WITH SPAIN

WILHELM LIEBNECHT'S VIEWS AND PROPHECY CONCERNING IT.

**No European Power Will Enter the Lists Against Us, He Says—The War Is About to Usher In a New Era, He Believes, In International Politics.**

Wilhelm Liebnecht is the Charles Stewart Parnell of German socialism. What he has to say in judgment upon and prophecy concerning our war with Spain would, in any case, be of great interest, and the American reader will, it is believed, struck by its clear insight into the status quo, be inclined to accept his predicted results as highly probable.

"As a war pure and simple," writes Liebnecht, "the Hispano-American passage at arms plays no role at all in the arena of universal politics. Even our stock speculators, whose 'nervousness' is over commensurate with their ignorance of international affairs, appreciate that, for despite a variety of bearish manœuvers the money market has remained firm. This state of affairs is easily explained by the absolute certainty of the outcome. Two things are clear as the light of day—in its contest with the giant republic the 'proudest and most orthodox monarchy of Europe' is as a mouse matched against a cat, and not one of the European monarchies will be quixotic enough to enter the lists against the giant plebeian republic and thus itself commit suicide.

"The threatened 'intervention of the powers' will be careful to remain out of cannon range and will at best seek to cover the certain defeat of the 'most orthodox monarchy' with a golden plaster and endeavor to prevent the entire collapse of its rickety throne—if indeed so much be possible, which is very problematical and inconsequential. For who would care were this 'proudest and most orthodox of all the European monarchies' to collapse? Surely its fall were well deserved.

"That this historic Nemesis seems about to overtake a woman of relatively sympathetic qualities and her helpless child may, humanly speaking, seem tragic, but in politics sentiment is as much out of place as sentimentality. Such a catastrophe would by no means be an adequate atonement for the five centuries of persistent crimes against humanity and civilization of which this 'proudest and most orthodox monarchy of Europe' has been guilty, nor can a mere high school boy even have occasion to lament the fact that in the final accounting, when the times at last are ripe for the inevitable catastrophe, the relatively innocent must suffer for or with the guilty—as the sins of his fathers were visited upon the head of Louis XVI.

"From this standpoint, I repeat it, the Hispano-American war presents no novel aspect, and still it is about to usher in a new era in international politics; for hitherto the American republic has maintained a steadfast neutrality in matters not involving the western hemisphere. That policy is now of the past.

"Since gaining its national independence through the successful issue of the Revolutionary war and its commercial independence through the war of 1812—both against its mother country—as a nation the United States has consistently refrained from meddling in European affairs, however intensely the generous sympathies and resentments of its people may at times have been aroused. In the year 1848, to be sure, the nation's intervention for a time seemed imminent; yet, in the end, the adoption of resolutions of sympathetic encouragement was all the succor vouchsafed the European revolutionists.

"But during the recent war between China and Japan America for the first time addressed words of earnest warning to the European powers. When Russia frustrated Japan's enjoyment of the usufruct of its victory by securing the connivance of Germany and France with its interference, Washington issued a proclamation which, without circumlocution, entered a most significant protest, in which it affirmed that to all European powers conjointly—even England included—a readjustment of the balance of power in eastern Asia was of less consequence than to herself.

"And now the United States has crossed the Rubicon of neutrality. To be sure, the casus belli was an American one, but it is a European power upon which they are experimenting with their new departure. Nor will this first attempt remain the last. The beginning having been made in the West Indies, the continuation of this new policy will most likely take place in eastern Asia. In America, as in England and in Japan, silent forces have been for a year at work in behalf of a new 'dreibund,' and when it shall have become an accomplished fact the deathknell will have been sounded over the traditional international politics of the 'great powers' of continental Europe."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

This is a time of trial. Roarke & Sullivan's coal will stand the test. Telephone, 534 Gorham street.

First class job printing done at this office.

a speedy cure for the most obstinate cough. It *cannot* fail

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like magic for a cough or any throat or bronchial trouble. Ask your druggist.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

# OVER 100,000 VOLUNTEERS

## Have Taken Oath of Allegiance to the Country.

### More Troops Ordered to the South Improving the Water Supply at Chickamauga—Train Carrying Troops Collided With Vegetable Train—One Soldier Killed and Another Fatally Injured—San Diego Harbor Closed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 23.—The mustering figures received at the war department show that up to this time, 100,000 volunteers have taken the oath of allegiance to support the United States government. Orders to the following regiments to move to the front were given today:

Thirty-third Michigan, Col. Charles L. Boynton commanding, to Chickamauga.

Second Virginia, Col. J. C. Baxon commanding, to Tampa.

Second Kentucky, Col. E. H. Gaither commanding, to Chickamauga.

Twenty-second Kansas, Col. Henry E. Lindsay commanding, to Camp Alger, Virginia.

### SOLDIERS IN COLLISION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Savannah, Ga., May 23.—Early this morning a special train on the Florida, Central & Peninsular railroad carrying North Carolina troops en route to Florida, collided with a north-bound vegetable train. Private Wm. Barbe, Company I of Durham, was killed, and Private M. McCollough was fatally injured.

### IMPROVING WATER SUPPLY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 23.—A large force of men began work this morning on the pipe lines from Chickamauga Creek, which will supply the camps with water. An immense engine and pump are now in working order and on Friday of this week the camp will be supplied with water from the creek. Work will be commenced tomorrow on the pipe line which will bring excellent drinking water from Crawfish spring to the camp. The wells are now furnishing water, but it is feared that some of them will give out during the summer and the officials are taking no chances.

### THE HARBOR CLOSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Deigo, Cal., May 23.—Lieut. Meyler and a number of his volunteers will today begin planting submarine mines near the harbor entrance and they will all be in place by Wednesday.

Regulations were received from Major Charles B. Davis at San Francisco, providing for the navigation of the harbor in time of war. They go into effect May 25. No vessel will be allowed to pass through the channel entrance between the hours of 8 p. m. and 4 a. m.

### VOLUNTEERS' PAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 23.— The House passed the Senate bill providing for the payment of volunteers from their enrollment and authorized the secretary to pay troops embarking for Manila one month in advance.

### THE VESPERS WON.

The Vespers and the Newton Golf clubs played a four-man team match at Newton Saturday and the Vespers won 7 to 5.

# SPAIN IS HOLDING BACK

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 23 (9. A. M.)—ACCORDING TO CURRENT REPORTS HERE, THE SPANISH RESERVE FLEET WILL MANOEUVRE IN CADIZ WATERS UNTIL ITS DESTINATION IS DECIDED UPON.

IT IS RUMORED THAT THE SPANISH AUTHORITIES PROPOSE TO FORTIFY THE "QUEEN OF SPAIN'S CHAIR," ON THE SUMMIT OF A MOUNTAIN OVERLOOKING GIBRALTAR AND THAT THEY ALSO INTEND TO ERECT FORTIFICATIONS UPON EUROPA POINT AT THE EASTERN ENTRANCE OF ALGECIRAS BAY, AND FACING GIBRALTAR.

A DESPATCH RECEIVED HERE FROM HAVANA SAYS THE COLONIAL GOVERNMENT "HAS DECREED THAT THE IMPORTATIONS OF FOOD INTO ALL THE PORTS OF CUBA ARE TO BE DUTY FREE."

# ITALY'S PROTEST AGAINST BLOCKADE

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, MAY 23.—ACCORDING TO A DESPATCH RECEIVED HERE TODAY FROM ROME, ITALY HAS PROTESTED AGAINST THE BLOCKADE OF CUBA, CLAIMING IT IS INEFFECTIVE.

# FRANCO - SPANISH

## That is the Alliance Now Proposed.

LONDON DEALERS IN POSSESSION OF NEWS.

**It Causes Rise in Spanish Fours.**

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, May 23.—The St. James' Gazette this afternoon in its financial article says: "In the foreign market this morning several leading dealers were said to be in possession of advance news of the forthcoming announcement of a Franco-Spanish alliance, hence the rise in Spanish fours.

"In connection with the above, it is currently reported that the recent speeches of the Marquis of Salisbury and Mr. Joseph Chamberlain did not refer to West Africa, but to this impending alliance, against which Mr. Chamberlain's allusion to an Anglo-American alliance was intended as a counterblast.

### PROBABLY A FAKE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, May 23.—The Examiner says: "The reported loss of five whaling vessels is given little credence among mariners. The reason for this is that vessels in the vicinity of Point Barrow are safe until the ice begins to break up, which rarely occurs before the first of June. Regarding the whaler Alexander, it is only ten days ago that she was reported as having reached Point Barrow. She could not be much further North than that point by this time."

### RETURNED TO WORK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bellows Falls, Vt., May 23.—The employes of the International Paper company who inaugurated a strike at the mills last Friday, with the exception of two, returned to work this morning as the result of a conference with the management. The help imported from New York to fill the places of the strikers will be returned.

# ALGER'S NEW PLAN

## Provides for Increase In Officers of Engineers' Corps

PROMOTIONS WILL BE MADE AT SENIORITY.

**Bill Referred to the Military Committee.**

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 23.—At the opening of the Senate today, a communication was received from Secretary of War Alger, together with a draft of a bill providing for a gradual increase in the number of officers of the corps of engineers. The bill provides that the corps of engineers of the army shall hereafter consist of one chief of engineers, with a rank of brigadier-general; seven colonels, 11 lieutenant-colonels, 23 majors, 35 captains, 30 first lieutenants, 12 second lieutenants and a battalion of engineers. All promotions shall be made by seniority. The communication and bill were referred to the military affairs committee.

### STRUCK BY TORNADO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Dallas, Texas, May 23.—A tornado struck Ravenna in Fanning County Saturday night, blowing down eleven barns, ten dwellings and two churches. The tornado travelled northeasterly, toward Ivanhoe where Capt. Joe E. Dupree was killed and his house wrecked. At Clarksville a negro was killed and 11 people injured.

### THE OLEO LAW.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 23.—The United States supreme court today decided convictions under the oleomargerine laws of Pennsylvania and New Hampshire to be invalid, thus holding the laws unconstitutional.

### FIRE THIS NOON.

A small fire in the works of the Thorndike Suspender company called the fire department to respond to box 51 this noon.

# SHE CONFESSED

## Mrs. Wm. Gregore Admitted She Killed Williams.

SHE DID IT TO SAVE HER HUSBAND.

**Who Was Fighting With Williams.**

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, May 23.—J. P. Williams was shot and killed at 201 Eagle avenue, Alameda, by Mrs. Wm. Gregore, who admits she murdered the man but claims she fired the fatal bullet to save the life of her husband. The only witnesses of the affair were Gregore and his 7-year-old son. They agree in the statement that about 11 o'clock yesterday morning, Gregore came home and found Williams in conversation with his wife. A quarrel ensued and seeing that her husband was no match for his opponent, Mrs. Gregore took a pistol and fired at Williams with fatal effect. The news of the tragedy was brought to the police station by Gregore, who ran in covered with blood and stated that he had been engaged in a fight at his home. Officers arrived and found Williams breathing his last. When the story of the murder was first told, it was reported that Mrs. Gregore intended to shoot her husband instead of Williams, but this statement cannot be confirmed.

### A NEW CHIEF.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Exeter, N. H., May 23.—Charles G. Gooch, former selectman, has been appointed superintendent of police of Exeter. Mr. Gooch is a strong temperance man and it is expected that the law will be enforced strictly.

### INJURIES PROVED FATAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lawrence, Mass., May 23.—Mrs. Catherine Hayes, who was seriously burned by the explosion of a gasoline stove yesterday, died at the hospital this morning. She was 55 years of age and a widow.

### STEAMER "RANGELY."

BURNED TO THE WATER'S EDGE AT RANGELY, ME.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Rangely, Me., May 23.—The passenger steamer Rangely, which plies on the lake, was burned to the water's edge last night. The fire started in the engine room, it is thought. The boat was insured. The loss was several thousand dollars.

### ARDANMHORE RELEASED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, Fla., May 23.—1.15 p. m.—The British steamer Ardanmhore, captured by the Osceola, was released this afternoon by order of Commodore Remey.

### LOSS WAS $2000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bath, Me., May 23.—A fire this morning destroyed a wooden block here owned by John Landers of Manchester, N. H. The loss was $2,000. The property was insured.

### SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Lilley opened the session of court for jury-waived cases this morning. It is not known how long the session will last.

### AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 23.—Senators and representatives who saw the president early today left the White House without gleaning any new facts about the war. So far as official despatches indicate there was an entire absence of important advices from the front.

### PROVINCETOWN GUARDED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Provincetown, Mass., May 23.—The U. S. S. San Francisco returned at 7 o'clock this morning from night patrol. She will remain here all day and take on coal.

### DEATHS.

SIMMS—Miss Nellie Simms, aged 25 years, died Saturday at her home, 45 Barclay street. Funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon.

McCORT—Edward Arthur McCort, aged 28 years, son of Michael and Helen McCort, died in Kenova, West Virginia, after a brief illness. Deceased was well known in this city, having been formerly employed on the Boston and Maine railroad, but went to Kenova to become transfer agent for the Norfolk and Western railroad. Undertaker O'Donnell has made arrangements to have the body shipped to this city. A funeral notice will appear later.

Besides his parents, he leaves two sisters, Misses Jennie and Sadie McCort, and two brothers, William and Walter, all of whom reside with their parents in Worthen street.

### NEW YORK CAVALRY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, May 23.—New York's contingent of cavalry composed of troops "A" and "C" started for Fall Church, Va., early today. The men were in fine shape and sang and shouted as they boarded the trains which were to bear them southward. The start was witnessed by 4000 persons, many of whom were ladies.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Cramps, Colic, Colds,
Croup, Coughs, Toothache,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is
Pain Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

**THE LOWELL SUN**
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of The Associated Press.
Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

ANY TWO
The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers published in Lowell. It is the best and cheapest advertising medium in the city.
The real cost of advertising is not the price per inch, but the price per inch per thousand papers.
See The Point?

Was it Spanish burglars who broke into Senator Mason's residence and stole his valuables?

The board of health is still disorganized. Two out and one in, and yet one seems to be a majority.

Our street sprinklers are great artists. They flood the streets so that they remain wet throughout the day, especially in the numerous streets, where dangerous hollows and trenches abound.

The death of Edward Bellamy removes another reform writer, much of the Henry George type, but not so able or so brilliant. His book, "Looking Backward," met great success, probably as much as did Henry George's "Progress and Poverty," although not nearly so pretentious.

It is time that the controversy over the assessors' department was settled, as to continue it much longer will seriously affect the business of the department and cause a loss to the city. Thus far the only result obtained by the investigation is to demoralize the system and harass the members of the board.

It is reported that an alliance between France and Spain is being negotiated by those two countries. We do not believe that France is so indiscreet as to espouse the cause of a bankrupt and defeated nation. To do so would only be to assume the burdens of Spain which are heavy and will remain so. When the indemnity of the present war shall have been added to these burdens France will probably not relish the idea of endorsing Spain's promissory note.

The New Bedford strike has been declared off by the leaders who had charge of it, and the general verdict now that the strike is completely over, is that although the operatives had to return to work without overcoming the reduction in wages, yet there has never been a strike in New England mills that will be more keenly remembered by the men of the Arkwright club. It struck them severely and in future they will not be so ready to cut down wages. The condition of the operatives in New England has reached a point at which they must fight if they wish to obtain fair wages or even the means of earning a bare subsistence.

If Cervera eludes his pursuers and shows that he will not fight why would it not be the best course for the United States' fleet to open fire upon Morro Castle and level the fort at Havana. That work, it seems has been unnecessarily delayed. If Havana were attacked surely Cervera would show up with his fleet. Our ships, so far as we can judge from the reports of continuous cannonading are having a good deal of target practice at sea. Why not practice in hitting these forts at Havana that must be finally destroyed.

The republican press of the country, as well as the mugwumps, have raised a howl against Mayor Van Wyck of New York for making some changes in the police commissioners to suit his own views or preferences. He is responsible for the work of the board and has a right to his own choice in those he shall retain and those he shall discharge. He has appointed a republican to take the place of another republican, and will appoint a chief of police of his own selection. This is too much to be tolerated from a democratic mayor. The mugwumps and republicans are shrieking their protests but Van Wyck is doing just what he promised to do and the police authorities will do their duty or "get."

The legislature, it appears, is determined to send a delegation of forty members to the Omaha exposition. Just at the present time, while a war is in progress and while distress prevails very generally throughout the state, it might be supposed that the legislators entrusted with the care of the people's interests would make some show of economy. On the contrary they seem to be getting more reckless than ever in their extravagance in the passage of bills that will serve only to burden the statute book and confuse the people.

Fall River, in common with other cities, has tried the effect of reducing wages, but finding that did not relieve the depression in the textile industry, the mill owners have now undertaken to experiment with curtailment of production. The mills will be shut down for a lengthy period, perhaps for a large portion of the summer. It was intended in the first place that this was the proper step to take when the Arkwright club ordered it cut down of wages, but so long as there was any chance of an improvement at the expense of the operatives, the Arkwright club was not likely to lose it. The wages are still reduced and the textile industry still depressed. If the mills would restore the wages of the operatives the curtailment of production might help matters very considerably The people would have more money to buy what they want and the mills would get rid of some of their surplus stock.

The Carpet mills are among those which have been curtailing production. They have been curtailing for the past couple of years, and if they keep on they might as well close altogether. It is difficult to see why they are building new mills and keeping the old ones idle.

## CRISP GOSSIP.

Admiral Cervera must have studied Charlie Mitchell's pugilistic methods. Old prize fighters remember well his running away tactics while in the ring.

At a prominent wedding the other day the contracting parties marched to the strain of Uncle Sam's wedding march, "Yankee Doodle." How patriotic.

Someone in Speaker Reed's presence asked how it was that such a cold, phlegmatic and conservative man as Senator Proctor of Vermont was so eager for war. "Probably because he is a wholesale dealer in tombstones," was the Maine man's reply. When Proctor heard of this a few minutes later, he said: "I suppose, then, that Reed is opposed to war, because he is adjuster for several large life insurance companies."

The Dewey dress is the latest thing. It's a Manila wrapper.

Dear Mr. Editor—I Am onley ate yers old. I writed a peace of poertry what is hear. How was it. Willie.

MY POERTRY.

I waNt to bet a anjel
with a Pare of wings two fli
so's i Kan o jim dugan
from way up In the ski.
an when i C jim dugan
I'll throw things down on him
for he lIked me at recess
an then i kan lik jim.

Willie's sentiment is great. With proper cultivation Willie will be a good man in a scrap. He should be trained in the manly art of self-defence and taught to mix drinks.—Brockton Enterprise.

Land of garlic and tortillas,
Land of xebecs and mantillas,
Land of mules and smuggled bitters,
Land of raisins and of fritters,
Land of Pedro and of Sancho,
Land of Weyler and of Blanco,
Land of bull fights and pesetas,
Land of dusky senoritas,
Land of manners stiff and haughty,
Land of Isabella naughty,
Land of Boabdil and Hamil,
Don't you hear your Uncle Sam'l?
"Git!"
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## WON ITS SUIT.

QUINSIGAMOND FIRE COMPANY OF HOPKINTON WILL RECEIVE THE FIRST PRIZE.

The Quinsigamond Fire company of Hopkinton, Mass., has recovered a verdict of $150 in the common pleas court in Providence against the Rhode Island State Fair association. The company sued for the value of the first prize at a hand engine contest at the Rhode Island State fair. The company claimed that it made the longest throw and was wrongfully debarred. The State Fair association claimed that the rules of the contest expressly prohibited the use of plugs, which are very liable to burst hose and that the company was warned not to use them.

Fall River was represented in the contest, and because of the fact that the Quinsigamond company and a Lynn company were debarred for using the plugs, won fourth place. The prize was $50, in addition to a silk banner. A suitable trophy was offered with each money prize, but all of the trophies were withheld when suit was entered by the dissatisfied company. The money was paid over promptly in each case. The companies will be allowed to keep the money, it is supposed, but the trophies will be awarded according to the change in the standing made by the verdict. Fall River will not get the banner unless unlooked-for action is taken by the Fair association.

## A VETERAN'S GRAVE.

Miss Maggie Cline, the well known songstress, who visited Haverhill to attend the funeral of her sister, Mrs. John J. Sullivan, placed a handsome silk flag yesterday on the grave of her father, Patrick Cline. Mr. Cline was a member of Co. F, 1st Massachusetts heavy artillery and was one of the old residents of that city.

Fine job printing done at this office.

DR. WILLIAMS'
PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.
DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
50c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

# THE ARENA OF POLITICS

## RULE OF COMMON SENSE

### William J. Bryan Applies It to the Money Question.

### FAVORS INDEPENDENT ACTION.

**Useless to Look to Europe For International Bimetallism—Financiers Don't Want to Lose a Good Thing—What the United States Should Do.**

Now let us apply the rule of common sense to this question of international bimetallism. Suppose you say to those in foreign lands that while you desire relief from the gold standard you will maintain the gold standard until they come to your relief. Suppose, for instance, our commission goes to Europe, gathers together the financiers and says to them:

"Gentlemen, the American people have suffered from the gold standard. Prices have been falling. They want bimetallism restored, and we, the members of the commission, come over to ask your financiers to help us restore bimetallism. We know that what we have lost you have gained. We know that while prices have been falling with us your dollars have increased in value, but we come and ask you to join in with us in restoring a system that will stop you making so much and stop us losing so much. But before you join us we want to tell you that while we want you to help us restore bimetallism, while we invite you to hurt yourself and help us, we want you to understand that if you would rather go on profiting at our expense, if you would rather continue to reap larger and larger dollars while we suffer from lower and lower prices, if you still insist on securing this advantage over us, we come to notify you that the American people will stand by you while the world lasts and rejoice with you."

Now, do you call that common sense applied to a question such as that? Would a man do that in his private business? If you wanted to form a partnership, would you go to some man who had been making money while you had been losing and say: "Let us join together. You have been making money, I have been losing. Let us join together. You won't make so much money, but I will make more. Let us go into partnership."

You wouldn't do it. You know that no simple partnership can be formed in any city or village except upon the theory that the partnership is to be beneficial to all the members of the partnership. The idea of going to the financiers of the old world, who have wanted the gold standard because of the advantage it gave them—those who have insisted upon the gold standard because it increased the value of their business—going to them and asking them please to come to us and help us change the system, and then promise them if they just refuse to help us we will stand by them and make the system more profitable to them in the future than it has been in the past!

That is one plan. Our plan is different. Those who believe in independent bimetallism believe that independent bimetallism will bring about international bimetallism. And I will tell you why. Because, according to our idea, we won't send commissioners abroad to ask what the United States can do. Our plan is to send a representative when we send it at all to tell what the United States is going to do. And there is a good deal of difference between announcing what the United States is going to do and asking what it may do. The difference is the difference between this country just before the Revolution and just afterward. W. J. BRYAN.

## IS HE THE SAME GAGE?

**A Great Change Has Taken Place Since This Good Man Went to Washington.**

The vicar of Bray is but a type of the large class of human beings that quickly shift their views to square with their interests. Our distinguished fellow townsman, L. J. Gage, was once upon a time a hearty free trader. He became the apologist and defender of commercial restrictions when he secured a position in a protectionist cabinet. He left Chicago a sturdy defender of the merit system, which of late has been driving his coach and four for accommodation of spoilsmen. He went to Washington an apostle of peace. He was a director of the Universal Peace association. He wouldn't swagger with a Barbary hen if she ruffled her feathers in any show of resistance. He hasn't personally gone to war—catch him—but he's signing checks for ships and guns and the payment of volunteers.

He became secretary of the treasury as the special representative of the interests demanding the more effective establishment of the gold standard, for which, if he was not willing to die, he was at least ready to dare at prandial entertainments the danger of dyspepsia, and now, before a hostile word is said, he exclaims that a coin bond will fully meet the situation. Bless thee, Gage, thou art translated! From free trade to protectionist! From merit law defender to spoilsman! From a Quaker to Bombastes Furioso, wondering why his colleague, Alger, is so tame! From the uncompromising gold standard advocate to a financial trimmer! Is the Gage who nimbly capers to the pleasings of the McKinley lute the Lyman J. who used to preach wisdom and political morality in Chicago?—Chicago Chronicle.

"Owned In England."

This paper will not recede from its often reiterated charge that nearly all of the big daily papers in our larger cities are owned in England. Not a single one of these papers dares engage us on this question. The liberties of the American people are being sold through the agency of the Britishized press.—Editor National Democrat.

## PROF. WALCOTT

THE INTREPID PARACHUTE JUMPER ARRIVES IN HAVERHILL.

Prof. Charles Walcott, who made so many balloon ascensions at Lakeview and also met with a horrible accident in Venezuela, the particulars of which will be remembered by Lowell people, has arrived at his home in Haverhill, where he will remain for a brief period. He is looking splendidly and appears to be enjoying the best of health. The professor is under contract for the season to a land company and will appear throughout New England. He is still obliged to go on crutches, but expects to eventually recover the use of his lower limbs. Concerning his recent operation at St. Luke's hospital, in New York city which created so much interest in medical circles, the professor states that the physicians refused at first to admit him, claiming they were maintaining a hospital and not a morgue. They were astonished to learn that the accident had occurred six months previous to the arrival in the hospital. He lay in the hospital eight months before an operation was performed. He is now able to move his legs and only feels a slight pain when trying to use his feet. The professor will be able to travel and fill all of his engagements this summer.

Private Stock Blackberry Cordial is the beverage par excellence for tonic and invigorating purposes. The pure and unadulterated combination of berry juice, brandy and rock candy syrup.
Sold in bulk at $3.00 per gallon; per bottle 75c. Only to be found at
JOHN M. PEVEY'S,
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Tel. 452-3.

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ROYAL-TANSY PILLS.

NEW DISCOVERY, NEVER FAILS.
A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 50,000 LADIES. Invigorates these organs. BEWARE OF DANGEROUS IMITATIONS. $2 per box, small box $1. Prepaid in plain wrapper. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN. Chicago, Ill.
Sold by Ellingwood & Co. Cor. Central and Merrimack streets.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass

MANLY VIGOR
Marital Strength, Vitality, Manhood,
Given to weak, impotent men, by using the old DR. HALLOCK Wonderful Electric Pills. Complete despondency and mental foreboding disappear at once. The effect of these Pills are felt in a few days by the delicate organism of men. The whole body responds with a glow of health. The mind becomes more active than ever. Flabby nerves give way to nerves of steel. Manly vigor restored in men who have spun out the thread of life too fast, or been guilty of youthful indiscretions. Drains and night losses stop at once.
MEN ABOUT TO MARRY
Should take a few boxes of these famous Pills and thus fortify themselves and strengthen their nerves. The Pills are carefully COMPOUNDED and are so constructed that they "hit the mark every time," and yet will not harm the most delicate organism. We have employed the Pills in our private practice for over 40 years and always with successful results. Age no barrier.
A package of Pills, together with Medical Book and special directions sent sealed, on receipt of $1.
Our Institute was founded in 1849. As to our reliability and professional standing, we refer to any of the Boston papers, banks or express companies. WE ARE THE OLDEST INSTITUTION OF ITS KIND IN THE WORLD. Consultation may be had and advice given free of charge by the greatest living experts and specialists on Men's Diseases.
BOOK FOR MEN FREE.
Our grand Medical Book, "A Private Conversation With Men," and a list of questions sent (sealed) for the asking. Book describes sexual anatomy of men, and tells about men's diseases in plain language. You will be a better man for reading this book. It is almost inspired, written by the old Doctor himself. Send for it today—now, for you may not see this advertisement again. HALLOCK'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 110 Court Street, Boston, Mass.

## Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, SS.

PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs at law, next of kin, creditors and all other persons interested in the estate of CLARENCE S. MORSE, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased, intestate.

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased to GEORGE E. SOMERS of Lowell, in said County, or to some other suitable person.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge in said County of Middlesex, on the seventh day of June, A. D., 1898, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this seventeenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety eight.

S. H. FOLSOM, Register.

TO RENT—Two new Cottage Houses at Willow Dale, on Bowers' Avenue
DONOVAN & MANSUR
Room 1, Swan Building, 20 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

Be in the Battle
Call for One of Our Nice
AMERICAN FLAG PINS
J. A. Legault & Co.
Jewelers, Watchmakers and Opticians.
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Headaches
DR. KINGFORD'S
Headache Powders
have cured when others fail. If you take one of Dr. Kingford's Headache Powders when you feel a headache coming on you need not fear.
Be sure you get Dr. Kingford's for they are the best.
FOR SALE AT
GOODALE'S
DRUG STORE,
217 CENTRAL STREET.

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Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $28 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

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(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream
India Pale Ale
And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
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Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
41 HILDRETH BUILDING.

"Sawyer! SAWYER!" Shouted the trainmen as the Missouri Pacific cars emerged from the tunnel at the Sawyer Mountain station.
"DON'T CARE IF YOU DID!"
Exclaimed the man who sat with the blushing lady with a hat askew;
"SHE'S MY WIFE"
Lowell citizens when they hear anyone say "SAWYER," immediately think of the superior carriage repairing and first class vehicles put up and put out by the SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY.
HAVE YOUR REPAIRS ATTENDED TO
This Week

DON'T STOP TO THINK
BUT RUSH TO THE
CENTRAL
CASH MARKET
Lower Prices on Beef.
Best Round, 2 lbs. 25c.
Best Top Round, 15c.
Best Rump and Sirloin 18 to 22c.
Pea Beans, 5c qt.
2 doz. Fresh Eggs, 25c.
100 Fresh Eggs, $1.00
3 lbs. Pork Steak, 25c.
The Bargain Makers in the Beef Business, cor.
CENTRAL AND CHARLES STS.

Toothache!
It don't make any difference what shape your tooth is in, if it is aching, call at 177 Middlesex street, and have it stopped forever. Wm. H. Goldspring can, by placing his finger upon any aching tooth, stop the pain instantly and forever. Do not suffer with toothache but call and see him.
He will treat patients without charge. If satisfied with his treatment, pay what you choose. Office hours from 6 a. m. to 10 p. m.
177 Middlesex St., Room 1.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

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When You Have Found
Peter Watson's
CELEBRATED BAKERIES
For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at
52 to 60 CHARLES ST.
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If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

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Undertaker and Funeral Director
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Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

BUY YOUR
Men's, Boys', Ladies' Clothing
ON CREDIT.
At cash prices, of the popular CENTRAL SUPPLY CO., 117 Merrimack street, opp. Chris. Holmes. OPEN EVENINGS.

Take My Advice and Call on the
Eagle Clothing Co.
We carry the largest stock of Ladies' and Gents' Garments in this city. Our prices are the lowest. THE EAGLE CREDIT HOUSE, 190-192 Middlesex St.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
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SAM SMITH'S
Is the place to bring your Boots and Shoes for repairing. Best work. Best leather and lowest prices in the city. Men's Boots, tap and heel, 50c.; Ladies' 35c.; Children's, 30c. Call
111 MARKET STREET.
(Opposite Carpet.)

OLD WASHINGTON TAVERN
This old hostelry has been refitted and furnished and is up-to-date in every particular. The best menu of any hotel in the city. Special rates to theatrical and commercial men. Best wines and liquors, everything first class. Our 50c. course dinner a specialty.
Washington Tavern
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JOHN J. REGAN, Proprietor.

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FLOWER SEEDS,
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Is a non-poisonous powder that effectually takes the place of Paris Green and other dangerous insect powders when used as directed.
It is sure death to the Potato, Squash and Cucumber Bugs, Currant and Tomato Worms also other plant-eating pests.
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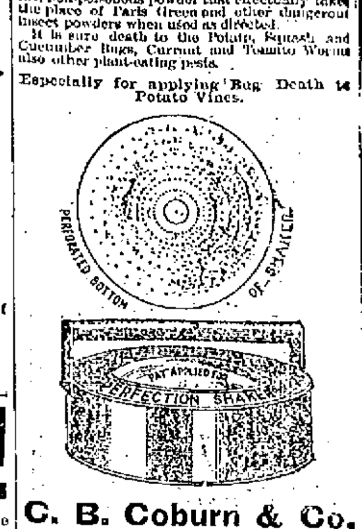

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DIRECTORS—Sewell G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6,625 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery.
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

FOOT CARE.
Is seldom if ever given a thought by the majority of people, and yet, how essential is their care to one's happiness. Our shoes have been selected from the leading manufacturers whose reputation for correct fitting and thorough workmanship are of the best. This together with the care we take in fitting the feet will assure you against ill fitting Shoes.
Ladies' Kid, button and lace, in cloth or kid tops, tan or black kid, $3 a pair.
Young Men's Vici Lace Shoes, $2 a pair.
Misses' R. P. H. Lace Tan Shoes, $1 pair.
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Spring Cleansing
Blankets, Gent's Spring Overcoats, Ladies' Spring Sacks Cleansed or Dyed.
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Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

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LOWELL HIGH GRADE
FERTILIZERS
Lowest in Price,
Highest in Standard.
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PIANO BUYERS
Should call at ESTEY parlors. Manufacture and sell at factory prices. Easiest terms in Lowell. Pianos all grades and prices.
145 Merrimack Street.

# OUR FLEETS CHASING CERVERA

## No News of Their Movement Received Except Through Madrid.

### Some American Ships Fly the Spanish Flag—Terrific Explosion Supposed to be an Earthquake—Recruiting For the Navy Department—Other Despatches.

Washington, May 24.—As the warships are now at sea, there is no expectation of reports until a decisive engagement occurs and a dispatch boat sent to a port, or it is found that Cervera has eluded our search. In the meantime there is a complete lack of official data by which to forecast the coming engagement. A report was current Monday that the battleship Oregon had arrived at Key West, but the department officials entered a general denial that word had been received of any important vessel movements or arrivals.

The dispatches from Madrid giving the sharp debate in the parliament over the alleged flying of the Spanish flag by American warships created much comment in naval circles. Spain's protest to the powers that this use of the flag was cowardly and iniquitous was dismissed with the statement that international law writers agreed on the right to use an enemy's flag for the purpose of deceit so long as the flag was hauled down before a shot is fired. The United States naval regulations make specific provision on this point. The navy department recently issued an edition of Snow's "Naval Precedents," a standard work on naval usage in time of peace and war. In this, the doctrine on the use of an enemy's flag is stated as follows:

"The regulations of the United States navy state that the use of a foreign flag to deceive an enemy is permissible, but that it must be hauled down before a gun is fired, and under no circumstances is an action commenced or an engagement fought without the display of the national ensign." The foreign rule, both by regulation and by the textbook distributed to the navy, is a guide for naval officers. Practically the same rule applies to the use of an enemy's uniform.

The statement made by the Spanish minister of the interior that the government is likely to resort to privateering does not cause any apprehension. One of the highest authorities of the navy department said Spain would adopt privateering if she felt it to be to her interest without waiting for this country to give any pretext for such action. It is felt, however, that Great Britain, Germany and France will have considerable to say in case Spain resorts to the practice. The commerce of these countries would suffer very severely, and the effect would be far more disastrous to these foreign interests than to the shipping of the United States. The influence of Great Britain, Germany and France forced Spain reluctantly to forego privateering, and it is not thought probable that these influences will now consent to have their commerce destroyed.

The announcement by the way of Paris that the Italian government had protested against the continuance of the blockade of the Cuban coast on the ground that it was ineffective, met a prompt denial at the state department, and it can be stated definitely that neither in Washington nor in Rome have any representations on this subject been addressed to the United States government. Italy probably is the maritime power of all others with which the United States has had absolutely no correspondence in the slightest degree connected with the Cuban blockade. As to the allegation that the blockade is ineffective, it is said that on the contrary it has been singularly successful and that, so far as known, not a single neutral ship subject to detention has passed the lines without the expressed consent of our government. The Montserrat, it is true, did enter Cienfuegos harbor before our blockading ships got around to the south side of Cuba and established the blockade, and she did manage to get out at night; but she is a Spanish ship and Spain is perhaps the only nation in the world that has lost the power to enter a protest against a blockade, being a combatant herself. It is only for neutral powers to enter such protests, and none of them has as yet the slightest pretext for such action.

Third parties have begun to suffer from the war according to reports received from Consul Aymo at Guadaloupe, and it may be that other West Indian islands are to share in the burdens imposed upon Guadaloupe by the existence of hostilities. He reports that there is a scarcity there of flour and other provisions, and also of lumber, owing to the cessation of arrivals of vessels from the United States. The last ship arrived March 26, and when she cleared there were but 2500 barrels of flour on the island. Brokers bought up all of this, as well as all other provisions, at an advance of from 8 to 10 percent, and have raised prices. The consul fears serious results if prices rise much higher in that suffering follows.

With the beginning of the present week all Spanish vessels in the United States ports which sailed after the outbreak of the war are subject to seizure, as well as all Spanish merchantmen found on the high seas, save where they left port for the United States before April 21. The president's proclamation of war allowed such ships lying in our ports or bound for them 30 days in which to discharge cargoes, also ensured them safe passage home. That period of time expired last Saturday night. This is expected to free the state department from complications.

Commander Hemphill, who has charge of the naval enlistments, has made out a table showing that the recent recruiting of the navy has swelled that branch of the service by recruits from the following states: Maine, 99; New Hampshire, 22; Massachusetts, 1474; Rhode Island, 150; New York, 1750; New Jersey, 313; Pennsylvania, 406; Maryland, 441; District of Columbia, 401; Ohio, 67; Michigan, 201; Illinois, 162; Wisconsin, 32; Minnesota, 154; Missouri, 54; Virginia, 265; North Carolina, 99; South Carolina, 115; Georgia, 17; Tennessee, 8; Louisiana 151; Texas, 81; California, 606; Florida, 113.

No sutlers are to be permitted to accompany the army during the war. Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn made this announcement after a thorough consultation with the army officials who are acquainted with the operations of the commissary department. The department has decided to enlarge the list of articles which will be kept on hand by the commissary's department. All these will be supplied to the officers and soldiers at cost price.

The army authorities are endeavoring to secure legislation by congress which will make applicable in time of war the law providing for summary courts for the trial of petty offenses at military posts. This law is applicable only in time of peace.

A TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

Key West, May 24.—The officers of one of the cruisers which arrived here yesterday say that while off Cape San Antonio (the western extremity of Cuba), Sunday afternoon, a terrific explosion was heard from the direction of the shore, but apparently many miles away. There was an upheaval of water all about the ship and the cruiser herself vibrated with the shock from stem to stern. Many are inclined to think that the phenomenon was an earthquake. There are no batteries near enough to Cape San Antonio to account for a detonation of such volume; and it is thought that if any naval disaster had occurred news of it would have reached here.

Judge Locke, in the United States district court, heard arguments in three of the most important prize cases, those of the Buena Ventura, Miguel Jover and Catalina. A number of counsel appeared, and it was contended on an extended citation of authorities that all three vessels should be condemned as lawful prizes. Arguments against this contention were made by an array of counsel representing the various interests, including the owners of the vessels and their cargoes. Judge Locke reserved decision.

DIVISION UNDER REVIEW.

Chickamauga National Park, May 21.—The first division of the First army corps was reviewed yesterday by its commander, Major General Wilson. This was the first great formal movement by a large body of troops organized for the American-Spanish war. It is said to be the first review of the kind since the civil war. The marching was as a rule in excellent time, the alignments were accurate and the distances well maintained. General Wilson expressed himself as very proud of the fact that the division, when maneuvered together for the first time, acted so much like regulars. With the morning sun glancing from polished arms and trappings and the silken stars and stripes and state flags waving in the breeze that came from Missionary Ridge, the sight was a glorious one and inspired great enthusiasm in both spectators and men in line.

HE DID NOT THINK.

Portland, Me., May 24.—What is probably the first shot to be fired in a business way from a New England fortification since the declaration of war with Spain was sent across the bow of the British schooner E. H. Foster. The vessel was bound from St. John to Salem with lumber. As it was pretty rough outside, Captain Wilcox concluded to run into Portland harbor for shelter and to see if there were any orders for him. He said he had heard of the harbor being mined and vessels being forbidden entrance at certain hours, but he did not think of the matter at the time. The shot was a sufficient reminder, however, and the Foster laid outside until after daylight.

MR. PEARCE'S LARGE NAVY.

Washington, May 24.—Representative Pearce has introduced a bill for an increase in the naval establishment as follows: Five first-class cruisers to carry the heaviest armor practicable and the most powerful ordnance, to have a displacement of 11,500 tons, a minimum average speed of 20 knots per hour, and to cost exclusive of armor and armament not exceeding $4,000,000; 10 torpedo boats of about 150 tons displacement, to have highest practicable speed and to cost, exclusive of armament, not over $250,000 each; 15 torpedo boat destroyers, about 400 tons displacement, of the highest practicable speed, and to cost, save armament, not over $500,000 each; 15 steel gunboats of about 2000 tons displacement, with highest practicable speed and to cost, save armament, not over $650,000 each. No two of the cruisers, nor four of the torpedo boats nor five of the destroyers, nor five of the gunboats shall be built in any one yard or by one contracting party. All material for them is to be of domestic manufacture. One cruiser, three torpedo boats, three destroyers and three gunboats are to be built on the Pacific coast under certain restrictions.

WATER OF POOR QUALITY.

Camp Alger, Va., May 24.—The Sixth Massachusetts regiment passed a very busy day in camp, which is now in first-class shape, barring the one item of water supply, and the men are rapidly rounding into shape after their long trip by train. The only disadvantage they feel is the unusual warmth, for which they are overclad. The water that the men are compelled to drink is of the poorest quality, and Colonel Woodward has advised all to partake of it as sparingly as possible. There is no sickness in camp.

TOOK SPANISH SOLDIERS.

London, May 24.—A dispatch to The Daily Chronicle from Barcelona says: "A steamer took 1000 soldiers from Cadiz Saturday for the Canaries or the Philippines, and there are two transatlantic liners now in port here."

A DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION.

Washington, May 23.—Secretary Alger sent to congress yesterday an estimate for a deficiency appropriation of $50,000 for the medical and hospital department of the army caused by the unforeseen and large preparations and outfits required for the Philippine expedition and the necessary establishment of large general hospitals at Fort McPherson, Ga.; Fort Thomas, Ky.; Key West and Fort Myer, Va., etc., expenses of state boards for the examination of physicians for the volunteer forces, and other expenses.

Representative Lybrand has introduced a bill extending the free franking privileges through the mail to officers and enlisted men of the army and navy under regulations prescribed by the postmaster general.

# WILL GO TO CUBA

## Two Congressmen Get Appointments in Army.

### ROBBINS OF PENNSYLVANIA MADE CAPTAIN.

### Broussard Will Lead Company of Immunes.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 23.—Two representatives in Congress, Messrs. Robbins of Pennsylvania and Broussard of Louisiana were given authority today to go to the front in the Cuban invasion.

Edward Everett Robbins called on the president today and was with him but a few minutes before he went over to the secretary of war for his assignment. He bore with him a written order to appoint Hon. E. E. Robbins of Pennsylvania, captain and assistant quartermaster of the United States.

Mr. Robbins represents the 21st Pennsylvani district and was the major and quarter master of the 2nd brigade, state militia.

Representative Broussard of the third Louisiana district, announced his intention of entering the army long ago and today the president authorized him to raise a company of Louisiana immunes, prepared to join the Cuban invasion forces at once.

# $1,000,000 A DAY

## Rep. Hitchborn Says That is War Expense.

### HE ALSO LOOKS FOR A LONG CONTEST.

### We Will Have to Adopt New Policy.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 23.—Secretary Long has not yet returned from Massachusetts, where he went with Mrs. Long who had been in ill health of late. In his absence, Mr. Allen, who succeeded Mr. Roosevelt, is acting secretary. There were no developments of importance.

The department has sent half a dozen divers to Key West to clean the bottoms of the warships.

Representative Hitchborn who is a member of the House committee on naval affairs, speaking today of Ex-Secretary Tracy's recent suggestion that Congress should order six armored cruisers at once, to place our navy on an offensive as well as an adequate basis, said: "That will not do just at present but it will come some time when we get our bearings. The war is costing us $1,000,000 a day, from present indications I think it is going to be a long war. When it is over we will have a lot of outlying islands and will have to adopt the policy of Great Britain of looking after islands with adequate naval and military forces. It will be time enough then to talk of more armored cruisers."

MEDICAL TREATMENT ON TRIAL

To Any Reliable Man.

Marvelous appliance and one month's remedies of rare power will be sent on trial, without any advance payment, by the foremost company in the world in the treatment of men weak, broken, discouraged from effects of excesses, worry, overwork, &c. Happy marriage secured, complete restoration or development of all robust conditions. The time of this offer is limited. No C. O. D. fakeries; no deceptions; no exposure. Address,

ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N.Y.

### Divide and Conquer.

The Employing Builders' league is believed to be encouraging the division among the building trades unions to the end that the concentrated power in the board of delegates shall be broken. The league favors separate, nonaffiliating organizations in the trades, each body dealing exclusively with the associated employers in its particular line of industry. The recently formed building trades council is looked upon by the board of delegates as one of the manifestations of the employers' new line of action.—New York Journal.

### To Succeed Garland.

Joseph Valentine of San Francisco, national officer of the Iron Molders' union, has been elected by the executive council of the American Federation of Labor as fourth vice president, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of M. M. Garland.

THE MOXIE SEASON HAS OPENED

Druggists sell Moxie by the glass. Any Grocer will deliver it to you at your house by the bottle.

# CERVERA IN BAD STRAITS

## With His Coal Gone the Fleet is Starving.

### Naval Officials Say He Cannot Escape—Neighboring Ports are Closed to Him—First Regiment Embarks for Manila—The Cadiz Fleet is Still Awaiting Orders.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTN, MAY 23.—THE NAVY DEPARTMENT HAS SETTLED DOWN QUIETLY TO AWAIT THE RESULTS IN THE NAVAL PROGRAM IN WEST INDIAN WATERS. EVERY INQUIRY IS DIRECTED TOWARD THE LOCATION OF THE RESPECTIVE SQUADRONS AND THE CHANCES OF AN EARLY CONFLICT, BUT THE SUM TOTAL OF OFFICIAL ADVICES THROW LITTLE OR NO LIGHT ON THE TIME WHEN A BATTLE MAY OCCUR. IT IS STATED BY THOSE BEST ACQUAINTED WITH THE SITUATION THAT THE DECISIVE FIGHT MAY OCCUR WITHIN THE NEXT FEW HOURS, OR MAY NOT OCCUR FOR SEVERAL DAYS, POSSIBLY WEEKS. AT THE SAME TIME, THE AUTHORITIES BELIEVE THAT THE CHANCES ARE GREATLY LESSENED OF ADMIRAL CERVERA'S PROLONGING HIS ELUSIVE PLAN FOR ANY CONSIDERABLE TIME. THERE ARE SEVERAL REASONS FOR THIS, BUT THE MAIN ONE IS THAT THE SHIPS HAVE BEEN MAKING INROADS ON THEIR COAL SUPPLY. THE RUN ACROSS FROM CAPE VERDE USED UP THE GREATER PART, IF NOT ALL OF THEIR SUPPLY.

NAVAL OFFICIALS BELIEVE THE SPANISH ADMIRAL IS NOW INSIDE THE CARIBBEAN SEA WITH HIS ORIGINAL STOCK OF COAL USED UP, WITH SCANT ADDITIONS ALREADY WELL EXHAUSTED, AND WITH NO DEPOTS IN SIGHT FOR A COMPLETE RE-COALING. THIS, IN NAVAL PARLANCE, WOULD STARVE THE SHIPS BEFORE LONG. THE ONLY RELIEF POSSIBLE FOR THIS DANGEROUS CONDITIONS IS A JUNCTURE WITH COLLIERS FROM THE OTHER SIDE. THE NAVAL AUTHORITIES ARE INCLINED TO THE BELIEF THAT THE SPANISH COMMANDER IS DANGEROUSLY NEAR A COAL FAMINE. IF THIS CONDITION EXISTS OR ARISES IN THE NEAR FUTURE, ADMIRAL CERVERA'S POSITION WILL BE CRITICAL EVEN THOUGH HE DOES NOT MEET THE AMERICAN SHIPS. HE WILL BE MUCH IN THE POSITION OF COMMODORE DEWEY AFTER BEING WARNED AWAY FROM HONG KONG AND BEFORE HIS SUCCESSFUL ATTACK ON MANILA. THE SPANISH ADMIRAL WILL BE IN THE CARIBBEAN SEA, BUT HE WILL BE UNABLE TO GET OUT OF IT. NOT LESS THAN 4,000 TONS OF COAL WOULD BE REQUIRED TO TAKE HIM SAFELY BACK TO SPAIN OR TO THE CAPE VERDE ISLANDS.

## FIRST REGIMENT TO MANILA

(Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, MAY 23.—THE FIRST REGIMENT, CALIFORNIA VOLUNTEERS, UNDER COMMAND OF COL. J. F. SMITH, EMBARKED FOR MANILA THIS MORNING ON THE STEAMER CITY OF PEKIN AND WILL PROBABLY SAIL TOMORROW.

## OREGON AT KEY WEST

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 23.—A SPECIAL TO WASHINGTON SAYS THE BATTLE SHIP OREGON ARRIVED AT KEY WEST THIS MORNING.

## AN OFFICIAL DENIAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, MAY 23.—AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT AN EMPHATIC DENIEL WAS MADE TO THE REPORT THAT ITALY OR ANY OTHER NATION HAD MADE A PROTEST AGAINST THE BLOCKADE

## ALL LIGHTS ARE OUT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, MAY 23.—LLOYD'S AGENT AT CADIZ ANNOUNCES THE BUOYS IN AND ABOUT THAT HARBOR HAVE BEEN REMOVED, THAT THE LIGHTS HAVE BEEN EXTINGUISHED, AND THAT VESSELS ARE NOT ALLOWED TO ENTER OR LEAVE CADIZ AT NIGHT.

## ONLY TWO SHIPS COULD ENTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

THE HAGUE, MAY, 23.—THE GOVERNOR OF CURACOA, DUTCH WEST INDIES, HAS SENT A CABLE DESPATCH TO THE FOREIGN OFFICE HERE SAYING THAT ONLY TWO OF ADMIRAL CERVERA'S SHIPS WERE ADMITTED INTO THE HARBOR, IN SPITE OF THE REQUEST OF THE SPANISH ADMIRAL AND ADDS HAT THEY WERE ONLY TO TAKE ON BOARD COAL ENOUGH TO TAKE THEM TO THE NEAREST HARBOR.

## CUBANS WERE VICTORIOUS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 23.—A KEY WEST SPECIAL SAYS: "THE CUBANS ARE FIGHTING THEIR WAY TO THE COAST, WHERE THEY WILL JOIN WITH OUR FORCES OF INVASION."

THREE HUNDRED CUBANS ENGAGED A SQUADRON OF SPANISH CAVALRY ON THURSDAY, FIVE MILES WEST OF MATANZAS. THE BATTLE WAS FIERCELY WAGED IN SIGHT OF THE SHIPS OF THE BLOCKADE STATION.

THE FIRING CONTINUED AFTER DARK, AND FRIDAY MORNING THE SPANISH CAVALRY WHICH HAD BEEN RE-INFORCED DURING THE NIGHT BY A BATTALION OF INFANTRY, WERE SEEN RETREATING ALONG THE BEACH IN THE DIRECTION OF HAVANA.

THE CUBANS ARE PUSHING RAPIDLY TO THE COAST TO JOIN WITH OUR LANDING TROOPS.

## SPAIN WILL DO PRIVATEERING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 23.—3 P. M.—FROM A DISCUSSION IN THE SPANISH SENATE TODAY IT APPEARS THAT SPAIN SERIOUSLY CONTEMPLATES HAVING RECOURSE TO PRIVATEERING IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

## STRANGE STEAMERS SIGHTED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

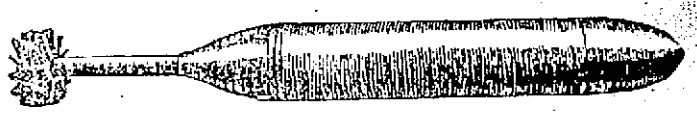
NEW YORK, MAY 23.—A SPECIAL FROM KEY WEST SAYS: "A FISHERMAN REPORTS THAT AT 2 O'CLOCK YESTERDAY AFTERNOON, WHILE HE WAS OFF GONAIVES, ON THE WEST COAST OF THIS ISLAND HE SAW THREE STEAMERS COMING FROM THE NORTH AND BOUND SOUTH, GOING AT FULL SPEED.

THE DISTANCE PREVENTED HIM DISTINGUISHING THE NATIONALITY BUT HE SAW APPARENTLY A RED FLAG.

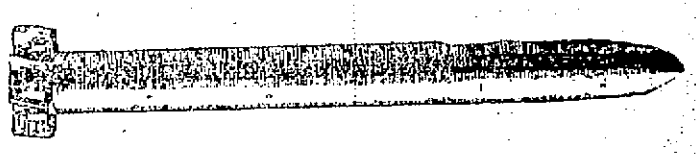
## HALSTEAD GOES TO PRISON

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ST. THOMAS, DANISH WEST INDIES, MAY 23—MR. FREEMAN HALSTEAD, THE NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENT WHO WAS SENTENCED TO NINE YEARS' IMPRISONMENT FOR TAKING PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE FORTIFICATIONS AT SANTA PORTO RICO, HAS BEEN CONVEYED TO A CONVICT PRISON TO UNDERGO HIS SENTENCE.



FIFTEEN-INCH FULL-CALIBRE DYNAMITE PROJECTILE.



EIGHT INCH SUB-CALIBRE DYNAMITE PROJECTILE AS IT APPEARS DURING ITS FLIGHT THROUGH THE AIR.

There was a clergyman in a Long Island village who suffered from dyspepsia to such an extent that it positively seemed sometimes as though his doctrine was not sound. It was, however, only a stomach trouble, and had nothing to do with the mind. Being convinced of this, one of his parishioners, a lady, presented him with a small quantity of Ripans Tabules and the relief he experienced was such that all the congregation noticed an improvement, and now, although his salary is small, this clergyman and his wife devote a portion of it to keeping the medicine closet stocked with a suitable supply of Ripans Tabules. Doubtless there are many cases where what has been thought heresy was in fact nothing more nor less than dyspepsia, and Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia. One gives relief.

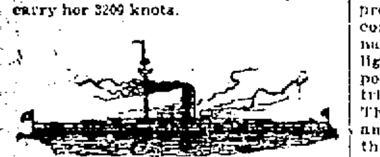
A NEW STYLE PACKET CONTAINING FEW TABULES IN A PAPER CARTON (WITHOUT GLASS) IS NOW FOR SALE AT SOME DRUG STORES—FOR FIVE CENTS.

# THE TRIP OF THE MONTEREY

## The Coaling Problem the Chief Difficulty Feared.

## Coal to be Obtained From Hawaii—Plans for Safe Transit to the Pacific—The Manila Expedition Almost Ready.

Washington, May 24.—Naval officials have calculated to their entire satisfaction the possibility of getting the Monterey safely across the Pacific to Admiral Dewey's squadron at Manila. The principal difficulty in making such a trip as this is the small coal capacity of vessels of the Monterey type. She carries normally 200 tons of coal in her bunkers, which at her most economical rate of steaming would take her about 300 miles less than the distance from San Francisco to Honolulu. In an emergency such as now exists it may be possible to store a great deal of coal on the main deck. Being placed in the passageways and open spaces of the superstructure of the vessel, the great beam of the Monterey would permit 190 tons of coal to be carried in addition to that in the bunkers without in the least endangering the stability of the ship, or risking the loss of the coal by being washed overboard. At her economical speed of 190 knots per day this coal would last her 17 days and carry her 3200 knots.



THE MONTEREY.

Owing to the carefully laid plans of the navy department the Monterey will be obliged to make a run of more than 2100 knots without an opportunity to coal. The ship will take a southerly course after leaving Honolulu in company with a steam collier. The South seas are full of islands, as soon as Hawaii has been left 1000 miles behind, and in the sheltered harbors of these it should be very easy for the Monterey to lie alongside her collier and coal through her superstructure. It would not be surprising if one of the harbors chosen for such a transfer was in the Caroline islands, another Spanish possession in the South seas, for by so doing there could be no possible complaint of a breach of neutrality laws on the part of any neutral nation.

From the Carolines to the Philippines the way is easy, and under the program arranged there is no probability of failure in the attempt to get the Monterey safely across the Pacific. If the Monterey proceeded steadily at her economical speed she should reach the Philippines in 31½ days from San Francisco. She will lose several days in coaling en route, but on the other hand she may make up this difference by steaming at greater speed if circumstances favor the easy recoaling of the ship.

The Spanish squadron at Cadiz, which reports from Spain state is going to the Philippines, is capable of higher speed than the Monterey and may not have much difficulty in obtaining the necessary coal to make the trip, so that even though the distance be longer on the eastward trip there are possibilities of a most interesting race by the hostile ships. The naval orders announce the assignment to command the Monterey of Captain Eugene H. Leutz, lately in command of the Alert.

In anticipation of the early occupation of the Philippines, the treasury department has begun the formulation of regulations and a scheme of customs tariffs which will be collected by the military authorities and turned into the treasury of the United States as a "military contribution." That the president has authority to collect the Philippine revenues under existing conditions is not a matter of doubt. It was several times done during the last war with Mexico, and the authority of the government in the premises was sustained by decisions of the United States supreme court. The court, in a case which grew out of the capture and occupation of San Francisco and all the upper part of California by the United States troops, held that the president under the constitution, as the commander-in-chief of the army and navy, had a right to exercise the belligerent right of a conqueror and to impose duties on imports as military contribution for the support of the army. This was the view held by the court in another case where it was also decided that the capture of Tampico, Mex., by the United States forces, though sufficient to cause it to be regarded by other nations as part of our territory, did not make it in fact a part of the United States under our constitution and laws. "It remained," said the court, "a foreign port within the revenue laws of the United States."

Preparations for the expedition to Manila are almost complete. It will be divided as follows:

The City of Peking—The First California volunteers, composed of 49 officers and 953 enlisted men, 10 officers and 71 sailors of the navy, making a total of 59 officers and 1044 men.

The City of Sydney—Thirteen officers and 318 enlisted men of the Oregon volunteers; 9 officers and 300 men of the first company of the Fourteenth United States infantry; one officer and 50 men of the California heavy artillery, and Dr. H. E. McVain, ranking medical officer, making a total of 24 officers and 670 men.

The Australia—The headquarters, staff and band and two battalions of Oregon volunteers, comprising 37 officers and 675 men.

GOODBYE TO VOLUNTEERS.

San Francisco, May 24.—California said goodbye to her first regiment of volunteers yesterday as they marched forth from the Presidio to start on their long journey to Manila. The farewell demonstration by the people of San Francisco will long be remembered by the soldiers of the First regiment. Every street leading from the Presidio to the Pacific mail dock, a distance of about five miles, was lined with people.

# SHOT AND KILLED

## A Boston Fruit Peddler the Murderer.

### SENT A BULLET THROUGH THE BRAIN

### Of Foreman Ellis of the Street Department.

Boston, May 24.—James M. Ellis, foreman of the west end division of the street cleaning department, was shot and killed by an Italian fruit pedler yesterday afternoon. The pedler had been called to account for throwing refuse into the street, and the only motive suggested for the murder is anger at the foreman for ordering him to comply with a city ordinance. Two shots were fired from a revolver. One missed its mark, but the other entered Ellis' right eye and pierced the brain, death being instantaneous. The murderer ran into a building near the scene of the shooting and made his escape through a rear door.

Hugh H. O'Donnell, a sub-foreman of the street department, a witness of the shooting, attempted to follow the murderer, but was prevented by Italian friends of the fugitive, who threatened to kill him unless he desisted.

Mr. Ellis was 52 years of age, a native of Lunenberg, N. S., and was formerly a sergeant on the Boston police force, having charge of the district in which he lost his life. He had a wide circle of acquaintances and was very popular with all. He leaves a wife, who is in a very critical condition as the result of the shock caused by his death.

First class job printing done at this office.

# VETOED THE BILL

## Gov. Wolcott Kills the Ridiculous Measure.

### TO REMODEL THE CITY COUNCIL OF BOSTON.

### Giving Good Reasons for His Veto.

Boston, May 24.—Governor Wolcott returned to the legislature without his signature the bill for 25 aldermen in the city of Boston and the election also of 50 common councilmen. The governor refused to sign the bill on the ground that the two branches of the city government would be elected and be responsible to identical constituencies. The measure originally passed the house by 125 to 25 and the senate 25 to 5. Action on the veto is delayed until the bill is printed.

The Williams bill for a commission to investigate the conditions of cotton manufacturing in Massachusetts was rejected without debate in the house yesterday.

The bill to provide for the payment of bounties to Massachusetts soldiers from the treasury was passed to be engrossed without material amendment.

The committee on labor reported reference to the next general court of the memorial of T. Jefferson Coolidge and others relative to the condition and prospects of the cotton manufacturing industry in this commonwealth.

The petition and bill of the mayor of Somerville that cities and towns be authorized to extend aid to persons and relatives of persons serving in the war with Spain were recommitted to the committees on military affairs and ways and means sitting jointly.

The petition that cities and towns be authorized to negotiate short-term temporary loans in anticipation of moneys to be derived from long-term loans was referred to the committee on cities.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.


## BOXING GOSSIP.

As yet nothing has come of the talk about a match between Joe Flaherty and Kid Mulligan, notwithstanding the fact that the two men would be a big drawing card, provided the bout could take place within convenient reaching of Lowell. It was said at first that Mulligan would not agree to Flaherty's suggestion as to the division of the money, but the Kid, who really wants a go at Joe, at the earliest opportunity makes the statement that he will go into the ring with Flaherty for any number of rounds, will split the purse or have the winner take all. Thus with the Kid agreeable to any arrangements, it is very probable that articles will be signed in the near future. The pair would make a corking attraction for the Merrimack club.

Luke Burke is in Buffalo and doing well. He could have had a match last Monday night, but for a bad though which, however, is rapidly getting into good shape. His Buffalo friends are desirous of putting him up against Dave Sullivan, who recently obtained a decision over Sammy Kelly. Sullivan is now regarded as a top notcher in the bantam class and the man who defeats him will come pretty near being champion.

Some time ago Burke made several unsuccessful efforts to get on a match and though disappointed did not give up hope, for he is agin endeavoring to bring about a go. He has strong backing and will surely be successful this time. If they come together Luke will hold his end up with the clever Irishman.


CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THERE IS ONLY ONE
POND'S EXTRACT
THIS IS IT!

Fac-simile of Bottle with Buff Wrapper.

*Invaluable for all Aches, Pains, Inflammations, Catarrhal Trouble and Piles.*

POND'S EXTRACT CO., New York and London.

STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 317 CENTRAL STREET.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
10c 25c 50c
ALL DRUGGISTS

# A. G. POLLARD & CO.

This Week We Offer

Two Bargain Lots in

# Bleached Seamless Sheeting

At The Very Low Price of

# 12½c. a Yard

1ST LOT.—16 pieces 8-4 wide; full bleached, soft finished, heavy wound thread, and an unusually strong cottod, good width for single and 3-4 beds, and well worth 20c. yard, at

**AT 12 1-2c. YARD.**

2ND LOT.—2 cases 9-4 full bleached, soft finish, medium weight sheeting, adapted specially for summer sheets and worth regular 21c. yard,

**AT 12 1-2c. YARD.**

These are real good values for low priced sheets, as a full size sheet will cost only 31c., which is less than buying the narrow sheeting and have a seam in center. BASEMENT DEPT.

# A. G. Pollard & Co.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.


## WANT COLUMN.

OPAL RING FREE—Sell only 15 Stick Pin Souvenirs of war and the Maine at 10c. each and we give you free handsome, genuine opal ring, best gold plate warranted two years; trial subscription to new ill. patriotic magazine free with each pin; no money required; just send full name and address and say you will return pins or money by mail within two weeks. The Columbian, 34 Oliver street, Boston, Mass.

LOST—A pair of gold bowed eye glasses, in case marked John J. Cluin. Reward at 368 Concord street.

WANTED—A person with business tact, who is strictly reliable to represent a New York corporation. We can assure to the right person a handsome and permanent income; a small amount of money will be needed, together with satisfactory references. Address, The Universal Identification and Recovery Co., 41 Union Square, New York City.

AGENTS—10c. brings you samples and catalogue of patriotic emblems, etc., by return mail. Quick! Manufacturer, Box 1975, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—At once young man to collect on Catholic goods. Bicyclist preferred. Address, stating age and salary expected, X. Y. Z., Sun office.

LOST—A jeweled enameled belt Friday evening between six and eight o'clock, either on Middlesex or Branch streets. Return to 637 Middlesex street and be rewarded.

ESTIMATES WANTED on building cellar. All stone work. Apply to Dolphus Masson, Gee street, North Chelmsford.

WANTED—You to bring in your cloth for suit and I will make and trim it in first class style for $11.00 for 30 days only. English Blue or Black Serge Suit, $15.00. Dissault & Co., 00 Merrimack street.

CATALOGUE of War Emblems, Flags, etc., free. L. N. Cushman, 34 Oliver St., Boston, Mass.

RELIABLE HELP furnished at No. 6 Howe Building, over Street Railway Waiting Station, F. H. A. Boaly. Office open at all hours.

J. A. METCALF'S Reliable Employment Office, 173 Merrimack street, room 4. Open day and evening. No lack of good help. Prompt service.

LOANS placed on pianos, furniture, etc., at reasonable rates. Can be paid back in monthly instalments. Charges reduced each payment. Confidential. P. O. Box 1017, city.

WAR ON PRICES—A cottage house for sale, 1800 yards from the Lawrence mills. Sewer, gas. $1150. Terms easy. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

PASTURAGE FOR HORSES and colts at Winning Farm. Plenty pure water and good feed. Address John M. Bailey, Billerica, Mass.

STORE TO LET—On Fayette street. Rent reasonable. Inquire 818 High street.

WANT BLUSH OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Noonen's Roman Secret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

FOR SALE—Nearly new upright piano, cost $375. Will sell at a sacrifice as party is leaving town. 95 Chase avenue, Pawtucketville, city.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, good 6-room cottage house, large lot of land. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 262 Fayette street.

WAGONS—Butcher cart in fine order, new high grade democrat, new grocer wagon, attractive panel side wagon, handsome light order wagon, second hand riding wagon, etc., to be sold low, second hand democrat. J. F. Libbey, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—Seven miles from Lowell, farm of 85 acres; two-story house and barn, wood for home use. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central Street.

WANTED—By a man, 33, single place as coachman, hostler or general work. Swett & Co., 101 Central street.

FOR SALE—The best liquor business (licensed) in a city of 80,000. The business has been established for 15 years, and is the best paying in the city, having averaged $25,000 (strictly retail) for the past three years. The plant is furnished throughout with the latest modern improvements and conveniences. The building is located admirably in the centre of the most thickly populated district and has a large established trade. The only reason for selling is that the present owner is compelled by illness to give up. Books and income will verify above statement. Address H. K. Y., Box 257, Taunton, Mass.

FOR SALE—Three miles from Lowell Post office, small farm of 6 acres, cottage house and barn, hennery and some fruit, $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TO LET—Cottage of ten rooms, steam heat, bath, set tubs, hot and cold water cemented cellar, and barn if desired. W. H. Bagshaw, 11 Wilson street.

FOR SALE—On Gates' Land near Westford street, two tenement house with all modern improvements; good corner lot; price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Gorham street, 8-room cottage house and store doing a good grocery business; small barn, large corner lot of land. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. 1 1-2 inch one line rubber stamps, 10c.; 2 inch, 15c.; 35c. ink pads 25c.; 25c. ink pads 15c.; 50c. linen markers 25c.; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 165 Merrimack street.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their straw, leghorn or manilla hats cleansed or dyed and made in the latest shapes at the Hat and Bonnet Bleachery, 161 Merrimack street.

WANTED—Men and women to work at home. I pay $8 to $16 per week for making crayon portraits. New patent method, anyone who can read or write can do the work at home in spare time, day or evening. Send for particulars and work at once. Address H. A. Gripp, German Artist, Tyrone, Pa.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WALL PAPERS at factory prices. $2 will paper your room with the latest design of wall paper with border to match. First-class work guaranteed. We also do painting, whitewashing, kalsomining at low prices. New York Wall Paper Co., 338 Middlesex street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 67 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 35c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

WANTED—Housegirls at the Lowell Employment Office, 252 Merrimack street, opposite City hall.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.


## $15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid new 2 1-2 story hip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with tub, marble wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry; very sightly; near cars and school; will sell for $1800. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

## James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardner. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

## THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Gerrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey (Clerks) H. Gervais.

# GOLD OX WHISKEY

This Whiskey should be on every sideboard, in every home. In case of sickness it is invaluable. Its purity and stimulating qualities make it the best of tonics. Put up in 3 sizes, each full measure.

Quart, $1.00; Pint, 50c.; Half Pint, 25c.

CHARLES H. JOYCE,
5, 9 AND 15 MIDDLE STREET.

## SEASONABLE SPECIALTIES.

# LAWN MOWERS

See the leading makes. Our Ball Pawl $2.25 is a good one.

**Hose and Reels.** Every foot of our Hose is warranted 3, 5 and 7-ply. Reels from 75c. upwards

**Ice Cream Freezers.** White Mountain, Iceland and Arctic Freezers, will freeze cream in four minutes.

THE THOMPSON HARDWARE CO.
254-6 Merrimack Street.

# TEETH

$5 to $10 a Set

**No Charge For Extracting**

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $16 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Roofless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. H. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 24, 25, 32, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge.

# Friday and Saturday

We Shall Offer Some Exceptional Good Values in

TRIMMED HATS, WALKING HATS AND SAILORS.

HEAD & SHAW, THE MILLINERS, 169 Merrimack Street

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.

# BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

# THE SPANISH FLEET

Disturbs the water of the great deep and enables our fleet to make

# The Greatest Catch of the Season

| | |
|---|---|
| Extra Large Mackerel, | 25c. |
| Extra Large Shad, | 13c., 2 for 25c. |
| Extra Large Halibut, | 10c. to 15c. |
| Cod and Haddock, | 3c. |
| Strawberries, | 10c., 3 boxes for 25c. |

# Banner Market

PRESCOTT STREET.

FANCY

# Creamery Butter

SEE THIS STAMP ON EVERY PACKAGE.

Ask Your Grocer For It.

SHADY GROVE
Manchester N.H.
E.M.S.Co
Lawrence Mass.
SEPARATOR BUTTER

Ask Your Grocer For It.

No other Butter on the market today can Equal the Fine Flavor of the

"SHADY GROVE."

For Sale by all the Leading Grocers in the Merrimack River Valley from Franklin, N. H., to Newburyport, Mass.

# Austria's Despot, Spain's Friend.

## The Career of Francis Joseph, Uncle of Queen Christina.

### Making Every Effort to Secure European Interference In the War.

(BY THAD P. POWERS.)

The assurances of anxiety on the part of the Emperor Francis Joseph in the Crown of Spain and the cabled rumors of his efforts to raise Europe against the United States make the polyglot empire of his majesty a matter of direct interest to our people.

We have paid but little attention to the beer garden scenes lately in the Austrian Reichstag, and neither the discontent of the Magyars nor the political demands of the young Czechs, have much concerned the people of the United States, since the exile and death of Louis Kossuth. When the great Hungarian patriot came to this country the people of the United States gave him funds, a warm welcome in the name of freedom and the privileges usually accorded to a distinguished stranger in Washington. Mr. Seward and the late "Sunset" Cox and many others made warm speeches appealing to Magyars and to all American patriots alike to stand by the Hungarian cause. There is not any apology due Francis Joseph for our action in 1870. Though one portion of the dual Empire would probably reciprocate by now discountenancing acts of hostility against the United States on the part of the head of the state, it is nevertheless a fact that beyond wishing well to freedom everywhere we have not as a people taken any particular interest in Austro-Hungarian affairs for many years. We may do so again because it is almost impossible to doubt that the head of the House of Hapsburg has displayed both in his own person and in the case of his Majesty's Premier, Goluchowski, a tone of bitter unfriendliness to the people and institutions of the United States. Count Goluchowski has gone so far as to publicly urge upon Europe the necessity of combining against us commercially, and his august master has followed up this step by repeated invitations to European Courts to intervene in our contest with Spain in the common interest of the lame, crippled, humpbacked, bewigged and wrinkled monarchies of Europe. With the affairs of that continent we have no concern. It is not the intention of the United States to interfere in the domestic affairs of any foreign people. But our espousal of the case of Kossuth helped to create the autonomy of Hungary and as we have in this country many of the former subjects of the Austrian kaiser, the political condition of the people of central Europe can hardly be a matter of indifference to Americans.

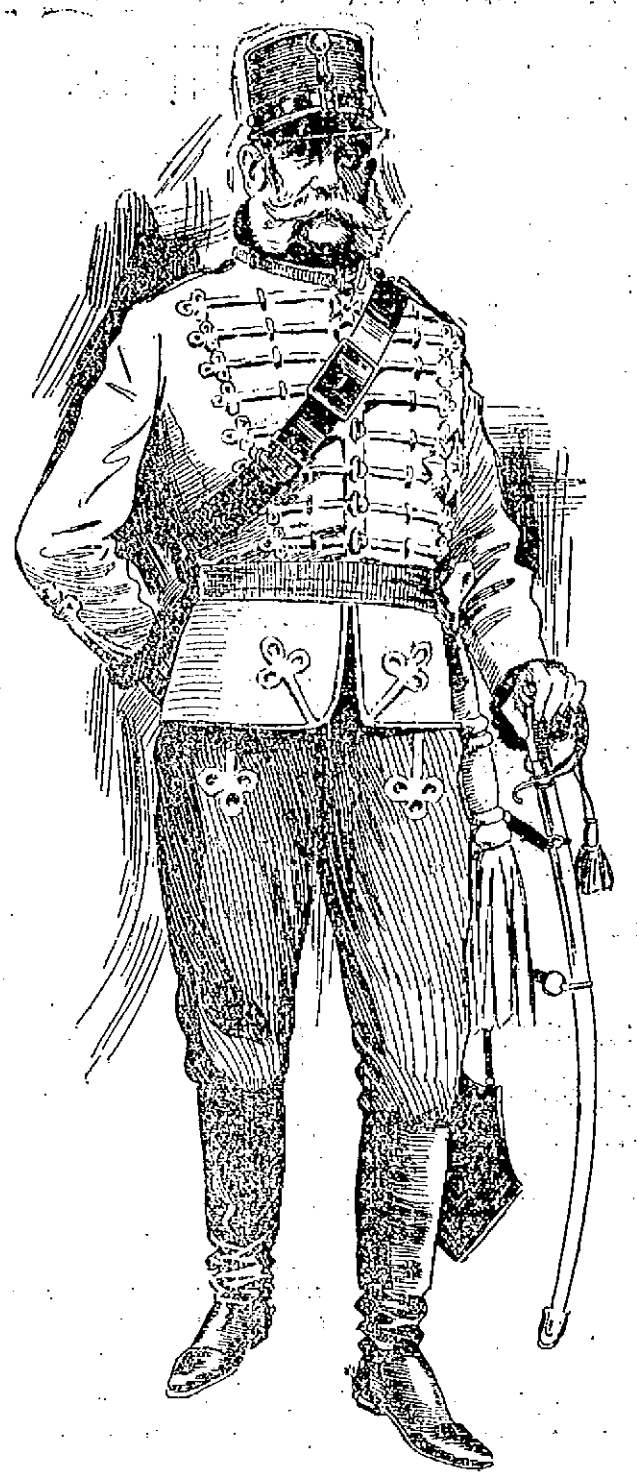
The people of the United States may therefore be compelled to renew their former interest in the Emperor Francis Joseph and his affairs, apart entirely from the fact that he may at any time spring into notice as the author of a European concert against the new forward policy of this country. Of course we have no fear of any such concert. And if all Europe would be so mad as to regard these United States as all Europe once regarded the First Napoleon, this country has enough of the former subjects of these European countries to stand between us and an American Waterloo, even if all the native Americans kept saying nothing but sawing wood. We need not raise a hand should such an issue be thrust upon us. Indeed the somewhat rickety throne of Austria would hardly bear such a strain just now as participation in a European concert would put upon it. And the opinion prevails in more centres than America that it is the tact and urbanity of the Emperor alone which makes the House of Hapsburg a factor at all in Europe; and that when Francis Joseph dies as many lines of cleavage are likely to set in through his mosaic empire as manifested themselves in the once proud Empire of Charlemagne, of which there is now no trace.

The present Emperor was hardly seated on the throne in 1848 when he saw the expulsion of Louis Philippe engender a revolution among his subjects, and it is not unlikely that to the fear of seeing the throne of the Bourbons fall in Spain, and thus the contagion spread from Madrid to Vienna, is due much of that solicitous interest in us now shown by the Emperor of Austro-Hungary. It is not our fault but Spain's misfortune that the proud and pedigreed race over which his majesty's niece is Queen Regent, should so conduct itself in Cuba as to make American intervention a humane necessity as was that of Austria in Bosnia and Herzegovina in 1870.

It may therefore so happen that Francis Joseph would court the fates and that the close of his reign would see the renewal of those aspirations for liberty which in 1848 drove Prince Metternich from the Austrian Capital, and gave a free constitution to the Austrian people. The present Emperor bught not to forget that it was the abdication of his uncle Ferdinand which kept the Hapsburg dynasty from falling in 1848. In order to qualify him for reigning in this crisis, Francis Joseph, then a minor, was declared of age so as to give his ascent of the throne the legal sanction of the constitution in the eyes of the people. It was only through the assistance of wiser councils that those who now surround him, that the young Emperor was proclaimed, and it was through the military aid of Russia and by rather clever manipulation of the popular forces that a peace was maintained which secured the succession.

Nor can we forget that the practice of petty intrigues such as is now attributed to him well becomes the Emperor and his family. For a thousand years the House of Hapsburg has maintained itself by crimes that call for the condemnation of the decalogue. It was by these arts that the dukes of Austria pushed that insignificant state into the proportions of an Empire. It was a duke of Austria that betrayed Richard Plantaganet to the Saracens. It was a duke of Austria that held Richard Coeur de Leon for twelve years in a Danubian castle; and another of the race that did all manner of hideous things in order to incorporate the crowns of Bohemia, Transylvania and Austria. The character of his ancestors also well befits the present Emperor. In the dispute between England and France in 1864 the aim of the Emperor of Austria was to trim between the contending powers. Calling himself an ally of the Western powers he came out of the scramble protector of Moldavia and Wallachia, and so became one of the contracting parties of the peace of Paris in 1856. He thus vastly solidified himself in the seat into which adventitious circumstances had thrust him. He was also successful in the attempt to maintain for a long time the predominance of Austria over Prussia in the Germanic Diet; and no one will deny that the ill-starred attept of his brother Maximilian to subvert the Monroe Doctrine had the full and unconditional approval of the whole Austrian Court. He was then the enemy of America as he is to-day. Therefore there are many probabilities as well as some powerful dynastic reasons why the cables from Paris which speak of the pernicious activity of Austria do no injustice to the Austrian Emperor, whose family masked in piety have ever been the unscrupulous foes of liberty, and of whom a caustic writer has well said that "they gave idiots to Spain in the guise of Kings, harlots to France in the guise of Queens, tyrants to the Netherlands in the guise of regents, monsters to the new world in the guise of warriors and empty-headed bigots to lord it over the brave people of the Holy Roman Empire." This is a crushing indictment and it is perhaps one of the retributions of avenging time that the man who is now conspiring against us has no direct heir for the throne his fathers had stolen and is likely to be succeeded by a madman who is never likely to reign and who is one of the wickedest men on earth.

So much for the last of the Bourbons.



FRANCIS JOSEPH OF AUSTRIA, THE FRIEND OF SPAIN.

# Cass Named Fifty Years Ago

## May 22nd. Marks the Half Century Since His Nomination.

### The Story of A Remarkable American Who Missed the Presidency.

The fiftieth anniversary of the nomination of Lewis Cass to the Presidency which takes place on May 22 reminds us of the period when annexation was an issue in American politics. General Cass was one of those great Americans whose fate it was to be first in their day in the hearts and esteem of their countrymen and yet who were never destined to reach the Presidency. He was a candidate in 1844 for the Presidential nomination which fell to James K. Polk; again when the annexation of Texas was the issue and once more in 1852 while representing Michigan in the United States Senate.

The northwest is said to be the foster child of the republic, and if so, General Lewis Cass was its putative father. A great portion of his life was devoted to introducing settlers, popular government, modern habits of life and legal methods of procedure into the five states north of the Ohio River. In Americanizing this immense region he deserves an abiding place in the history of American statesmen.

Politically considered Cass like Henry Clay and James G. Blaine was from the standpoint of the statesman better qualified by experience and attainments for the executive office than any man of his day. He was also the man for whom the people would doubtless have voted if the choice had been theirs, but he was apparently too timid, too fine-grained and too scholarly a man to find favor with the caucus and the ring. He was a jurist and pleader of national reputation, a soldier who had seen service in the war with England under General Hull, an administrator of affairs first as Governor of Michigan and later as Secretary of War and finally as Minister to France. As a statesman whom Lord Brougham thought it necessary to cross swords with Cass in his day and throughout an extended career proved to be a prudent cautious legislator who could have brought ripe experience and rare attainments to the Presidency, had he been elected in 1848.

The defeat of Cass and the election of Taylor are principally interesting now because the annexation of new territory and the desire of the people for expansion and for a foreign policy different to that of the whimpering whigs, was the chief cause which told in the National Democratic Convention. Cass was a man of argument and of peace. Taylor was rather a man of action than of argument who favored the Texas war and who despised these metaphysical niceties and ethical principles which are usually the stock in trade of the peace at any price party. Cass had negotiated no fewer than twenty-two treaties through which were secured the cession to the United States by the various Indian tribes what is now the great northwest. Taylor, too, had led the Texas campaign and had brought into the Union but in the opposite direction, viz., the Southwest, a country as large as France. Southern interests were then predominant and though Cass was the plumed knight of peace chiefly from the circumstance that he had made effective reply to Lord Brougham in the Senate, and had resisted the English right to search American vessels, nevertheless General Taylor's policy won the day and he was elected. On the first attempt of Cass to reach the Presidency he was not an active candidate. His name had been put forward by his friends, and everywhere throughout the Union there was a general acquiescence as to his fitness, but Polk triumphed at the convention. Cass then took the stump vigorously for him throughout the canvass. In the following January Cass was elected to the Senate. But previous to the second attempt Mr. Cass made no secret of his Presidential intentions and in order to fit himself for the campaign he resigned as Senator for Michigan to thus meet his fate a second time. He was then 66 years of age and had accumulated a large private fortune. Cass was then probably the richest man in the Union and had for an American attracted unusual attention in Paris by the sumptuous nature of his living, and by his social entertainments. Seeing the failure of his earlier attempt, and how by following the weak-kneed foreign policy of the Whigs he had been superceded by a dark horse like Polk on the previous occasion, Cass now made himself the special champion of the famous "Fifty-four, forty or fight!" demand which tickled the hearts and aroused the highest patriotism of the people throughout the homes of the northwest. He had early seen the importance of Americans possessing Canada and in December, 1846, Senator Cass had introduced a resolution similar to that of Senator Chandler's in October, 1895, holding up the spectre of war and insisting that nothing but concessions or sensible precautions could prevent armed collision with Great Britain. From henceforth he was the trader of the "fifty-four, fifties" or the jingoes as they would now be called. Accordingly in the campaign of 1844 Cass became the hot favorite of the Democratic party. But being more of a statesman than a mere politician he was defeated, the question of "Squatter Sovereignity," and incidentally the hostility of British interests having contributed to the confusion or disruption of the Cass contingent. There were "Barnburners" and "Free Soilers" and "Cotton Whigs" and "Conscience Whigs" and "Hunkers" and regular "Democrats" and "Roundheads," while the great central facts stood out against Cass that he had wabbled with Webster on the doctrine of annexation in 1844 and that he had flirted with the question of State's rights, but above all was Van Buren's opposition.

It was the often-expressed opinion of William H. Seward that Van Buren never committed but one fatal error in politics, and that was when, nursing resentment at his failure to secure the nomination in 1844, he permitted a wing of his party to nominate him as a hopeless candidate in 1848, thereby entailing just what was intended to be entailed, the defeat of the Democratic candidate.

General Cass was never greater than in the hour of his defeat by General Taylor in 1848. He looked upon himself merely as the representative of his party, and took his defeat with perfect composure and without resentment. It was the party which was defeated, and not Cass, the man, in his opinion, and the simple dignity with which, after having served for a time in the Cabinet of Buchanan, he retired from public life to his home in Michigan, was a beautiful indication of the man's real greatness.

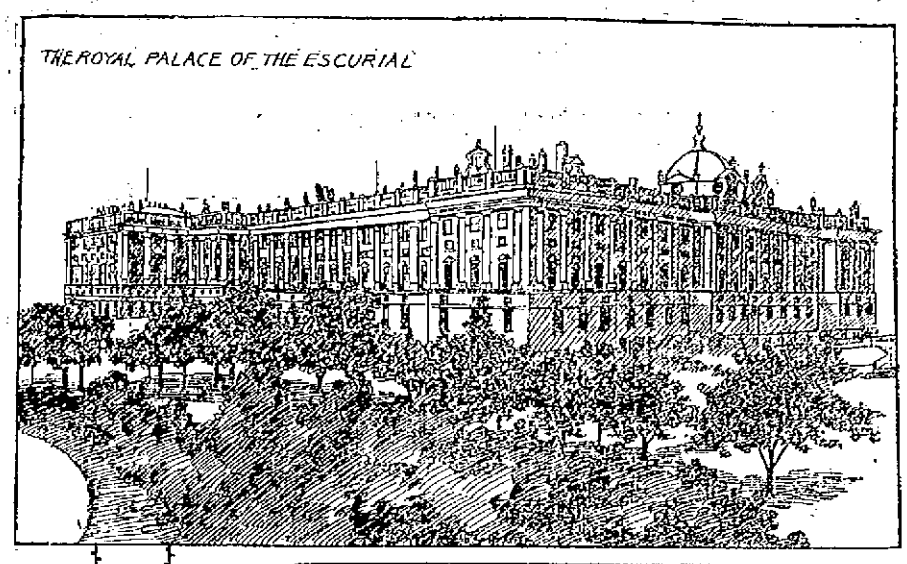
In the Senate, however, he wielded a powerful influence, and with Henry Clay opposed the claims of the southern states to such an extent that Cass will always be considered one of those great Americans who built up this nation and who furthered policies calculated to strengthen it in the North and to free it from the cause of slavery in the South.

Webster, Clay and Cass are a trio of American statesmen who graced the Senate or the office of the Secretary of State and who even if none of them ever attained to the Presidency, worthily maintained the traditions of this country a generation ago. He was not a Washington in National significance, nor a Lincoln in Administration, nor a Grant in arms, but he was a true American who stood up against Lord Brougham and Clarendon for the rights of his country. He was a man of sound judgment. Physically he had a large figure, with massive head, firm mouth, and features that bespoke earnestness, animation, Americanism and personal and political integrity.

The career of Cass is the more appropriate study just now because some of the difficulties he confronted and some of the policies he advocated may become of live interest as a result of the present war.

—M. C. McN.

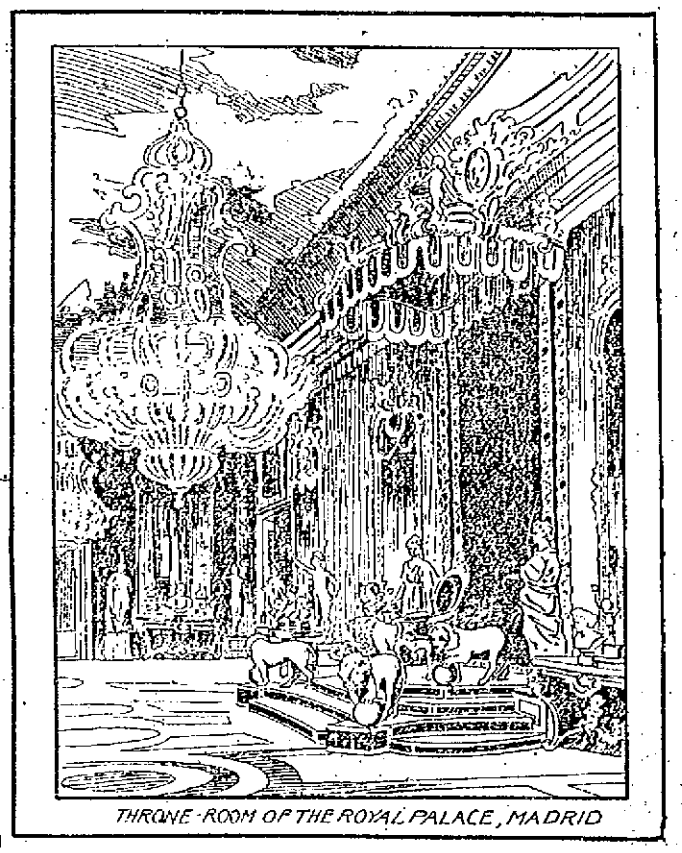
# Wonders of Spain's Royal Palace, The Escurial.



THE ROYAL PALACE OF THE ESCURIAL

A Spanish Minister was once privately and unofficially sounded as to whether Spain would sell Cuba. "You might as well expect my country to sell the Escurial," was the reply, from which it is to be inferred that the Escurial is the most highly prized of the National institution of Spain.

An American correspondent who had himself recommended to the Queen Regent of Spain recently sent to his paper a long account of the number of "landings" he had to climb and of the footmen to whom he had to present his audience card at each landing before he reached the royal chamber in the Escurial. The Escurial is said by Spaniards to be one of the eight wonders of the world.



THRONE-ROOM OF THE ROYAL PALACE, MADRID

For ages the interior magnificence of this pile of buildings has been in sharp contrast to the wretchedness and misery outside; but in this latter respect the Escurial does not differ from the churches and other public edifices in Spain before which beggars implore every visitor for alms. Whiners for "caredid por so amor de dios" are everywhere seen in Spain save perhaps those royal chambers whose gorgeousness so much impressed the interviewer of Queen Christina, or in the cloisters attached to them.

The Escurial is one of the great historical edifices of Europe of the Sixteenth Century. It is of a vast size and of beautiful and harmonious design, reminding us of the richness and of the faded glory of the palmy days of old Castille when Bernardio del Carpio or the Cid contended for rewards of chivalry on the Field of the Cloth of Gold.

It was erected by Philip II. in 1562, during the greater part of whose reign artificers and artists of all kinds were busy in its various decorations. Philip the Second's idea was to make a sacrifice in it to eternity, and set it out in competition with the vaults of Heaven itself; and so give to Spaniards something that would eclipse the glory of the stars. It took all the choice tradesmen and painters and designers of Europe twenty-two years to erect the Escurial in the midst of the beggary and wretchedness of Madrid. It cost eight million dollars and came to be erected by Philip as an act of contrition for having battered down at the battle of St. Quentin an old monastery of friars. He made a vow if he won the battle against the French that he would erect such a monument to St. Lorenzo as the world had never seen; and so it is hoped that if American troops have to invade Spain that they will spare the Escurial. It would be very useful to us as a factory when the frescoes were removed and the beggars outside were brought in and taught St. Paul's doctrine that to labor was to pray. It is now famous as the treasury of all the artistic wealth of the Spanish crown, pictures by Velasquez, statuary by Michael Angelo, plate from Nuremburg, tapestry from the Netherlands and tribute from Cuba. It contains a palace of the most exquisite and unrivalled grandeur, a library rich in all the records of the Christian world, a church with chalices and vessels and ornaments of gold that if melted down would relieve the chronic poverty of the nation; a convent, a college and a mausoleum in which repose the Bourbon Kings and all of the Queens who have borne them heirs. From the days of Philip the II to the present the religious services of the temple have been performed by a long line of friars who have deported themselves with a magnificence worthy of their splendid abode and one of whom, Antonia de Villacastin superintended the building from start to finish. It is built in the form of a gridiron to typify Valerian's roasting of St. Lorenzo on a slow fire, the handle being a huge palace where the Queen resides, and the body an assembly of quadrangular cloisters, one corresponding to each month in the year. The Church which is the center piece of the Escurial is a splendid structure built on the model of St. Peter's at Rome. The mausoleum which lies below the great altar is reached by many polished steps of black marble between walls of jaspar. All within this abode of the dead royalty of Spain is of black marble also, and twenty-four niches awaited each successive monarch whom death had called to his fathers. Each of these shelves contains a sarcophagus whose mortal remains are enclosed, while outside his name is inscribed in letters of gold. The seventeenth would have contained the remains of the late Queen Isabella had she died before her abdication and exile. It is now destined to receive the remains of Queen Christina if Spain continues a monarchy at the time of her death.

The Escurial is therefore at once the residence, the retreat and almost the fortress of Spain's monarchs while in the flesh, and the sepulchral receptacle of their uncrowned ashes when they depart this world. It is a sort of Spanish tower of Babel to shelter them in life and destined to preserve their names in imperishable and melancholy grandeur from the consecrated rottenness amidst which so many of these monarchs lived, and relics of which like the spectres and sovriners from the Inquisition still seem to surround them in death as the originals affected them in life. Impressed as we may be by its magnificent frescoes and fascades as Longfellow says:

"Yet something sombre and severe
"O'er the enchanted landscape reigned,
"A terror in the atmosphere
"As if King Philip listened near,
"Or Torquemada the austere
"His ghostly sway maintained."

The reverence which the Spaniards entertain for the place is such that the one ambition of the goatherd from the provinces of the Alcalde, from Barcelona or Seville is to see the Escurial before he dies. When the padres want to impress the people with the magnificence of Heaven they attempt a description of the Escurial, and, invariably wind up their sermons by telling the Spaniard that there is "but one step from the Escurial to the Golden Halls of Heaven." This is a rather efficacious method of impressing imagination, for even in the eyes of irreverent unbelievers architecturally considered the place vividly recalls the sombre memories of the Spanish past. There are the scenes of the pious vows of Charles V., of human pain in the days of the autos-da-fe and of Cardinal Ximines when questioned by the grandees as to where he obtained his authority to act as Spanish Regent, pointing to the assembled soldiers in the Court Yard below "By these, my Lord, I obtained my authority and with these I shall defend it," an answer which was deemed to reveal sufficiently divine authority for the frightened Dons did not deem it wise to ask any further questions on the subject.

The Escurial was ravaged twice, once by fire soon after it was erected by Philip II., and still later when Houssuye and the French sacked it.

## CLAY PIPES.

The largest tobacco-pipe factory in the world is located in Appomattox county, near Pamplin City.

It had been known for many years prior to the war between the States that there existed clay in that county well adapted to the manufacture of tobacco pipes, but the industry was carried on in the most desultory way.

But at the close of the war the whites turned their attention to the clay deposits. It was a necessity, and not a matter of choice.

The war had swept away everything. The implements with which the pipes were manufactured were simple and rude.

The pipes were sold to local merchants, who shipped them to wholesale dealers in northern cities, who sold them to retailers throughout the country.

Among the retail dealers who purchased a lot of these pipes man's place was a groceryman in a little town in Ohio. He sold them at from 2 to 5 cents apiece, and found them very popular.

Among those who purchased one was a wealthy citizen of the town. He smoked nothing else for some time, and finally inquired of the groceryman as to where the pipes were made. The latter could only give the name of the wholesale dealer from whom he had purchased, but from him the gentleman learned that the pipes were made from a clay bank in the County of Appomattox, in Virginia.

The gentleman saw that the pipes were of very rude construction. He grew interested, and finally his mind dwelt so much upon the subject that he went to the little town of Appomattox. He went at once to the store of the dealer in pipes, and was not long in finding that the best were made at a bank about eight miles away, at what is now Pamplin City.

The rest is soon told. The land was purchased for a small sum, buildings erected, the latest machinery installed and soon the kilns were smoking.

Some very smart and novel tailor effects are produced this season, with the simplest kind of spring and summer materials—notably piques, dimities, linen crashes, cotton reps, in white and colors, sheer wool bareges, vellings, and cross lines.

## THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, WEDNESDAY, MAY 25.
Sun rises—4:14; sets, 7:03.
Moon sets—11:07 p. m.
High tide—2:15 a. m.; 2:30 p. m.

The indications for New England are showers, followed by clearing weather; fair Wednesday. The temperature will rise slowly, with westerly winds, becoming variable. Unsettled weather is probable again by Thursday.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

ROCKING CHAIRS WITH TEA.

We have received a big lot of Rocking Chairs. One with a pound of 60c. Tea while they last. Dickson Bros., the Big Tea Dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

GARDEN SETS WITH TEA.

A good time to get your Garden Sets "is now." A large size "three piece set" with a pound of 60c. Tea, "only at" Dickson Bros. Tea Store, 68 Merrimack street.

## LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

Stationery at wholesale and retail. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

REFRIGERATORS at A. E. O'Heir & Co.'s, 16 Merrimack street.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson St. Telephone, 439-4.

Five cases of scarlet fever were reported to the Dracut board of health last week.

Wednesday afternoon sewer department employes will have a flag raising in the city yard.

Telephone W. E. Livingson, 15 Thorndike street, for a little of that Cannel coal for your open grate. Look at your coal bin, too.

The cards are out for the marriage of Mr. Thomas J. Callahan and Miss Hannah A. Conway at St. Andrew's church, North Billerica, June 6.

### A BAND OF MUSIC COULD PLAY IN THE ICE CHEST.

The largest ice chest in the city is now at the Crystal, 40 Worthen street, opp. City Hall. It will now hold 50 barrels of ale and 49 barrels of the best lager and 30 tons of ice. You will not have to go to the sea-shore to get cooled off this summer.

### PROPOSED CYCLE PATH.

There is much talk among the wheelmen of Haverhill regarding the construction of a cycle path between that city and Lawrence, says the Haverhill Gazette. This is something that would be appreciated by all wheelmen and if a sufficient number can be brought together to discuss the matter, the plan no doubt, would be successful. The path would start from the terminus of River street in Haverhill and continue along the tracks of the L. L. & H. road. Mr. Bradley, a large real estate tate owner, and who controls most of the land between River street and the Lawrence road, visted J. Fred Adams, of Haverhill, Thursday and had a long talk regarding this path. He states that the latter could be constructed for about $1000 and that shares could be sold among the wheelmen to raise the required amount.

As the wheelmen have been unable to have a state road built between that city and Lawrence, the cycle path would be a great improvement to the road, which is now in a bad condition for wheels.

### ST. MICHAEL'S BAZAAR

SUCCESSFULLY OPENS ITS SECOND WEEK WITH NEW ATTRACTIONS.

The second week of the bazaar in aid of St. Michael's church opened last evening with a large attendance. The Cadet orchestra furnished the evening's entertainment with the assistance of James Quinlan in humorous selections.

The tables were all liberally patronized and a fine sum in anticipated when the bazaar shall have been concluded.

The tables represent two divisions presided over by Frs. Scannell and Gilday, and the friendly rivalry between the two augurs well for their success.

### GRIEVANCE EXPOSED

TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL COMPLAIN OF INJUSTICE.

To the Press of Lowell:

At the last meeting of the Trades and Labor Council, a grievance was presented by the Stationery Firemen's union of Lowell. Said grievance is against the present license law, which compels a fireman to pay $1.00 to the commonwealth without promising him any protection whatever against the incompetent man having no license.

In Chapter 516, Section 1, the principal loophole is presented. This section states in part that: "It shall be unlawful for any owner or user of any steam boiler or engine to operate or cause to be operated (this last clause has since been stricken out) a boiler or engine for a period of more than one week without a duly licensed engineer or fireman in charge. This section does not prevent the owner from still employing an unlicensed man for one week and at the end of this week discharging him only to commence at the beginning of the following week with no fear of being held liable for violating the law.

Citizens generally were led to suppose that all firemen were compelled to possess a license, but the latest ruling of the district police on the case is in effect that if an engineer holds a license and takes care of the water in the boiler, that it is not necessary for any fireman to hold a license, but such being the case, does not prevent the commonwealth from still accepting the money of a too-confiding fireman for a license which under the existing monument of professional political tactics, cannot possibly afford them any possible protection. In the next state elections this may play a prominent part, as the firemen of Massachusetts have declared a war to the knife to have a legal law enacted that shall not be a farce intended to draw hard-earned money from their pockets.

Organized labor of this state is becoming heartily sick of having the wool pulled over their eyes and have at last declared their intention of having laws suitable to them or knowing the reason why.

(Signed)
Executive Committee Trades and Labor Council.

To Cure Constipation Forever, Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

# THE WAR REVENUE

## Measure Talked Over in Congress Yesterday.

SENATORS MAKE LONG WINDED SPEECHES.

### An Important Statement by Senator Allison.

Washington, May 24.—For five hours yesterday the senate had the war revenue measure under discussion. The entire time was occupied by Mr. Chilton, Mr. Lodge and Mr. Turley. While Mr. Lodge confined himself to a discussion of the proposed tax on corporations and bank deposits, strongly urging that such taxes be not imposed, Mr. Chilton and Mr. Turley covered pretty fully the general features of the bill. Their speeches dealt comprehensively with the theories of taxation, and were therefore in the very nature of things legal and technical dissertations upon the subject. The necessity for bonds did not now exist, in Mr. Chilton's opinion, and he did not think it would exist at any time during the present war.

SENATOR THOMAS B. TURLEY.

Mr. Lodge felt that if the corporations were taxed by both the state and the national government it would result in shutting many of them out of business. Ultimately the states would be forced in levying state and municipal taxes to place additional burdens upon real estate, thus further oppressing the very people whom it was the professed desire of the corporation tax advocates to relieve. For the United States to tax the corporations would result in the destruction of a great source of revenue to the states. He objected to the corporation tax because it was unfair and inequitable, and he also opposed the tax on bank deposits, particularly those in savings banks. In Massachusetts, he said, the savings banks contained deposits exceeding $500,000,000. The average amount deposited was $264. This money belonged to the poor people, the wage earners of the state, and if the tax were levied upon these deposits a blow would be struck directly at a class which ought not to be stricken and among whom thrift ought to be encouraged.

According to a statement made by Senator Allison in the senate, the change made by the committee on finance at its meeting Saturday, increasing the rate on cigars to $3.60 per thousand, applies to cigars weighing more than three pounds to the thousand and not to those weighing less.

### ROAD HOUSES RAIDED.

ON THE ROAD BETWEEN LOWELL AND ANDOVER.

The Nashua correspondent to the Manchester Union says:

Saturday evening was also a banner evening with the police. They began a work which the entire community hopes they will pursue in all directions until one of Nashua's most flagrant evils is stamped out. The house of ill-fame known as the Hillside Inn on the Lowell road was raided by Captain Campbell, Inspector Flood and Policemen Downey and Mahar, and the proprietor, Martin Van Buren Thompson and six inmates were corraled. The inmates were four girls and two men.

They will be arraigned in the morning before Judge Holt and will probably tell the same stories that they usually do. Mr. Thompson, it might be said, is not the only pebble on the beach which the police should add to their collection of curios. There are others and they are not all hanging out on the Lowell road.

### LABOR NOTES.

To Slasher-Tenders and Helpers:

You are hereby notified to attend a meeting of your organization on Tuesday evening, the 24th inst. As important business will be transacted we trust your attendance will be large, so as to produce satisfying results. The rule made by unanimous consent of the society in reference to the unfinancial members will terminate at the close of this meeting; hence we hope if there is any unfinancial members who are as yet heedless to their personal interests that they will now respond and avail themselves of the opportunity.

Meeting at 7.30 p. m., Bay State hall.
(Signed) —Executive Committee.
May 21, 1898.

### HOME FROM IRELAND.

Mr. Fred D. Hastings, son of James Hastings, of O'Donnell & Gilbride's, has returned from Ireland, where he spent much of the past year. He visited many relatives in Belfast and other parts of Ulster and brought with him many souvenirs of his trip. He says the Irish people are in full sympathy with the United States in this war.

Does Your Back Ache?

In constant pain when on your feet?

Is that dragging, pulling sensation with you from morn till night?

Why not put the medicine exactly on the disease? Why not apply the cure right to the spot itself?

You can do it with

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster

Immediately after the Plaster is applied, you feel its warming, soothing influence. Its healing remedies quickly penetrate down deep into the inflamed tissues. Pain is quieted, soreness is relieved and strength imparted.

No plaster was ever made like it. No plaster ever acted so quickly and thoroughly. No plaster ever had such complete control over all kinds of pain.

Placed over the chest it is a powerful aid to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; relieving congestion and drawing out all inflammation.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

# HON. E. J. SLATTERY

## Will be Supported by Mass. Hibernians

FOR THE OFFICE OF NATIONAL PRESIDENT.

### Meeting Will be Held in Trenton.

The members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians throughout New England will be pleased to learn that the program for the 42d national biennial convention of the A.O.H. in America has just been issued.

The convention is to be held at Trenton, N. J., beginning Monday, June 27, and will continue during the week.

The call, which is issued from the office of the arbitrator, Rt. Rev. James A. McFaul, bishop of Trenton, is signed by P. J. Connor, national president; E. S. Phillips, national secretary, and Bishop McFaul. Among other things, it states:

"To the officers and members of the A.O.H. in America—Greeting:

"The county and state organizations throughout the country, having accepted by harmonious action the provisions of the decision of the right reverend arbitrator, it now becomes our duty to call formally the accredited delegates to the national convention to be held in Trenton, N. J., which will begin June 27, 1898, and continue until the affairs connected therewith shall have been transacted.

"As the convention is held in pursuance of the right reverend arbitrator's decision, it is to be regulated thereby, and its deliberations will be modeled upon the suggestions embodied therein.

"It is hardly necessary to remind you that the convention will be of such a nature as to render it one of the most important ever held in the history of the order, and it is, therefore, of supreme necessity to remember and weigh well your sacred traditions and aims, so that it may be characterized by friendship, unity, and Christian charity.

"In issuing this call, we may be permitted to express the hope that the good will and harmony existing in the order may be still more intimately knit together by this national convention, and that the organization, with increased strength, courage and influence, may continue in the path marked out for it by its noble principles."

The delegates to the convention from Massachusetts are: Hon. Edward J. Slattery, South Framingham, state president; John W. Glynn, Springfield, state vice president; Patrick F. Cannon, Clinton, state secretary; Martin J. Roche, Charlestown, state treasurer; Rev. John P. Cummins, Roslindale, state chaplain and about 30 others, representing the 11 counties.

The Massachusetts delegation will present the name of Hon. Edward J. Slattery as a candidate for the office of national president of the reunited A.O.H., and as Mr. Slattery is one of the most prominent and popular officials in the country, it is generally conceded that his chances for success are very good.

The state president, state vice president, state secretary, and state treasurer, together with several others of the delegation, represented Massachusetts at the national convention held two years ago at Detroit. They are well versed in convention work, and it will not surprise the A.O.H. if Massachusetts is successful in capturing the highest office of honor in the order.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

VICTORIOUS

1000 IVER JOHNSON'S,
500 FITCHBURG'S

For the Government. Other wheels were tested, but the honest cycle swept everything before them. If these wheels are good enough for the government, they're good enough for you. Price $40 and $50. Cash or credit.

RING'S BIG STORE, 221-229 Dutton Street.

### THE JUVENILE DIAMOND.

Before Saturday's game, the Shamrocks were anxious to play Hood's team; now they will give the Laboritorians any date, the game to be played on any grounds and for any money the challenged nine desires.

The Wannalancits had their batting eyes with them Saturday but they crowded the error column and therefore their defeat.

The Mysteries and Shamrocks will cross bats next Saturday if the Hoods do not intervene in the meantime.

Ryan, who pitched the Mathews to victory, did only what we predicted for him. Now it is Murray's turn to go him one better, which we think the North common player capable of doing.

The Fairmonts are trying to get Hood's team again for next Saturday.

The Shamrocks and Fairmonts will play for a purse of $10 on Saturday, June 4. The grounds will be decided upon by the managers in the meantime.

If the Mathews do not accept their chance now they will regret it later. For a good thing never goes unnoticed in the game of base ball and it is safe to say that Murray never had a peer on the Juvenile Diamond.

Birk stood in a good way of winning that game for the Emeralds had he been given a chance.

Fahey, who pitched for the Shamrocks Saturday, struck out nearly half of the necessary 27 Defender batsmen.

Ryan vs. Murray would make a pretty contest. It will surely be so if the Mathews refuse to sign the latter player.

Stirk and Ryan are two illustrations of the fact that the writer is not off in his conclusions concerning the introduction of a few good young players into the City league.

The Young Columbians defeated the Lincolns by a score of 13 to 11. Challenges from 13-year-old teams by the former team will be received by Eddie Smith.

The Elms want a game with the Mystery club for Memorial day.

### G.A.R. LOT.

The G.A.R. lot in the Lowell cemetery will be dedicated next Saturday afternoon by Post 120 with appropriate exercises. The trustees of the lot have been presented with a beautiful urn by the Ladies' Relief Corps.

### FLAG RAISING.

THE BOOTT SAID TO HAVE MADE A COLLECTION.

Dear Editor—Please allow me a space in your valuable paper, of which I am a constant reader. I would like to inform the public of what I call a small scheming plan of the Boott corporation to devise means by which to bleed their poorly paid help and the gall of them, too, after cutting off ten per cent. of their starvation wages. The corporation intend to raise a flag this week and so to defray the expenses of the flag they sent around their second-hands to collect five or ten cents throughout the mills, with the understanding it was to pay for the band to play at the flag raising. Now I don't object to the band playing, and for the flag raising, I am as patriotic and perhaps more so than the authors of the scheme, but what I do object to is the miserable plan to get the helps' scanty few cents back again, as they did last Saturday, but did get none of mine. I don't value the 5 cents or even 25, but I detest the corporations and trusts that try to skin the help of a few cents out of their hard earned few dollars they receive weekly. If they want to be patriotic, why not do it at their own expense, and not out of their employes' scanty earnings.

Yours very respectfully,
—Boott Operative.

Next Saturday, members of Bachman Hose company of Dracut will have a flag raising.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

Linen Dept.

We have about 150 Remnants of Red Damask and bleached and half-bleached Satin Damask Table Linen which we shall close out at one-half their value.

14 pieces Turkey Red Damask, extra fine quality, good patterns, worth 50c. a yard, at 37 1-2c.

Towels.

20 dozen All Linen Huck and Cotton Turkish Bath Towels, worth 17c. each., at 12 1-2c. each.

Flags.

A large lot of Cotton Flags, made in imitation of wool bunting, fast colors, sizes 30x45, with six foot pole and gilt spear top, worth $1 each, at only 50c.

Percales.

The very best quality of Percale, good colors, excellent designs, full 36 inches wide, perfect goods, for only 12 1-2c. yard.

Dress Ginghams

15 pieces extra fine quality Dress Ginghams, handsome plaids, worth 37 1-2c a yard, our price 25c.

Crash.

10 pieces unbleached, heavy Linen Crash, suitable for hand towels or rollers, 21 inches wide, worth 15c. a yard, at only 10c.

Special values all this week in Prints, Ginghams, Cotton Cloth, etc., etc.

ARE YOU

Interested in CABINET FILES? If so, come and see the WABASH, the best and most economical Cabinet File in use today. It is a money saver.

LAWLER, FASHIONABLE STATIONER AND BOOKSELLER,
79 MERRIMACK AND 15 JOHN STREETS.
Telephone 378-4.

HASTE, HASTE, HASTEN!

To this great and royal feast of bargains prepared especially for the wage earners and all others who either from necessity or choice are inclined to dress economically by

T. H. Lane & Co.,

Ready Cash Buyers and Sellers of Clothing, Hats and Furnishings.

LAST WEEK OF THE

BIG SLAUGHTER SALE

OF THE BANKRUPT STOCK OF THE MANUFACTURERS' RELIEF CO. IN THE

Old Boston & Maine Depot, Central Street

This has been the most successful and cash-deriving sale ever undertaken and carried to a successful finish. We are more than pleased with our success and now announce that we are here to stay as long as the people continue to appreciate what we are doing for them. While the buying public is on our side we cannot be driven out by jealous competitors.

We are the largest ready cash buyers and sellers of manufacturers' stocks in New England and are constantly adding to our stock the product of makers forced to realize at once on their goods to avoid disaster, owing to the dull trade. They cannot sell to dealers who are obliged to buy on time, but must come where they know the cash is always ready and we make the price.

Buy of us now and save at least one-third of what regular dealers would charge for the same goods.

Read These Prices Then Come and Look at the Goods.

About 100 of those Wool Suits which have created such a sensation left, at $2.98.

One lot of new styled Spring Suits in up-to-date plaids, only $3.98.

10 styles of all-wool Suits in plaids, stripes, checks or mixtures, light or medium dark color, light and medium weights, good value anywhere at $8.00 and $10.00. Price made specially for this week, $4.98.

The largest assortment of styles and the best quality of cloths, with great superiority of making and trimmings in the line of suits we are selling. $6.90.

100 Clay Worsted Black Dress Suits in frocks and sacks, regular $12 quality, while they last, $7.89.

Youths' Long Pants Suits, made and trimmed in the most thorough manner with an eye to durability—dainty styles for the larger boys. Prices from 98c. to $2.98.

A tremendous variety of Men's Pants and every pair sold under price.

200 pairs Working Pants, 98c.

1000 pairs Worsted Plaids and Stripes for dress wear, $1.98, $2.49, $2.98.

All the new styles in Stiff and Soft Hats. Every Hat sold at a guaranteed price of 50 cents less than any other store will sell same quality.

20 new patterns in Fancy Shirts with collars and cuffs. We confidently pronounce this the greatest bargain shown this season at 39c.

| | |
|---|---|
| Balbriggan Underwear, | 19c. |
| French Balbriggan Underwear, | 29c. |
| Medium Weight Underwear, | 39c. |
| Extra bargains in Socks, | 8c. |
| 25c. Neckwear, | 19c. |
| 50c. Neckwear, | 29c. |
| 75c. Neckwear, | 39c. |
| 50c. Overalls, | 39c. |

Store Open on Monday, Friday and Saturday Evenings

THE ONLY ONE

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full telegraphic day service of the Associated Press by its own operator in its own office. That's why it leads all its local rivals in the latest war news.

# THE LOWELL SUN

SECOND HAND PAPERS

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot, you must buy The Lowell Sun.

21ST YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, MAY 24, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

# FLEET IS LOCATED

## Cervera's Movements Known and Plans Completed to Destroy His Squadron.

## SPAIN'S FLEET DESTROYED

### So Says a London Despatch as Yet Unconfirmed.

### The Navy Officials Have Heard Nothing From Sampson or Schley—Cervera's Fleet Has Left Santiago De Cuba—Other Despatches.

Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.

LONDON, MAY 23.—PERSISTENT RUMORS WERE IN CIRCULATION HERE TODAY TO THE EFFECT THAT A GREAT NAVAL BATTLE HAD BEEN FOUGHT IN THE VICINITY OF THE WINDWARD PASSAGE, BETWEEN THE EASTERN END OF CUBA AND THE WESTERN PART OF HAYTI, IN WHICH THE AMERICAN SQUADRON CLOSED IN UPON THE SPANISH CAPE VERDE SQUADRON, COMMANDED BY ADMIRAL CERVERA AND COMPLETELY DESTROYED THE SPANISH SHIPS.

A DESPATCH FROM KINGSTON, JAMAICA, TO REUTER'S TELEGRAM COMPANY YESTERDAY EVENING, SAID NOTHING WAS KNOWN THERE OF THE REPORTED BATTLE IN THE WINDWARD PASSAGE, ADDING THAT NO AMERICAN OR SPANISH WARSHIPS HAVE VISITED JAMAICAN PORTS SINCE THE BEGINNING OF THE WAR.

THE LONDON NEWSPAPERS TAKE IT FOR GRANTED THAT THE SHIPS REPORTED YESTERDAY BY LLOYD'S AGENTS AT PARA, BRAZIL, AS HAVING ARRIVED THERE AT 9 O'CLOCK ON MONDAY MORNING FROM RIO JANEIRO, ARE THE OREGON, THE MARIETTA AND THE NICHEROY.

### OFFICIAL DENIAL MADE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, MAY 24.—IT IS STATED AT THE NAVY DEPARTMENT THAT NO NEWS HAS BEEN RECEIVED HERE OF AN ENGAGEMENT BETWEEN THE FLEETS AND THAT NO NEWS HAS BEEN RECEIVED OF THE ARRIVAL OF THE OREGON AT KEY WEST.

### SPAIN'S TACTICS CHANGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, MAY 24.—A SPECIAL DESPATCH FROM MADRID TODAY SAYS: "EVIDENTLY THE PROGRAM IN REGARD TO THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS HAS BEEN CHANGED. IT IS BELIEVED HERE THAT THERE WILL BE NO IMMEDIATE ENGAGEMENT IN CUBAN WATERS, BUT THAT ADMIRAL CERVERA WILL DRAW OFF THE ENEMY WHILE THE CADIZ FLEET RELIEVES HAVANA.

### CERVERA AT SANTIAGO?

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 24.—A KEY WEST CORRESPONDENT TELEGRAPHS THAT HE HAS INFORMATION FROM AN UNIMPEACHABLE AUTHORITY THAT THE SPANISH FLEET IS STILL AT SANTIAGO.

### HAS LEFT SANTIAGO.

(Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.)

PORT AU PRINCE, HAYTI, MAY 24.—ACCORDING TO CURRENT RUMOR HERE, THE SPANISH CAPE VERDE SQUADRON, COMMANDED BY ADMIRAL CERVERA, WHICH ARRIVED RECENTLY AT SANTIAGO DE CUBA, SUBSEQUENTLY SAILED FROM THAT PORT, DESTINATION UNKNOWN.

James F. O'Donnell,
UNDERTAKER.
Telephone at Residence, Office and Stables
Market St. Cor. Worthen.

SQUARE PIANO, $10.
1 Dunham & Sons square piano, $20; 1 Hallet and Davis, almost new, $150; 1 Ruggles upright piano, left on sale by party going away, $135; 1 Ivers & Pond upright piano, $125. Ask to see Mrs. Marchand's piano, which must be sold at any price before May 25th. Our Jacob Doll pianos are the leading instruments of the age.
For sale by Samuel Orr, No. 322 Merrimack Street, Associate Building, Lowell, Mass. Look up the number of your old square, you may be the lucky one.

# THE SUN LATEST

# 5 O'CLOCK.

## THE TIME HAS ARRIVED

### Spain Realizes That a Battle is Imminent.

### Instructions Given to Cervera and Also to the Cadiz Squadron—Our Fleet Locates Cervera's Ships and is Prepared to Destroy Spanish Fleet.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 24 (NOON)—A DESPATCH RECEIVED HERE FROM HAVANA SAYS: "SECRET ORDERS HAVE BEEN GIVEN TO ADMIRAL CERVERA AS TO WHAT COURSE TO PURSUE IN THE EVENT OF THE AMERICANS ATTEMPTING TO CUT OFF COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CUBA AND SPAIN.

"AMERICAN WARSHIPS CONTINUE TO OCCUPY STATIONS OUTSIDE OF HAVANA, CIENFUEGOS, CARDENAS, AND SANTIAGO DE CUBA. THERE ARE NOW NINETEEN AMERICAN WARSHIPS BEFORE HAVANA.

IT IS REPORTED THAT THE SPANISH GOVERNMENT HAS PURCHASED ANOTHER VESSEL TO BE USED AS AN ARMORED CRUISER. THE VESSEL REFERRED TO MAY BE THE GERMAN STEAMER HAVEL, REPORTED SOLD YESTERDAY."

### SQUADRON GETS INSTRUCTIONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 24 (NOON)—ACCORDING TO PUBLISHED NEWS HERE, ADMIRAL CAMARA, THE COMMANDER OF THE CADIZ SQUADRON, HAS BEEN FULLY INSTRUCTED AND RETURNS TO CADIZ TONIGHT.

DUKE ALMODOVAR DE RIO HAS ACCEPTED THE PORTFOLIO OF MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, OFFERED TO SENOR LEON Y CASTILLO, THE SPANISH AMBASSADOR AT PARIS. THE DUKE INFORMED THE CORRESPONDENT OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS THAT HE DOES NOT DESIRE THE OFFICE, BUT HE ACCEPTS IT ON PATRIOTIC GROUNDS.

### THE SPANISH FLEET LOCATED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KEY WEST, MAY 24.—THE MOVEMENTS OF THE UNITED STATES FLEET WHICH ARE KNOWN HERE MAKE IT ABSOLUTELY CERTAIN THAT NO BATTLE HAS YET OCCURRED; BUT AN ENGAGEMENT IS EXPECTED TO TAKE PLACE THIS WEEK. THE SPANISH FLEET HAS BEEN DEFINITELY LOCATED.

### CONCENTRATION OF SPANISH TROOPS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 24.—IT IS SAID THAT THE CONCENTRATION OF SPANISH TROOPS IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF GIBRALTAR IS DUE TO AN INCREASE IN THE BRITISH MILITARY PREPARATIONS.

### TO DESTROY SPAIN'S FLEET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KEY WEST, FLA., MAY 24.—EVERY PREPARATION HAS BEEN MADE TO DESTROY THE SPANISH FLEET WHICH IS OFF CUBA.

## TO GO TO MANILA

### Steps for Organization of Philippine Forces.

CALIFORNIA TROOPS TRANSFERRED TO GEN. OTIS.

The General and Staff in Camp.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, May 24.—An order has been issued by General Merriam, commanding the Department of California, transferring all troops now here with the exception of the Third Artillery, Fourth Cavalry, and the First Washington Volunteers, to General Otis's command. This is the preliminary step in the thorough organization of the force destined for the Philippines.

General Otis and his staff are now actively engaged in arranging for the work and within a day or two his headquarters will be moved from the Phelan building to Camp Richmond. The general and his staff will go into camp with the troops. The men will be thoroughly drilled before their departure for the Philippines.

MORE ENLISTMENTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Salt Lake, Utah, May 24.—Lieut. Dashiel at Fort Douglas has been authorized from Washington to enlist 200 men for the Fourteenth Infantry, now about to start for Manila.

The Fort Douglas authorities have also received word to muster in immediately fifty men for the Fourth Cavalry, U.S.A., now stationed at the Presidio, San Francisco.

Fine job printing done at this office.

CAVALRY TO CAMP.

At a squad drill of Troop F in North Chelmsford last night, Capt. Shaw read an order from Gen. Dalton to the effect that the troop would go into camp June 17. The order did not state whether the ground was to be Camp Dewey or Boxford, but it is possible that this will be known at the next meeting, Thursday night of this week, in Chelmsford Centre.

FOR MEMORIAL TABLET.

There is a movement on foot among the members of the Y.P.S.C.E. to place a memorial tablet to the late Rev. Dr. Court in the church.

First class job printing done at this office.

## DEWEY'S THREAT TO GERMAN CONSUL

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 24.—A SPECIAL DESPATCH FROM MANILA SAYS THAT THE GERMAN CONSUL THERE TRIED TO LAND PROVISIONS FROM A GERMAN SHIP, BUT THAT ADMIRAL DEWEY REFUSED TO PERMIT HIM TO DO SO. THE CONSUL THEN DECLARED, ACCORDING TO THE DESPATCH THAT HE WOULD FORCE THE LANDING UNDER THE PROTECTION OF TWO GERMAN CRUISERS, BUT ADMIRAL DEWEY THREATENED TO FIRE UPON THE CRUISERS, AND THE ATTEMPT TO LAND THE SUPPLIES WAS ABANDONED.

RARE BARGAINS
IN
Shoe Dept.
Up-to-Date Styles.

Ladies' Russet, fancy vesting top and kid, $1.25 and $1.49.

Ladies' Russet, fancy vesting top, $1.97, worth $2.50.

Ladies' Black fancy vesting top, $1.97, worth $2.50.

Misses' Russet, fancy vesting top, $1, $1.23 and $1.50.

Men's Goat and Russet Viel, $1.23.

Men's Willow Calf Bal., Opera and London toes, $1.97.

Men's Willow Calf Bal. Circular Seams, Bull Dog Toe, $3.

Men's Viel Congress and Bal., plain toe, $2 and $2.85.

Men's Bicycle Goods, russet and black, $1.23, $1.45, $1.98 and $2.50.

J. L. Chalifoux
49 to 59 Central Street.

Money Deposited
on or before Friday, June 3d, in the SAVINGS DEPARTMENT of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from June 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum Compounded Semi-Annually.
Bank Hours { Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays 8 a. m. to 1 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m.
Chas. J. Glidden, Pres.
Wm. F. Hills, Cashier.
Middlesex Street, Cor. Post Office Avenue

ROCKING CHAIRS—With one pound of our 60c. Tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack Street. Tel. 693.

Putnam & Son

Remarkable Shirts For a Remarkable Price

In the history of Shirt selling today's offer is unapproached. Negligee Shirts, three lots. Percales with collar and cuffs attached. Madras Cloth, soft bodies, to be worn with white collars. Cheviots, soft bodies, one pair of detached link cuffs. Choose from either of these lots shirts that should be seventy five for

39c. Each.

Still Another.

We bought yesterday, offer today a small lot of Madras Neglige Shirts, soft finish, two detached collars, one pair detached link cuffs with each shirt; were made to sell for one dollar, cost us little, we ask little,

50c. Each.

Boys' Shirts.

Boys' Neglige Shirts, Percales with collars and cuffs, or Printed Cheviots to be worn with white collars. One pair detached link cuffs with each.

Price 39c.

Nearly 600.

Saturday we sold nearly 600 of the summer weight Shirts and Drawers advertised. There are about 900 more to sell, slightly imperfect Men's Balbriggan, Grey Mixed, Tan and Blue; just half value,

19c. Each.

PUTNAM & SON.
166 Central Street.

SEC. CHARLES W. BRIGHAM, Master of Ceremonies.

# TWENTY-SIXTH REUNION

## Of the Richardson Light Infantry Last Evening.

### Large Attendance of Members and Their Sons Meet Again and Recount Reminiscences — Officers Elected and Junior Association Formed — Banqueted by Hon. G. F. Richardson.

Once again the "boys" of the Richardson Light Infantry with their boys came together last evening in annual meeting, smaller in numbers, it is true, but not lacking in enthusiasm, and filled with the old time spirit which made famous the gallant soldiers of the R.L.I., subsequently the Seventh Mass. Battery. At last evening's reunion the members and their sons were the guests of their generous patron, Hon. George F. Richardson of this city, who with his daughter, enjoys the distinction of being the association's two honorary members.

Lawyer Richardson entertained his gallant comrades at a banquet in Runels' Hall, which was attended by nearly all the members now alive, the absentees sending their regrets in eloquent letters.

HON. GEO. F. RICHARDSON, The Patron of the Association.

The affair was arranged by Secretary Charles W. Brigham and "Charlie" carried out every detail perfectly, making the reunion one of the most enjoyable in the 28 years of the association's existence.

The Hall was tastefully and patriotically decorated in the national colors.

Previous to the supper, which was served shortly after 6 o'clock, Secretary Brigham made all the guests at home, introducing each one to each other.

When all had arrived the party filed to the tables.

At the head table were: President George M. Thissell of Methuen; George R. Richardson, representing his father, Hon. George F. Richardson; Lieut. W. E. Farrar; Capt. M. W. Storer; Gancelo Leighton; Capt. J. P. Thompson; Dr. W. H. Ruddick of South Boston, president of the Seventh Mass. Battery association.

Then Comrade Leighton invoked divine blessing and the company sat down to one of Page's best spreads.

When the wants of inner man had been satiated and cigars lighted, Pres. Thissell called to order and introduced George R. Richardson, Esq., who presented his father's regrets in the shape of a telegram from the latter, who was detained in New York. The telegram was received with loud applause. Mr. Richardson then bade all a hearty welcome.

Sec. Brigham then called upon Cyrus W. Johnson, who sang with fine effect "A Little Knot of Blue and Gray."

President Thissell then called upon the secretary for letters of regret from absent ones and Sec. Brigham read letters from the following:

D. S. Canfield, San Deigo, Cal.; Silas Cowdry, Togus, Me.; A. H. Durnell, Philadelphia, Pa.; D. A. Waters, Philadelphia, Pa.; Wm. Jenness, Dover, N. H.; Joseph Labell, Ware, Mass.; M. C. B. Mills, Seattle, Washington; Geo. H. Porter, Greenville, N. H.; H. W. Howe, Waltham, Mass.; Isaac Willey, Pembroke, N. H.; E. R. Bowers, Lewiston, Me.; C. J. Schofield, Providence, R. I.; Geo. E. Schofield, Johnston, R. I.; C. A. Sleeper, Lawrence, Mass.; N. C. Farnham, Chicago, Ill.; W. N. Goodhue, Lowell; Adjt. Gen. A D Ayling, Concord, N. H.

The letters were received with great applause.

During the evening bouquets were received and acknowledged from Mrs. H. P. Jefferson, the daughter of the regiment, and Mrs. Belle Johnson, daughter of Harvey Chase.

Sec. Brigham read a very eloquent report of last year's annual meeting in which he referred in strong language to the events now transpiring, the mention of the name of the gallant Dewey being received with tremendous applause.

Before concluding Sec. Brigham read the obituary for the year, the two members deceased during the year being Charles K. Page and Orrin T. Wilkins. The secretary also very feelingly referred to the deaths of Ex-Mayor J. G. Peabody and Frank N. Owen, two good friends of the association.

CHARLES S. ROBINSON Of Lonsdale, R. I., President of the R.L.I. Association.

The officers for the ensuing year were then elected as follows:

President, Charles S. Robinson, Lonsdale, R. I.; vice president, Charles W. Lovejoy, Brockton, Mass.; secretary and treasurer, Charles W. Brigham, Lowell; board of government, James W. Beane, West Somerville, Mass.; M. N. Peabody, Lowell; S. J. Loverin, Lowell; Charles H. Pillsbite, Boston.

The treasurer's report showed a balance in the treasury and the report was accepted.

Comrade Benson then sang a solo in a remarkably sweet tenor voice, receiving hearty approval.

The sons of the members then formed an association and Charles Fletcher, Frank Ingham and Edward Brigham, a committee on officers, nominated the following officers who were accepted:

President, W N. Goodell; vice president, Arthur H. Gardner; secretary, Charles R. Brigham; board of government, John Ingham, F. H. Peabody, Cabot Devoll, Robert H. Chase.

Just to enliven matters a bit everyone sang "Marching Thro' Georgia," with great expression after which Comrade Ruddick was called upon.

Dr. Ruddick tendered the best wishes of the Seventh Battery, which he represented. He congratulated the association upon its departure by forming an association of sons. He suggested including the wives in the association and then referred to the founder of the organization, Hon. George F. Richardson. The Seventh Battery as the child of the Richardson Light Infantry, unites with you in honoring your distinguished founder.

"There is one more fight in me," said the doctor, "and I am ready to go when the call comes."

He paid high tribute to the memory of the deceased members and invited all to attend the next reunion of the Seventh Battery.

In conclusion he announced that the Seventh Battery is getting out a history and wanted material from the Richardson Light Infantry.

Frederick P. Dillingham of Boston, a son of the regiment, read a letter from his father to the latter's father, right after the battle of the Monitor and Merrimack, which he read and presented to the association. The letter contained a graphic description of the memorable battle.

Comrade Benson, the next speaker, made entertaining remarks, as did Comrade Storer and Comrade Schofield, and Messrs. Pillsotte, Goodell and Blake.

Those present were:

Active members—William E. Farrar, first lieut., Lowell; W. Henry Worcester, sergt., Lowell; Chas. W. Brigham, corp., Lowell; Newman W. Storer, corp., Lawrence. C. H. Pillsbitt, colorbearer, Boston, Mass.; James W. Beane, West Somerville, Mass.; Samuel W. Benson, Charlestown, Mass.; Charles H. Frost, Lowell; Henry L. Gardner, Springfield, Mass.; Harlan P. Goodell, Lowell; Gancelo Leighton, Lowell; Samuel J. Loverin, Lowell; Charles W. Lovejoy, Brockton, Mass.; Morton N. Peabody, Lowell; James Schofield, Providence, R. I.; Zachariah B. Stuart, Manchester, N. H.; George N. Thissell, Methuen, Mass.; Francis Wilson, Lowell.

Invited guests—Dr. W. H. Ruddick, and son, South Boston; George R. Richardson; Capt. J. P. Thompson.

The sons present were:

George R. Richardson, Esq.; Roderick Blake, Albert D. Brigham, Edward W. Brigham, Charles K. Brigham, Robert F. Chase, Cabot Devell, Lowell; Frederick P. Dillingham, Boston; Charles Fletcher, Frank C. French, Lowell; Arthur H. Gardner, New York city; Robert E. Goodell, Frank Ingham, Lowell; John Ingham, Melrose; Harry G. Leighton, Charles E. Lovejoy, Alfred A. Lovejoy, Albert G. McCurdy, Lowell; A. G. Marshall, Towksbury; Forrest H. Peabody, Leonard F. Worcester, Lowell.

## A Never-die.

The "life-time" of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will never draw to a close. When a mother once uses it, she continues its use right along; because, she found, for curing cough, cold, croup and whooping-cough Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup unequalled by any other similar medicine. "I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, for ten or fifteen years in the family, for coughs and throat troubles caused by colds, and have found no superior article." Mrs. D. T. Clarke, 163 Congress St., Cleveland, O. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup can be had everywhere for 25 cents. Dealers will say they have something else "just as good or better," because they want to make more profit. Don't be "taken in." Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is the best.

# NOT MARY RYAN

## The Young Girl Who Died in Boston.

### WAS ELIZABETH PENNY, A YOUNG GIRL.

### Said She Was Coming to Lowell.

The identity of the young girl who died at 51 Howard street, Boston on May 12, from the effects of a criminal operation, and whose body was buried in a pauper's grave three days later, was established yesterday afternoon.

The girl was believed to be Mary Ryan of Lowell.

The girl's name was Elizabeth Penny. She was 18 years old and a native of St. John. She had been in Boston three years, and for some time previous to her death had been employed by Mrs. Walter Burke, 245 Lexington street, East Boston, as a servant. A brother lives at 629 Saratoga street, East Boston, and a sister and an aunt at Quincy.

In East Boston she was well known among young people. She was a bright and pretty young woman, had a large circle of friends and was highly respected.

May 4, she left the home of Mrs. Burke, saying that she was going to Lowell to remain a week with a friend.

Yesterday, her brother Timothy met Captain Westcott at the Jay street station, Boston, looked at the clothing compared the description of his sister, with that of the girl in the pauper's grave and was convinced that they were one and the same. To make doubly sure, he got Mrs. Burke to call at the station and look at the clothing. She did this late yesterday afternoon and identified the dress worn by the unfortunate as one which she cut and which Lizzie Penny made a few months ago. Besides this, there was a mark on the young girl's face which makes the identification certain. It was noticed before the body was buried.

The relatives will have the body exhumed and buried elsewhere.

The police are trying to ascertain the identity of her betrayer. The brother suspected a young man who had been keeping company with the young girl, but investigation by the police failed to connect him with the operation which caused her death.

The physician who is alleged to have performed the operation is now under $1000 bonds to appear in court.

## STREET DEPARTMENT.

### TO REBUILD THE CENTRAL STREET BRIDGE.

The street committee was kept busy for a few hours last evening, attending to many matters that require attention before being transmitted to the city council.

A resolution was read directing the Locks and Canals company to rebuild the Central street canal bridge. The bridge is not in a condition to sustain a seven-inch rail.

Mr. Derby stated that the Lowell and Suburban street railway company was willing to put the bridge in condition if the corporation would give the permission previously refused.

It was also stated that the Locks and Canals claimed that the city could not force it to rebuild the bridge.

It was decided to recommend the resolution.

A motion was made that the resolution for a sidewalk in Thirteenth street be laid upon the table until the next meeting. The resolution came up with others to be signed before going to the city council.

The resolution for the extension of Beech street was signed.

It was voted to pay the old bill of Thomas H. Elliott, $126 for 18 months' rent of a house rendered unfit for occupancy until the First street extension was finished.

Supt. Cheney was instructed to put in a crossing for Councilman Kennedy at Suffolk street and Broadway.

Mr. Beaulieu said that the Merrimack company had not taken up the railroad tracks in Tilden street, as had been promised by letter. He suggested that the street be put to grade for it is now in need of gutters.

Supt. Cheney was instructed to build the street to grade.

Dr. S. L. Ward appeared in behalf of the petition to widen the Meadow road which is a hundred years old.

A sub-committee will visit the road this afternoon.

Mr. Howe presented a report as to the cost of extending Roberts' Place, and the petition was laid upon the table.

It was voted to take views on several petitions. The petitioners who asked to have the watering of portions of Sixth, Read, and Seventh streets discontinued, were given leave to withdraw.

Leave to withdraw was given on a petition for a Perry street sidewalk.

Leave to withdraw was given on a petition for the macadamizing of a portion of East Merrimack street.

The report of the county commissioners on the widening of Andover street, assessing damages to the amount of $18,000, was taken up on a question of estimating the expense of widening the street, and deciding whether the city shall do the work, or the county do it and the city pay the expense.

The matter was referred to the city engineer for the estimate.

Mr. Derby said that the Mayor had asked Supt. Cheney to remove three trees from in front of Mr. Byes's house in Andover street. The superintendent had asked him for instructions and he had advised him not to do it until the loan for the work was obtained, since the street department must curtail its expenses.

There will be a special meeting of the common council this evening.

The committee that is investigating the assessors' department held another long session last evening, and it is probable that their report will be presented this evening.

## FLAG RAISING.

The graduates of the old Franklin school are going to meet at the school at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon and fix the stars and stripes over the building in which they received their early education.


When you buy a package of

Ivorine

Washing Powder

you not only get the best washing powder in the market but in addition, a cake of the sweetest, purest, whitest and nicest Glycerine Toilet Soap you ever used.

You pay only for the washing powder... the soap is free.

THE J. S. WILLIAMS CO., GLASTONBURY, CONN

DR. ANITA NEWCOMB McGEE, Who Will Select Nurses for the Army and Navy.

# G. A. R. MONUMENT

## The Gift of Archbishop Williams.

### WILL BE DEDICATED ON MEMORIAL DAY.

### At the North Cambridge Catholic Church.

For many years the soldiers buried in the Catholic cemetery on Rindge avenue, North Cambridge, have been without headstones or any device suitable for the designation of a soldier's grave.

The result is that on Memorial day the Grand Army has been at a loss to know which graves to decorate.

Many of the graves have been without flowers, while others have had floral tributes that did not belong to them.

This year the Grand Army started a movement to put things to rights and do away with the difficulty for good.

The movement is the culmination of an effort set on foot years ago. Resolutions have been adopted by the various posts providing for a suitable monument to commemorate the Catholic soldiers and sailors and the Cambridge posts appointed a committee to see if one could not be secured.

This committee consulted with Archbishop Williams of Boston, who took an active interest in the matter and finally offered to place a monument in the cemetery, which should be in remembrance of the Catholic soldiers and which could be decorated by the Grand Army posts each Memorial day.

The monument is a handsome one and will be ready for dedication May 30. It is of solid granite and the shape of a cross, and will stand about 10 feet in height. It was made by Patterson of Arlington.

On its base will be an appropriate inscription and on the face of the cross higher up will be the letters "I.H.S." The monument will be dedicated with appropriate exercises on Memorial day. The mayor and other city officials will be present and Archbishop Williams is expected to deliver an address. The dedication and decoration will occur in the morning and it is anticipated that the exercises will be of great interest.

Fine job printing done at this office.

Women nowadays do not have to use a stream of water for a looking-glass. They have modern mirrors that will tell them very promptly whether their beauty is fading. A woman's beauty fades very rapidly if she is troubled with some derangement of the distinctly feminine organism. Ignorance or carelessness in this respect frequently causes great suffering and irregularity in after life. Little irregularities and weaknesses in girlhood should be looked upon promptly and properly treated at once.

Mothers cannot be too conscientious in this respect, and cannot throw aside the prudery that is so prevalent upon this point too soon. Every young woman should know something about her own physical make-up, and the importance to her future of her local as well as general health. A woman who suffers from weaknesses peculiar to her sex will rapidly lose her beauty, her general health, her amiability and her usefulness and capability as a wife and housekeeper. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription promotes regularity of all feminine functions, gives sturdy health to the distinctly feminine organism and prepares it to meet the trials of wifehood and motherhood. The "Favorite Prescription" is not a cure-all. It is intended for but one class of disorders and is good for no other. Taken during the period of gestation, it makes parturition easy, and banishes the discomforts of the expectant months. All good medicine dealers sell it.

"I wish to express my thanks for the good I have received from Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. E. Scovill, of Bolton, Stephenson Co., Ills. "I have used it at different times for the last eight years. It is the best medicine for expectant mothers. I never tried it for that until my last baby. I had been very bad, almost helpless. I could not get out of bed alone, or even turn over. Last December I commenced taking the 'Favorite Prescription,' and could soon get in and out of bed as well as at any time. On March 29th I gave birth to an eleven pound boy *without pain*, and have since been as well and healthy as I ever was."


# A BAZAAR OPENED

## By the Mathews of North Billerica.

### IN TALBOT MEMORIAL HALL LAST EVENING.

### Large Attendance Assists in Its Success.

The popular Fr. Mathew Temperance society of North Billerica opened its bazaar most auspicuously last evening in Talbot Memorial Hall. There was a large attendance and a liberal one, for all succumbed to the wiles of the fair attendants, and patronized the different tables generously.

The hall was very prettily decorated in Nile green, pink and white, while Old Glory was conspicuously displayed. The tables and their attendants were as follows:

Mathew table—Joseph Hannon, chairman; Edward Costello, treasurer; aids, John H. Mahoney, Daniel Fitzpatrick, Frederick Gannon, Eddie Morris and John Welch.

Refreshment table—Timothy Mahoney.

Fish pond—Tommy Johnson.

Phonograph—John B. Kearney.

Combination table—Miss Kate Coughlin, matron; Misses Annie Bradley, Mary Scanlon and Mary Morris.

Candy table—Miss Mary Nugent, matron; Misses Lucy Callahan and Kathryn Mahoney.

Found table—Miss Maggie Costello, matron; Miss Tessa Mullen, Mary Burke and Maggie Garvin.

Flower table—Miss Ella May Garvin and Miss Kathryn Loretto Cowdry.

Sewing Circle table—Miss Kate Garvin, matron; Misses Hee Mahoney, Mary Callahan, May Ella Costello, Ruth Brown and Maggie McCarthy.

There will be an entertainment program every evening and on Tuesday, Thursday and Friday evenings there will be dancing. The committee in charge is composed of the following: William Taylor, chairman; Charles Fairbrother and John Hannon. The entertainment Monday evening was given by local talent. Following is the program:

Selection by the Excelsior quartette, Messrs. John Fairbrother, Joe Blanon, Billy May and James Gannon; reading by Miss Florence Bradley; song, Thomas Scanlon; reading, Miss Loretta McCarthy; selection by the quartette; reading, Henry Brown; and phonograph selections by Prof. Wells of Lowell.

Tuesday evening the entertainment will be given by Lowell talent. Wednesday night Lawrence talent will be present. A feature this evening will be the fencing bout between Messrs. Brady and Emieux. Thursday evening Prof. D. Mayer Staley and pupils are to give selected readings from Shakespeare's works. Friday evening will be devoted entirely to dancing and on Saturday evening the drawing of prizes will take place.

## ROOSEVELT'S TERRORS

### READY FOR THE ONSLAUGHT ON THE SPANIARDS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Antonio, Texas, May 24.—It is thought that Roosevelt's regiment of rough riders will begin its movement toward Cuba within the next two days. Colonel Leonard Wood, commanding the regiment received a telegram from the adjutant general, asking him when he would be ready to move, and Colonel Wood answered that he could start immediately. The necessary supplies are now being secured for the regiment and further orders are expected.

Horace H. Knapp has served notice on the mayor, city treasurer, and board of health, that he does not consider himself legally discharged from the board of health's service and that he will claim salary.

Fine job printing done at this office.


CAPTURED.

A lot of Shirt Waists, well worth one dollar or over, will sell at only 58c. Also Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothing, and all kinds of household goods at lowest cash prices on credit at the Co-operative Supply Co., 2 Swan Building.

26 Central Street.

Open every evening.



AWFUL TROUBLE.

Disease of the Kidneys Are Always Serious.

Bright's Disease is Catarrh of the Kidneys.

Pe-ru-na Cures Catarrh, Even of These Organs.

"PE-RU-NA is something I recommend to everyone. I took it when I had been afflicted with swelling in my legs and hands, due to dropsy and kidney trouble. Am now entirely cured. Mrs. Ann Nelson, 3216 Broadway, Galveston, Texas."

The all pervading power of Pe-ru-na to seek out catarrhal affections, no matter to what vital organs they have penetrated, is truly remarkable. Pe-ru-na will cure catarrh, and by curing catarrh has undoubtedly saved hundreds from a death that would have been attributed to Bright's disease, gastritis, consumption, or some other deadly malady. Cure catarrh, no matter where it may be located. Pe-ru-na will do it. Druggists everywhere sell Pe-ru-na. For advice, write to Dr. S. B. Hartman, of Columbus, Ohio, he will give it to you free.



FASHIONABLE

MILLINERY

And the latest novelties of the season, also a special and select line of Walking Hats at

Miss Ella Burkes' Millinery Parlors

In the Pollard Block, Palmer street, up one flight. Call and inspect our goods. We guarantee satisfaction.



Anger and Worry

Are the most unprofitable conditions known to men when the shoe pinches and does not fit well.

THE SUNLIGHT

$3 Shoes

Has all styles, all shapes, and all the latest lasts, so that these shoes must fit and wear well. Money goes back at this store if Shoes are not as represented.

Sunlight Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL ST.

Free delivery to all parts of the city.

Our W. S. Patent Leather

$4 Shoe

We warrant not to crack. Money back if they do. The manufacturers will stand by us.

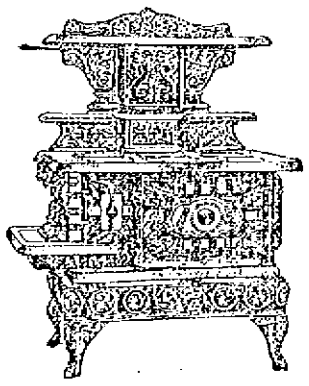
INCREASING IN BUSINESS.

The only thing for us to do is to increase in help. We have secured Mr. Wm. J. Meloy, formerly of O'Sullivan Bros., and Mr. Joseph A. McMahon, formerly of T. P. Boulger's, for evenings.

REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS.

W. S. CRADY





OUR PRIZE.

When a young man's fancy turns to thoughts of housekeeping, and having secured the best woman on earth for his bride, the next step and most important one is to buy a good Range.

(OUR GRAND PRIZE)

Fills the bill in every particular. See the square oven. They are the best. Sold only by

GAYNOR & CO.,

35 Prescott Street.



THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK!

"GLORIA"

FOR DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.

The use of "GLORIA" invigorates the system, feeds the nerves and overcomes weakness. Gives courage with the vigor and pleasures of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. 5c. a glass.

S. BARTLETT, Agt., 160 and 162 Middle St.

# THE SUN LATEST 5 O'CLOCK.

SENOR LEON Y CASTILLO, Spain's New Minister of Foreign Affairs.

# LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL

## Will be Permanently Closed Unless the City Votes it $5,000.

## Sketch of Its Work and Its Usefulness as Told by Supt. Walsh, One of the Trustees—Benefit to Young Men to the Textile Industries and to the Community at Large in Ensuring Progress and Defying Competition.

The existence of the Textile school is threatened by the action of the legislature in appropriating $15,000 upon condition that the city of Lowell shall give $5,000 towards the expense of running the school during the current year.

Whether this condition has been imposed upon the city as a result of opposition from certain parties who favored the abolition of the Training school or by outside opposition is not quite clear; but the Textile school, it seems, is peculiarly a state school and should be supported by the state. The fact that it is located in Lowell is, of course, something of an advantage to Lowell students and the people in general in interesting them in the course laid down for the production of skilled workmen who are experts in every branch of the textile industry; men who are practical chemists, practical dyers, practical designers and so on.

It is almost needless to refer here to the wide scope of the courses of study pursued at the school as they have repeatedly been published in the daily papers while the popular course of lectures served the very desirable purpose of interesting the public generally in the textile art but more especially in stimulating young men of talent and ambition to avail themselves of the opportunities of advancement offered by this school.

The entire process of cotton manufacture is gone through in theory and practice from the growing of the cotton plant through every stage, as for example, the length of the fibre, how to select it, and to what each part of the fibre is best adapted. Then the cleaning, the carding, spinning, warping, the design in the cloth, how to imitate and originate designs in all kinds of patterns, white and colored.

The manufacture of wool and worsteds is gone into quite as thoroughly as that of cotton. First the sorting of the wool, according to the part of the sheep from which it is shorn, then to what use each kind is best adapted. Then the quality of different wools is treated in full, embracing the different kinds, American, Australian, and the long and short staple are fully described and their distinctions and respective uses pointed out. The student is also instructed in the art of weaving all kinds of woolens, including carpets of the various styles, plain and fancy; to operate and, if necessary, repair the various carpet looms, to copy designs, to originate designs and weave them into the fabric produced.

Perhaps the most important art taught at this school and that which is best calculated to improve the textile industries of New England is that of practical chemistry. All the color effects in prints, paper, and fabrics of various kinds are purely chemical products. Those who handle drugs and dye-stuffs must have some chemical training, although for want of such opportunities as are afforded by the Textile school, many leading dyers have but a practical knowledge; they know what colors to use and in what proportion, but they cannot tell why. They have not had the necessary training in chemistry to give them a thorough or scientific knowledge of their business. To turn out a good dyer requires from two to three years of careful study and practice. But that would be well repaid as may be judged from the fact that no man who has a practical knowledge of the business would be offered less than $35 a week anywhere.

Mr. James Walsh, superintendent of the Hamilton mills, speaking with a Sun representative, in reference to the Textile school and the opportunities it affords young men, said that he had labored hard for over twenty years to master some of the courses that can be learned thoroughly at the Textile school in a few years. A course of training in theory and practice such as is given at the Textile school, he believes, would have been worth to him at least $20,000; but he could not get it even if he had been willing to pay that amount for it. "There is positively no discrimination of any kind against any student, male or female, native or foreigner who wishes to enter the school, the only requirement being the ability to read and write and do a little figuring. Of course, without this a student could never succeed in the school and it would be useless for him to waste his time in attending.

After leaving the school the graduates will, he believed have little trouble in finding good positions with manufacturing companies in various parts of the country. The school is attaining the reputation of being the best in the world outside Philadelphia, and it is plain that its diploma will go far to secure a lucrative place for any young man.

In regard to what young men may think of the prospects after graduating Mr. Walsh spoke very emphatically saying there is a tremendous opportunity for any young man who knows his business regardless of influence. If a student does not know his business, no amount of influence can hold him in a responsible position in a mill.

Take the art of dyeing, for example. I have offered $2500 a year for a reasonably good man and have been refused. The law forbids bringing men here under contract; but in dozens of cases which I could mention, it was absolutely impossible to find in this country the right kind of a man out of employment. If these practical chemists are not found in this country, is it not well to maintain a school that will produce them in a few years? Will it not help the manufacturers to meet the fierce competition by advancing to finer goods, so that no other country or any other part of this country will be able to compete with us? That is the only means by which we can keep our mills running steadily and pay good wages. Thus it will benefit first, the young men who graduate; second, the textile industries; and third, the operatives or the entire community which will be benefited by steady work.

Mr. Walsh gave several examples of our need of more practical chemists, citing cases in which the raw material was sent to England, valued at a few cents a pound and returned to us worth three or four dollars a pound. This is actually done in the case of aniline. "After a few years, I hope that all this will be changed, and that we shall be able to manufacture such products at our own doors. In England the textile schools are found scattered through the country and the government is lavish in its expenditure of money upon them. Germany is also rapidly advancing in this direction and if America is to hold its own with these countries, if New England is to maintain her supremacy in the textile industry, she must maintain textile schools such as that which we have here in Lowell. That being so, the question then arises," said Mr. Walsh, "whether the city of Lowell can afford to let the Textile school is closed up, as it will be on July 1, if the $5,000 be not voted by the city. The benefits of the school have not yet begun to appear and if closed now, the expense of equipment which was over $60,000, as well as the other outlays incidental to running the school would practically be lost."

"Do you believe that the board of trustees is as representative as it should be?" Mr. Walsh was asked.

"The people," said Mr. Walsh, "are represented by the Mayor and the superintendent of schools and it is very plain that the active trustees must be practical manufacturers who know what the courses should be and how they should be taught. If there is any demand for the appointment of another representative of the people, I think the present board will have no objection. Indeed, I have reason to believe that it would be entirely satisfactory to every member of that board to take any step of this kind that might make the school more popular or convince the sceptical—first, of the magnificent opportunities it offers to young men; second, the great and lasting benefits that will result from the continuance of the school upon the lines already laid down."

### PETITON OF PUPILS.

The following petition, which is self explanatory, has been received by the Board of Trustees from the students of the school:

PETITION TO TRUSTEES.

Lowell, April 26, 1898.

To the Trustees of the Textile School, Lowell:

Gentlemen—We, the undersigned, all students of the chemistry and dyeing department, respectfully beg to submit to you that it is our earnest wish and desire that the trustees will find ways and means to continue the class which we are all so deeply interested in, and which we have found to be a great benefit to some of us in our various avocations.

We forward you this petition because it has been rumored that the future will find some of the present departments excluded from the list of studies and we sincerely hope that you will use your best endeavors to maintain that branch of study in the school, which we are interested in, viz: the chemistry and dyeing department.

Then follows a long list of signatures.

### BISHOP MALLALIEU

ADDRESSES A MEETING OF EPWORTH LEAGUERS.

The different local branches of the Epworth League of this city held a union meeting in the Y.M.C.A. hall, last evening, which was highly successful. It was planned by the committee in charge of the finishing of the Epworth League Union house at Sterling Camp Grounds and a goodly sum was realized.

The guest of honor was Bishop Mallalieu, who made a stirring address. Speeches were also made by J. Clark Glidden and Rev. Mr. Meredith. Supper was served and a collection taken. The committee in charge of the affair consisted of Mrs. J. Clark Glidden, chairman, Mrs. B. Rollins, Mrs. C. B. Fisk, Mrs. W. H. Lincoln, Mrs. Ashworth, and Miss McMaster.

### DEATHS.

SCOTT—Elwell Scott, a former resident of this city, died yesterday at Worcester, aged 41 years. The remains will be brought to Lowell and interment will be in the Edson cemetery after services in the chapel.

WARLEY—Bessie M. Warley, aged 41 years, died yesterday at North Chelmsford.

GEE—A. B. Gee, aged 73 years, died May 17, at Lewiston, Me. Many of the old-time dancers will remember Mr. Gee as the dancing master who managed a number of socials in old Wentworth hall.

BURNHAM—Fred Ervin Burnham, son of the late Pilletus Burnham, died Sunday at West Paton, N. Y. The remains are now on the way to Lowell. Funeral services will be held in the chapel to morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

DAVIS—Allan F. Davis, aged 70 years, died Sunday at his home in Chelmsford. The body was sent to Winchendon, Mass., for burial.

KELLEY—Mary Kelley, widow of Thomas Kelley, died Friday at Everett. She was a daughter of Charles Santoum of this city and burial will be made here.

RACETTE—Jules Racette, a well known resident of 480 Moody street, died this morning at his home, after a long illness, aged 41 years. Deceased was a native of Milville, N. Y., and had lived in Lowell 19 years. He leaves a widow and two sons who are in the Oblate novitiate at Buffalo, N. Y., and two daughters in this city.

He was a member of St. Jean Baptiste and the Tertiary Order of St. Francis. Funeral Thursday morning 9 o'clock from St. Jean Baptiste church.

### IMPROVEMENTS VOTED.

The First Baptist church, last evening, voted to make extensive improvements in the church.

### SUPERIOR COURT.

The only trial reached before the noon adjournment was that of A. I. Hodge vs. Sample, a claim for commission in conveying property.

# SPANISH TROOPS

## Aboard the Alphonso XIII at Jamaica.

### THEY WERE THERE SHORT OF SUPPLIES.

### Food Purchased From Vessels in Port.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, May 24.—Among the passengers who arrived today per Atlas line steamer Altai from Kingston were ten Cuban refugees who were transferred to Jamaica from Cienfuegos. Among them were Renado Castillo and family. Other passengers were Lieut. L. F. A. Barlow, U.S.A.; George W. Brown, Frank H Anson and Washington Hume.

A passenger from Kingston says he was at Barbadoes three weeks ago when the Spanish troop ship, Alfonso XIII put in there for coal. The harbor master found that she had eleven hundred men, over the number of her crew. The Spaniard desired to purchase a large quantity of provisions and coal, but were only permitted to buy sufficient to supply them to the next port. The passengers said that at Kingston the supply of beef stuffs was very short, and that he knew of three vessels which had succeeded in running in with full cargoes of food supplies to the ports on the South side of Cuba, in spite of the efforts of the Jamaican government to prevent it.

Several newspaper correspondents in Kingston filed reports concerning the movements of American war vessels but the cable people refused to receive them.

### THE SOUTH SIDE.

ANOTHER LENGTHY HEARING BEFORE COUNTY COMMISSION.

The hearing before the county commissioners yesterday brought out a strong sentiment in favor of a highway on the South side between Lowell and Lawrence.

The principal speaker was E. B. Conant, who said what in his opinion the petition was the strongest ever presented to a board of commissioners. No signatures had been solicited, and nobody had been asked to attend the hearing. The representative business men present were in attendance of their own accord. He had met nobody in the city who was really opposed to the petition.

Mr. Conant spoke of the hearing before the Legislature, when 64 men, favoring the south side, had gone to Boston for two days, he said. The city was on the north side of the river and the north side, he claimed, was low and marshy, the land the worst in the state and the people of a different nature than elsewhere. If he rode on the north side of the river, he was obliged to watch lest people ran into him. On the south side it was a pleasure to ride.

The other speakers were Robert G. Bartlett, Hon. George W. Fifield, Hon. John J. Donovan, Hon. J. C. Abbott, Postmaster Thompson, Ava C. Russell, Frank Trull, George H Stevens, Z. W. Sturtevant, Jesse Trull, John Trull, Charles H. Stickney, Dr. H. Jefferson, Jesse H. Shepard, Henry C. Fuller, William H. Anderson, Hon. John J. Pickman.

Chairman Gould said that the board was asked to examine into the petition before it, and that nothing would be said to injure any other petition.

### TOMORROW'S PARADE.

CITY EMPLOYES WILL RAISE A FLAG.

The sewer department of the city of Lowell will raise the American flag at their headquarters on Broadway at the city stables, on Wednesday afternoon. The parade will form at City Hall, promptly at 4.30, consisting of members of the city government, 350 men of the sewer department, and all citizens are hereby respectfully invited to report at at the City Hall at that time, for the purpose of taking part in the ceremonies.

The parade will move from City Hall down Merrimack street to Central, to Middlesex, to Thorndike, to Fletcher, to the city stables. Speeches will be made by his honor, the Mayor, and others, upon the raising of the flag. The affair will be under the immediate direction of Supt. of Streets Cheney, and Assistant Supt. Beals. Gen C. A. R. Dimon has been requested to act as marshal for the occasion.

A large flag has been bought, a band of music engaged, and arrangements made to drape the platform at the city stables, and every expense is to be paid for by private contributions from the officers and men of the sewer department.

### POLICE COURT.

Eight drunks.

John Lavery, who escaped from the workhouse is worse off than ever, for now in addition to his time at the farm he must serve five months in jail for escaping.

William Desmond received six months in the workhouse for drunkenness and Dennis Callahan likewise.

Thomas Whitehead was fined $20 for assault and battery.

The continued case of Michael O'Leary charged with assault on his wife, will be disposed of today.

### PERSONAL.

Peter A. Fay, Esq., is smiling these days, the cause being a handsome little heir born on Sunday.

### MATRIMONIAL.

A very pretty wedding took place Sunday evening at the Immaculate Conception church, when Rev. W. D. Joyce, O.M.I., united in marriage Mr. James A. Kilroy, assistant superintendent of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, and Miss Sadie O'Connor of New York. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Helen O'Connor of New York, and the best man was William F. McCarthy, president of the Burke Temperance Institute. The bride wore a gown of white silk and the bridesmaid was attired in blue silk. A reception was held at 242 Appleton street, and the young couple received the congratulations of their many friends. They left on a wedding tour.

# A RATTLING BOUT

## Jack Daly and McPartland at New York.

### THE DECISION WAS GIVEN TO THE FORMER

### On Account of a Foul Blow.

New York, May 24.—Two bouts made up the card last night at the second boxing exhibition of the Lenox Athletic club. In the introductory bout, "Kid" Robinson (colored) of Chicago and Billy Moore of Syracuse fought 12 rounds at 130 pounds. The bout was declared a draw. When the gloves were taken off it was found that Robinson had injured his left hand badly.

The principal bout was a 25-round go between "Kid" McPartland of this city and Jack Daly of Wilmington, Del., at 134 pounds. McPartland and Daly turned the scales at 132 1-2 pounds at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and when they stripped they were in excellent trim and equally confident of success. Daly was the favorite in the betting, 100 to 90 being generally laid on his chances. The bout was a rattling one while it lasted, but from the eighth round it was very evident that Daly would get the better of McPartland, as the latter lost control of his temper.

In the second round, the "kid" sprang a new blow. It was a left jab on the face quickly brought down to the kidneys. He did this twice. In the eighth round blood was drawn from Mac's nose by a blow in the face. In the ninth round Daly was bleeding from a cut over the right eye. Very hard blows were exchanged during the fight, and the men frequently clinched.

In the 15th round the boys rushed into a clinch, from which Referee White got them to break. Daly rushed and slammed McPartland right and left. Mac clinched, and White tried to separate them. In the clinch Mac struck Daly, and the latter fell. White rolled over him, hurting Daly's leg. Mac walked to his corner and Daly limped to his. This ended the bout and it was announced that the referee had awarded the decision to Daly on account of McPartland's having struck Daly in a clinch after he had repeatedly cautioned him not to do so.

Quite a large sum of money changed hands over the result, one of the heaviest losers being "Spike" Sullivan, who had bet nearly $200 at odds of 11 to 10 and even money.

### BOSTON MAN SUPERIOR.

Philadelphia, May 24.—"Mysterious Billy" Smith of Boston and Charles Johnson of this city fought 15 rounds last night at Athens. The decision was a draw, although Smith clearly had the best of the bout. He was the aggressor throughout and landed heavily on Johnson's body and head. Johnson put up good argument, but was overmatched at every point.

### BLOW OVER THE HEART.

Wheeling, W. Va., May 24.—In the arena of the Metropolitan Athletic club, Oscar Gardner, the "Omaha kid," and Fred Bogan of San Francisco met in what was to have been a 20-round contest for the featherweight championship of the west, but the battle was concluded in the 13th round, when Gardner landed a knockout blow over the heart. Gardner clearly outclassed his man and could have finished him rounds before the end came for the Californian.

### DUFFY'S THREE-BAGGERS.

Stick Work of the Captain of the Bostons in St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 24.—The browns lost to the Bostons yesterday after an exciting struggle in which errors were numerous. Duffy's two three-baggers aided the visitors. Score:

| St. Louis. | AB | R | IB | PO | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dowd, c. f. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Holmes, r. f. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Harley, l. f. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Sugden, s. | 5 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 1 |
| Cross, 3 b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Decker, 1 b. | 5 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Hall, c. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| Crooks, 2 b. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Hughey, p. | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| *Clements | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals | 40 | 7 | 11 | 27 | 11 | 6 |

*Batted for Hughey.

| Boston. | AB | R | IB | PO | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hamilton, c. f. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Tenney, 1 b. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1 |
| Long, s. s. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Duffy, l. f. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Collins, 3 b. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Stahl, r. f. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Lowe, 2 b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| Bergen, c. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 2 |
| Klobedanz, p. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Totals | 41 | 8 | 13 | 27 | 13 | 1 |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0—7 |
| Boston | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2—8 |

Two-base hits—Decker, Bergen, Hamilton. Three-base hits—Hall, Duffy, 2. Earned runs—Boston, 3; St. Louis, 3. Hit by pitched ball—Harley. Double play—Hall, Crooks and Decker. Base on balls—Off Hughey, 1; off Klobedanz, 2. Sacrifice hits—Dowd, Cross, Hall. Struck out—By Hughey, 3; by Klobedanz, 3. Stolen bases—Hamilton, 2; Hughey. Wild pitch—Klobedanz. Time—2:50. Umpires—Swartwood and Woods.

The New Yorks batted hard and timely, while the Louisvilles could not hit when hits meant runs. Dowling, their pitcher, lasted but five innings. Score: 13 to 4.

The aggregation from Baltimore had two bad innings yesterday, and the Chicagos one, errors being followed by a bunching of hits. The Illinois team won, 6 to 5.

Hill of the Cincinnatis kept the Brooklyns' hits scattered well and pitched himself out of many tight places, so that his club won, 7 to 2.

Buggley of the Philadelphias was an easy shark for the Pittsburgs, and after he had lost the game in an inning and a half, Platt was substituted. Only one short hit was made off him. Score: 3 to 1.

With two out in the ninth, Burkett's single drive brought in two runs, giving the Cleveland team the game after the Washingtons thought victory was sure. Score: 4 to 3.

The Springfields appear to have the luck to be pitted against the Providences at a time when the Providence pitchers are vying with each other in good work. Rudderham pitched a magnificent game, holding the Springfields down to scattered hits, and would have shut them out but for an error following Lush's hit in the eighth inning. Score: 8 to 1.

The Fall River team, with Flanagan on the slab, made easy work defeating the New Bedfords, 8 to 2. All that was needed was to get first base, and then the New Bedford players did the rest, throwing the ball around the lot like boys.

The Newport team was weak at the bat at critical times in the game with the Brocktons. Hits were frequent, but the men died on bases for the sake of a strong hitter. The score was close enough to keep up interest and the game was very well played at all points, save Clancy at short for the visitors. Score: 5 to 2.

The Pawtuckets won in a batting contest with the Tauntons, 7 to 4. Katull, who has been loaned by the Fall Rivers, was tried by the Tauntons, and pitched a steady game, the hits being well sprinkled through the innings. Pattee's doodlums were frequently questioned by both sides.

### BIG COST OF THE WAR.

The Nation Has Been Paying at the Rate of $3,000,000 Per Day.

A recent Washington special to the New York World says:

The 29 days of the war which the United States is waging against the kingdom of Spain have cost this country about $80,000,000, or nearly $3,000,000 a day.

The cost of operations in the future will probably not be so great, as quite one-half of the expenditures so far have been in the way of preparation, the acquirement of warships, guns and equipment. The ordinary cost should run about $1,000,000 a day. It is estimated that more than 200,000 persons are actively employed helping the nation's land and sea forces to get into fighting trim. This table, carefully compiled from the estimates of authorities on the prices paid, will give an idea of the aggregate amounts paid by the government for the various things war has compelled it to purchase:

| | |
|---|---|
| For ships purchased and leased | $38,000,000 |
| For new equipment, ammunition and supplies | 12,000,000 |
| For coal | 8,000,000 |
| For transportation of troops | 8,500,000 |
| For supplies for the army | 7,000,000 |
| For guns, ammunition, etc | 8,000,000 |
| Pay of army for month of May and part of April | 2,750,000 |
| Pay for navy for May | 640,000 |
| For cablegrams and telegrams for May | 75,000 |
| For contingent expenses yet to be incurred | 10,000,000 |

Our Future Work.

We shall hold the possessions we shall win. Cuba will finally come to us of its own volition. We shall strengthen our navy and send it abroad that our commerce may follow the flag. Our merchant marine will grow and multiply our trade under the guarantee of such guns as Dewey and Sampson handle. We shall open the Nicaraguan canal and guard it as England does that of Suez. Our manufacturers will find markets from Japan and Hawaii to Tierra del Fuego. We shall assert an interest in the trade of Asia and Africa and South America and make it good by the quality and value of our products, with our sailors to insure fair play and no favor. It is too late now to hesitate.—Florida Times-Union.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

HEART RESCUE IN 30 MINUTES.—after momentarily expecting for years that death might snap the vital cord at any minute. This is the story thousands could tell and have told of the almost Divine formula, Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. Every day chronicles the taking way of many who have not heeded nature's warnings that the heart was tired out and needed the helping that this wonderful cure gives. Heart disorders are insidious. Don't trifle. This great remedy attacks the disease instantly.—41.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., Central and Merrimack streets, and by C. E. Carter, Branch and Smith streets.

May 24.

Days when cash seems scarce are the days we hustle most for business. Cash seems scarce these days. We seem to think even more so than the facts warrant. Lots of the very men who draw the same pay or more than they did two years ago, have joined in the cry of hard times. No reason why they should—but the thing is epidemic—it seems to be the fashion to talk war and hard times. Hustle around and don't talk so much of war till Uncle Sam wants you, then go and talk war and make war. We hustle for business by offering more bargains and better values when trade is quiet. We have a great all wool suit today for $5, still better suits at $9, $10 and $12.

O'Hearn & Dowd

OLD POST OFFICE.

# AT CAMP DEWEY

## Drilling is Still in Progress Daily.

### GOV. WOLCOTT APPRECIATES HONORS TO SIXTH

### By Mayor and People of Baltimore.

South Framingham, Mass., May 24.—The members of the Ninth regiment had the camp all to themselves Monday afternoon, there being very few visitors present, which was all the better for the men, as the time was spent in drill. The regiment came out at 5 o'clock for dress parade and review with Major Grady of the Second battalion in command. The march showed much improvement as the result of steady drill on the part of the regiment. After the review the regiment formed in three sides of a square, each battalion forming a side, and Chaplain Murphy held a short service of prayer. Father Murphy started in yesterday to perform the regular duties of chaplain of the regiment, having taken leave of his parish at Saxonville.

EXCHANGE OF GREETINGS.

Boston, May 24.—Governor Wolcott was highly pleased at the reception accorded the Sixth Massachusetts by the citizens of Baltimore Saturday, and sent this telegram to Mayor Malster of that city: "The commonwealth of Massachusetts is profoundly touched by the brotherly and enthusiastic welcome extended by the mayor and citizens of Baltimore to the Sixth Massachusetts, U. S. V. In the name of the commonwealth I beg you to accept her grateful thanks."

In reply the governor has received the following from Mayor Malster: "The people of Baltimore city accept through you for Massachusetts the kind words contained in your dispatch to me. I trust no event in the future will occur to lessen the high regard and friendship now entertained by the citizens of Massachusetts and Maryland for each other. The brotherly heartthrobs of Massachusetts reverberate in the hearts of the true sons of Maryland. I extend to you the heartfelt thanks of the citizens of Baltimore for your kind expressions."

### BOSTON MATTERS.

A HUNDRED ACRES FOR FORTS ON DEER ISLAND.

Boston, May 24.—Robert Trent Paine, Jr., has opened a recruiting office in this city for the purpose of forming one of the provisional companies called for by the governor to take the place of the men that have entered the national service as volunteers.

Spring flowers in profusion and the American colors adorned the pulpit of the Second church yesterday afternoon, where the annual meeting of the National alliance was held. This organization is composed of Unitarian and other christian women, and exerts a wide influence in church work.

Lieutenant Commander Sturdy, executive officer of the receiving ship Wabash, stationed at the Charleston navy yard, has received orders detaching him from that position and ordering him to sea duty.

The war department has notified Mayor Quincy that it will need 100 acres additional on Deer island for fortifications. By taking this land the farm connected with the city's corrective institution will be lost, thereby depriving the city of revenue in raising vegetables for the inmates.

Monday afternoon the exceptions in the Braun trial were placed on file in the United States circuit court. They are quite numerous and cover almost the entire ground traversed during the trial. The challenge to the array, which was argued at the very opening of the trial, and before the jurors were drawn, is also a prominent feature in the reasons assigned why a new trial ought to be granted.

At the 13rd annual meeting of the American Congregational association the report of the treasurer showed a balance of $70,694.26. The following officers were elected: President, Samuel Johnson of Boston; vice presidents, Charles C. Burr of Auburndale and E. W. Batchford of Chicago; treasurer, Augustus S. Levett of Roxbury; corresponding and recording secretary, Rev. Joshua Coit of Winchester; auditor, Alonzo C. Tenney of Chelsea.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

First class job printing done at this office.

Gambling IN Paint

Dealers who recommend mixtures of clay and whiting as pure paint, do so either from ignorance, insincerity or (worst of all) chance. This sort of gambling is a losing game for the purchaser.

Harrisons'

TOWN AND COUNTRY Ready Mixed Paints

satisfy the discriminating dealer because they are guaranteed by the House of Harrison to contain nothing but white lead, zinc white, pure linseed oil and the necessary coloring, and their application proves this guarantee to the discriminating purchaser. Harrison Bros. & Co. Philadelphia, Chicago, New York. Agents have the big red "H" on low sign.

C. B. COBURN & CO., Agents.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of The Associated Press.
Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

ANY TWO

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers published in Lowell. It is the best and cheapest advertising medium in the city.

The real cost of advertising is not the price per inch, but the price per inch per thousand papers.

See The Point?

Was it Spanish burglars who broke into Senator Mason's residence and stole his valuables?

The board of health is still disorganized. Two out and one in, and yet one seems to be a majority.

Our street sprinklers are great artists. They flood the streets so that they remain wet throughout the day, especially in the numerous streets, where dangerous hollows and trenches abound.

The death of Edward Bellamy removes another reform writer, much of the Henry George type, but not so able or so brilliant. His book, "Looking Backward," met great success, probably as much as did Henry George's "Progress and Poverty," although not nearly so pretentious.

It is time that the controversy over the assessors' department was settled, as to continue it much longer will seriously affect the business of the department and cause a loss to the city. Thus far the only result obtained by the investigation is to demoralize the system and harass the members of the board.

It is reported that an alliance between France and Spain is being negotiated by those two countries. We do not believe that France is so indiscreet as to espouse the cause of a bankrupt and defeated nation. To do so would only be to assume the burdens of Spain which are heavy and will remain so. When the indemnity of the present war shall have been added to these burdens France will probably not relish the idea of endorsing Spain's promissory note.

The New Bedford strike has been declared off by the leaders who had charge of it, and the general verdict now that the strike is completely over, is that although the operatives had to return to work without overcoming the reduction in wages, yet there has never been a strike in New England mills that will be more keenly remembered by the men of the Arkwright club. It struck them severely and in future they will not be so ready to cut down wages. The condition of the operatives in New England has reached a point at which they must fight if they wish to obtain fair wages or even the means of earning a bare subsistence.

If Cervera eludes his pursuers and shows that he will not fight why would it not be the best course for the United States' fleet to open fire upon Morro Castle and level the fort at Havana. That work, it seems has been unnecessarily delayed. If Havana were attacked surely Cervera would show up with his fleet. Our ships, so far as we can judge from the reports of continuous cannonading are having a good deal of target practice at sea. Why not practice in hitting these forts at Havana that must be finally destroyed.

The republican press of the country, as well as the mugwumps, have raised a howl against Mayor Van Wyck of New York for making some changes in the police commissioners to suit his own views or preferences. He is responsible for the work of the board and has a right to his own choice in those he shall retain and those he shall discharge. He has appointed a republican to take the place of another republican, and will appoint a chief of police of his own selection. This is too much to be tolerated from a democratic mayor. The mugwumps and republicans are shrieking their protests but Van Wyck is doing just what he promised to do and the police authorities will do their duty or "get."

The legislature, it appears, is determined to send a delegation of forty members to the Omaha exposition. Just at the present time, while a war is in progress and while distress prevails very generally throughout the state, it might be supposed that the legislators entrusted with the care of the people's interests would make some show of economy. On the contrary they seem to be getting more reckless than ever in their extravagance in the passage of bills that will serve only to burden the statute book and confuse the people.

Fall River, in common with other cities, has tried the effect of reducing wages, but finding that did not relieve the depression in the textile industry, the mill owners have now undertaken to experiment with curtailment of production. The mills will be shut down for a lengthy period, perhaps for a large portion of the summer. It was intended in the first place that this was the proper step to take when the Arkwright club ordered a cut down of wages, but so long as there was any chance of an improvement at the expense of the operatives, the Arkwright club was not likely to lose it. The wages are still reduced and the textile industry still depressed. If the mills would restore the wages of the operatives the curtailment of production might help matters very considerably The people would have more money to buy what they want and the mills would get rid of some of their surplus stock.

The Carpet mills are among those which have been curtailing production. They have been curtailing for the past couple of years, and if they keep on they might as well close altogether. It is difficult to see why they are building new mills and keeping the old ones idle.

## CRISP GOSSIP.

Admiral Cervera must have studied Charlie Mitchell's pugilistic methods. Old prize fighters remember well his running away tactics while in the ring.

At a prominent wedding the other day the contracting parties marched to the strain of Uncle Sam's wedding march, "Yankee Doodle." How patriotic.

Someone, in Speaker Reed's presence asked how it was that such a cold, phlegmatic and conservative man as Senator Proctor of Vermont was so eager for war. "Probably because he is a wholesale dealer in tombstones," was the Maine man's reply. When Proctor heard of this a few minutes later, he said: "I suppose, then, that Reed is opposed to war, because he is adjuster for several large life insurance companies."

The Dewey dress is the latest thing. It's a Manila wrapper.

Dear Mr. Editor—I Am onley ate yers old. I writed a peace of poertry what is hear. How was it. Willie.

MY POERTRY.

I waNt to beE a anjel
with a Pare of wings two fil
so's I kin c jim dugan
from way up In the ski.
an when I C jim dugan
I'll throw things down on him
for he liked me at recess
an then I kan lik jim.

Willie's sentiment is great. With proper cultivation Willie will be a good man in a scrap. He should be trained in the manly art of self-defence and taught to mix drinks. Brockton Enterprise.

Land of garlic and tortillas,
Land of xebecs and mantillas,
Land of mules and smuggled bitters,
Land of raisins and of fritters,
Land of Pedro and of Sancho,
Land of Weyler and of Blanco,
Land of bull fights and pesetas,
Land of dusky senoritas,
Land of manners stiff and haughty,
Land of Isabella naughty,
Land of Boabdil and Hamil,
Don't you hear your Uncle Sam?
"Git!"
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## WON ITS SUIT.

QUINSIGAMOND FIRE COMPANY OF HOPKINTON WILL RECEIVE THE FIRST PRIZE.

The Quinsigamond Fire company of Hopkinton, Mass., has recovered a verdict of $150 in the common pleas court in Providence against the Rhode Island State Fair association. The company sued for the value of the first prize at a hand engine contest at the Rhode Island State fair. The company claimed that it made the longest throw and was wrongfully debarred. The State Fair association claimed that the rules of the contest expressly prohibited the use of plugs, which are very liable to burst hose and that the company was warned not to use them.

Fall River was represented in the contest, and because of the fact that the Quinsigamond company and a Lynn company were debarred for using the plugs, won fourth place. The prize was $50, in addition to a silk banner. A suitable trophy was offered with each money prize, but all of the trophies were withheld when suit was entered by the dissatisfied company. The money was paid over promptly in each case. The companies will be allowed to keep the money, it is supposed, but the trophies will be awarded according to the change in the standing made by the verdict. Fall River will not get the banner unless unlooked-for action is taken by the Fair association.

## A VETERAN'S GRAVE.

Miss Maggie Cline, the well known songstress, who visited Haverhill to attend the funeral of her sister, Mrs. John J. Sullivan, placed a handsome silk flag yesterday on the grave of her father, Patrick Cline. Mr. Cline was a member of Co. F, 1st Massachusetts heavy artillery and was one of the old residents of that city.

Fine job printing done at this office.

DR. WILLIAMS'
PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Read for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.
DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
50c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

# THE ARENA OF POLITICS

## RULE OF COMMON SENSE

William J. Bryan Applies It to the Money Question.

FAVORS INDEPENDENT ACTION.

**Useless to Look to Europe For International Bimetallism—Financiers Don't Want to Lose a Good Thing—What the United States Should Do.**

Now let us apply the rule of common sense to this question of international bimetallism. Suppose you say to those in foreign lands that while you desire relief from the gold standard you will maintain the gold standard until they come to your relief. Suppose, for instance, our commission goes to Europe, gathers together the financiers and says to them:

"Gentlemen, the American people have suffered from the gold standard. Prices have been falling. They want bimetallism restored, and we, the members of the commission, come over to ask your financiers to help us restore bimetallism. We know that what we have lost you have gained. We know that while prices have been falling with us your dollars have increased in value, but we come and ask you to join in with us in restoring a system that will stop you making so much and stop us losing so much. But before you join us we want to tell you that while we want you to help us restore bimetallism, while we invite you to hurt yourself and help us, we want you to understand that if you would rather go on profiting at our expense, if you would rather continue to reap larger and larger dollars while we suffer from lower and lower prices, if you still insist on securing this advantage over us, we come to notify you that the American people will stand by you while the world lasts and rejoice with you."

Now, do you call that common sense applied to a question such as that? Would a man do that in his private business? If you wanted to form a partnership, would you go to some man who had been making money while you had been losing and say: "Let us join together. You have been making money, I have been losing. Let us join together. You won't make so much money, but I will make more. Let us go into partnership."

You wouldn't do it. You know that no simple partnership can be formed in any city or village except upon the theory that the partnership is to be beneficial to all the members of the partnership. The idea of going to the financiers of the old world, who have wanted the gold standard because of the advantage it gave them—those who have insisted upon the gold standard because it increased the value of their business—going to them and asking them please to come to us and help us change the system, and then promise them if they just refuse to help us we will stand by them and make the system more profitable to them in the future than it has been in the past!

That is one plan. Our plan is different. Those who believe in independent bimetallism believe that independent bimetallism will bring about international bimetallism. And I will tell you why. Because, according to our idea, we won't send commissioners abroad to ask what the United States can do. Our plan is to send a representative when we send it at all to tell what the United States is going to do. And there is a good deal of difference between announcing what the United States is going to do and asking what it may do. The difference is the difference between this country just before the Revolution and just afterward. W. J. BRYAN.

## IS HE THE SAME GAGE?

**A Great Change Has Taken Place Since This Good Man Went to Washington.**

The vicar of Bray is but a type of the large class of human beings that quickly shift their views to square with their interests. Our distinguished fellow townsman, L. J. Gage, was once upon a time a hearty free trader. He became the apologist and defender of commercial restrictions when he secured a position in a protectionist cabinet. He left Chicago a sturdy defender of the merit system, which of late has been driving his coach and four for accommodation of spoilsmen. He went to Washington an apostle of peace. He was a director of the Universal Peace association. He wouldn't swagger with a Barbary hen if she ruffled her feathers in any show of resistance. He hasn't personally gone to war—catch him—but he's signing checks for ships and guns and the payment of volunteers.

He became secretary of the treasury as the special representative of the interests demanding the more effective establishment of the gold standard, for which, if he was not willing to die, he was at least ready to dare at prandial entertainments the danger of dyspepsia, and now, before a hostile word is said, he exclaims that a coin bond will fully meet the situation. Bless thee, Gage, thou art translated! From free trade to protectionist! From merit law defender to spoilsman! From a Quaker to Bombastes Furioso, wondering why his colleague, Alger, is so tame! From the uncompromising gold standard advocate to a financial trimmer! Is the Gage who nimbly capers to the pleasings of the McKinley lute the Lyman J. who used to preach wisdom and political morality in Chicago?—Chicago Chronicle.

"Owned in England."

This paper will not recede from its often reiterated charge that nearly all of the big daily papers in our larger cities are owned in England. Not a single one of these papers dares engage us on this question. The liberties of the American people are being sold through the agency of the Britishized press.—Editor National Democrat.

## PROF. WALCOTT

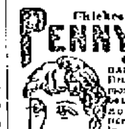
THE INTREPID PARACHUTE JUMPER ARRIVES IN HAVERHILL.

Prof. Charles Walcott, who made so many balloon ascensions at Lakeview and also met with a horrible accident in Venezuela, the particulars of which will be remembered by Lowell people, has arrived at his home in Haverhill, where he will remain for a brief period. He is looking splendidly and appears to be enjoying the best of health. The professor is under contract for the season to a band company and will appear throughout New England. He is still obliged to go on crutches, but expects to eventually recover the use of his lower limbs. Concerning his recent operation at St. Luke's hospital, in New York city which created so much interest in medical circles, the professor states that the physicians refused at first to admit him, claiming they were maintaining a hospital and not a morgue. They were astonished to learn that the accident had occurred six months previous to the arrival in the hospital. He lay in the hospital eight months before an operation was performed. He is now able to move his legs and only feels a slight pain when trying to use his feet. The professor will be able to travel and fill all of his engagements this summer.

Private Stock Blackberry Cordial is the beverage par excellence for tonic and invigorating purposes. The pure and unadulterated combination of berry juice, brandy and rock candy syrup.
Sold in bulk at $3.00 per gallon; per bottle 75c. Only to be found at
JOHN M. PEVEY'S,
55-57 MIDDLE STREET.
Tel. 452-3.

DR. PEFFER'S
ROYAL-TANSY PILLS.

NEW DISCOVERY. NEVER FAILS.
A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 30,000 LADIES. Invigorates these organs. BEWARE OF DANGEROUS IMITATIONS. $2 per box, small box $1. Prepaid in plain wrapper. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN. Chicago, Ill.
Sold by Ellingwood & Co. Cor. Central and Merrimack streets.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper.
Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass

MANLY VIGOR
Marital Strength, Vitality, Manhood,
Given to weak, impotent men, by using the old DR. HALLOCK Wonderful Electric Pills. Complete despondency and mental foreboding disappear at once. The effect of these Pills are felt in a few days by the delicate organism of men. The whole body responds with a glow of health. The mind becomes more active than ever. Flabby nerves give way to nerves of steel. Manly vigor restored in men who have spun out the thread of life too fast, or been guilty of youthful indiscretions. Drains and night losses stop at once.
MEN ABOUT TO MARRY
Should take a few boxes of these famous Pills and thus fortify themselves and strengthen their nerves. The Pills are carefully COMPOUNDED and are so constructed that they "hit the mark every time," and yet will not harm the most delicate organism. We have employed the Pills in our private practice for over 40 years and always with successful results. Age no barrier.
A package of Pills, together with Medical Book and special directions sent sealed, on receipt of $1.
Our Institute was founded in 1848. As to our reliability and professional standing, we refer to any of the Boston papers, banks or express companies. WE ARE THE OLDEST INSTITUTION OF ITS KIND IN THE WORLD.
Consultation may be had and advice given free of charge by the greatest living experts and specialists on Men's Diseases.
BOOK FOR MEN FREE.
Our grand Medical Book, "A Private Conversation With Men," and a list of questions sent (sealed) for the asking. Book describes sexual anatomy of men, and tells about men's diseases in plain language. You will be a better man for reading this book. It is almost inspired, written by the old Doctor himself. Send for it today—now, for you may not see this advertisement again. HALLOCK'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 110 Court Street, Boston, Mass.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, SS.

PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs at law, next of kin, creditors and all other persons interested in the estate of CLARENCE S. MORSE, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased, intestate.

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased to GEORGE E. SOMERS of Lowell, in said County, or to some other suitable person.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge in said County of Middlesex, on the seventh day of June, A. D., 1898, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

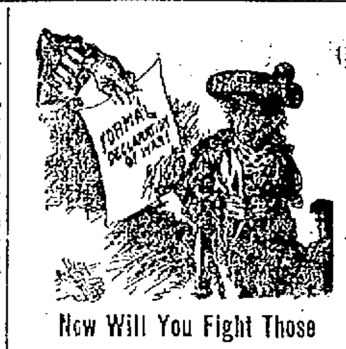
And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this seventeenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety eight.

S. H. FOLSOM, Register.

TO RENT—Two new Cottage Houses at Willow Dale, on Bowers' Avenue.
DONOVAN & MANSUR
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

Be in the Battle
Call for One of Our Nice
AMERICAN FLAG PINS
J. A. Legault & Co.
Jewelers, Watchmakers and Opticians.
70 Central, Cor. Prescott St.



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Headaches
DR. KINGFORD'S
Headache Powders
have cured when others fail. If you take one of Dr. Kingford's Headache Powders when you feel a headache coming on you need not fear.
Be sure you get Dr. Kingford's for they are the best.
FOR SALE AT
GOODALE'S
DRUG STORE,
217 CENTRAL STREET.

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Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $28 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $22. Trousers from $1 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

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PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream
India Pale Ale
And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
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SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
41 HILDRETH BUILDING.

"Sawyer! SAWYER!" Shouted the trainmen as the Missouri Pacific cars emerged from the tunnel at the Sawyer Mountain station.
"DON'T CARE IF YOU DID!"
Exclaimed the man who sat with the blushing lady with a hat askew;
"SHE'S MY WIFE"
Lowell citizens when they hear anyone say "SAWYER," immediately think of the superior carriage repairing and first class vehicles put up and put out by the SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY.
HAVE YOUR REPAIRS ATTENDED TO
This Week

DON'T STOP TO THINK
BUT RUSH TO THE
CENTRAL
CASH MARKET
Lower Prices on Beef.
Best Round, 2 lbs. 25c.
Best Top Round, 15c.
Best Rump and Sirloin 18 to 22c.
Pea Beans, 5c qt.
2 doz. Fresh Eggs, 25c.
100 Fresh Eggs, $1.00
3 lbs. Pork Steak, 25c.
The Bargain Makers in the Beef Business, cor.
CENTRAL AND CHARLES STS.

Toothache!
It don't make any difference what shape your tooth is in, if it is aching, call at 177 Middlesex street, and have it stopped forever. Wm. H. Goldspring can, by placing his finger upon any aching tooth, stop the pain instantly and forever. Do not suffer with toothache but call and see him.
He will treat patients without charge. If satisfied with his treatment, pay what you choose. Office hours from 5 a. m. to 10 p. m.
177 Middlesex St., Room 1.

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MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

You Have Struck the Right Place
When You Have Found
Peter Watson's
CELEBRATED BAKERIES
For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at
52 to 60 CHARLES ST.
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If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

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Undertaker AND Funeral Director
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Telephone connection 614-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

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TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

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Men's, Boys', Ladies' Clothing
ON CREDIT.
At cash prices, of the popular CENTRAL SUPPLY CO., 117 Merrimack street, opp. Chris. Holmes. OPEN EVENINGS.

Take My Advice and Call on the
Eagle Clothing Co.
We carry the largest stock of Ladies' and Gents' Garments in this city. Our prices are the lowest. THE EAGLE CREDIT HOUSE, 190-192 Middlesex St.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
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SAM SMITH'S
Is the place to bring your Boots and Shoes for repairing. Best work. Best leather and lowest prices in the city. Men's Boots, tap and heel, 55c.; Ladies' 35c.; Children's, 30c. Call
111 MARKET STREET.
(Opposite Carpet.)

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This old hostelery has been refitted and furnished and is up-to-date in every particular. The best menu of any hotel in the city. Special rates to theatrical and commercial men. Best wines and liquors, everything first class. Our 50c. course dinner a specialty.
Washington Tavern
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JOHN J. RECAN, Proprietor.

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BOUQUET HOLDERS
LAWN MOWERS,
Rakes, Shears and Dressing.
FLOWER SEEDS,
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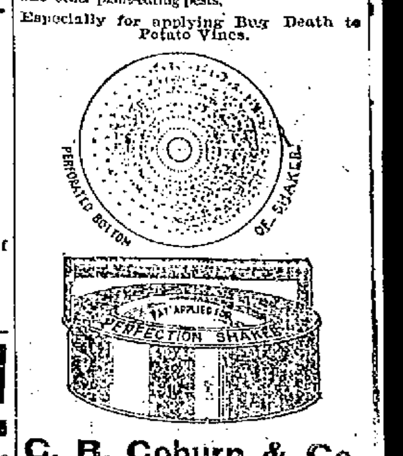
BUG DEATH
Is a non-poisonous powder that effectually takes the place of Paris Green and other dangerous insect powders when used as directed.
It is sure death to the Potato, Squash and Cucumber Bugs, Currant and Tomato Worms also other plant-eating pests.
Especially for applying Bug Death to Potato Vines.


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63-67 Market Street.

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Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President. JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 2,025 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery,
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

FOOT CARE.
Is seldom if ever given a thought, by the majority of people, and yet, how essential is their care to one's happiness. Our shoes have been selected from the leading manufacturers whose reputation for correct fitting and thorough workmanship are of the best. This together with the care we take in fitting the feet will assure you against ill fitting Shoes.
Ladies' Kid, button and lace, in cloth or kid tops, tan or black kid, $3 a pair.
Young Men's Vici Lace Shoes, $2 a pair.
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J. J. LONERGAN,
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Spring Cleansing
Blankets, Gent's Spring Overcoats, Ladies' Spring Sacks Cleansed or Dyed.
Bay State Dye House
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Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

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MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

LOWELL HIGH GRADE
FERTILIZERS
Lowest in Price,
Highest in Standard.
FOR SALE BY
E. N. Wood & Co.,
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PIANO BUYERS
Should call at ESTEY parlors. Manufacture and sell at factory prices. Easiest terms. Lowell. Pianos all grades and prices.
145 Merrimack Street.

# OUR FLEETS CHASING CERVERA

## No News of Their Movement Received Except Through Madrid.

### Some American Ships Fly the Spanish Flag—Terrific Explosion Supposed to be an Earthquake—Recruiting For the Navy Department—Other Despatches.

Washington, May 24.—As the warships are now at sea, there is no expectation of reports until a decisive engagement occurs and a dispatch boat sent to a port, or it is found that Cervera has eluded our search. In the meantime there is a complete lack of official data by which to forecast the coming engagement. A report was current Monday that the battleship Oregon had arrived at Key West, but the department officials entered a general denial that word had been received of any important vessel movements or arrivals.

The dispatches from Madrid giving the sharp debate in the parliament over the alleged flying of the Spanish flag by American warships created much comment in naval circles. Spain's protest to the powers that this use of the flag was cowardly and iniquitous was dismissed with the statement that international law writers agreed on the right to use an enemy's flag for the purpose of deceit so long as the flag was hauled down before a shot is fired. The United States naval regulations make specific provision on this point. The navy department recently issued an edition of Snow's "Naval Precedents," a standard work on naval usage in time of peace and war. In this, the doctrine on the use of an enemy's flag is stated as follows:

"The regulations of the United States navy state that the use of a foreign flag to deceive an enemy is permissible, but that it must be hauled down before a gun is fired, and under no circumstances is an action commenced or an engagement fought without the display of the national ensign." The foreign rule, both by regulation and by the textbook distributed to the navy, is a guide for naval officers. Practically the same rule applies to the use of an enemy's uniform.

The statement made by the Spanish minister of the interior that the government is likely to resort to privateering does not cause any apprehension. One of the highest authorities of the navy department said Spain would adopt privateering if she felt it to be to her interest without waiting for this country to give any pretext for such action. It is felt, however, that Great Britain, Germany and France will have considerable to say in case Spain resorts to the practice. The commerce of these countries would suffer very severely, and the effect would be far more disastrous to these foreign interests than to the shipping of the United States. The influence of Great Britain, Germany and France forced Spain reluctantly to forego privateering, and it is not thought probable that these influences will now consent to have their commerce destroyed.

The announcement by the way of Paris that the Italian government had protested against the continuance of the blockade of the Cuban coast on the ground that it was ineffective, met a prompt denial at the state department, and it can be stated definitely that neither in Washington nor in Rome have any representations on this subject been addressed to the United States government. Italy probably is the maritime power of all others with which the United States has had absolutely no correspondence in the slightest degree connected with the Cuban blockade. As to the allegation that the blockade is ineffective, it is said that on the contrary it has been singularly successful and that, so far as known, not a single neutral ship subject to detention has passed the lines without the expressed consent of our government. The Montserrat, it is true, did enter Cienfuegos harbor before our blockading ships got around to the south side of Cuba and established the blockade, and she did manage to get out at night; but she is a Spanish ship and Spain is perhaps the only nation in the world that has lost the power to enter a protest against a blockade, being a combatant herself. It is only for neutral powers to enter such protests, and none of them has as yet the slightest pretext for such action.

Third parties have begun to suffer from the war according to reports received from Consul Aymo at Guadaloupe, and it may be that other West Indian islands are to share in the burdens imposed upon Guadaloupe by the existence of hostilities. He reports that there is a scarcity there of flour and other provisions, and also of lumber, owing to the cessation of arrivals of vessels from the United States. The last ship arrived March 26, and when she cleared there were but 2500 barrels of flour on the island. Brokers bought up all of this, as well as all other provisions, at an advance of from 5 to 10 percent, and have raised prices. The consul fears serious results if prices rise much higher so that suffering follows.

With the beginning of the present week all Spanish vessels in the United States ports which sailed after the outbreak of the war are subject to seizure, as well as all Spanish merchantmen found on the high seas, save where they left port for the United States before April 21. The president's proclamation of war allowed such ships lying in our ports or bound for them 30 days in which to discharge cargoes, also ensured them safe passage home. That period of time expired last Saturday night. This is expected to free the state department from complications.

Commander Hemphill, who has charge of the naval enlistments, has made out a table showing that the recent recruiting of the navy has swelled that branch of the service by recruits from the following states: Maine, 19; New Hampshire, 22; Massachusetts, 1474; Rhode Island, 150; New York, 1760; New Jersey, 318; Pennsylvania, 406; Maryland, 444; District of Columbia, 401; Ohio, 67; Michigan, 304; Illinois, 182; Wisconsin, 32; Minnesota, 154; Missouri, 54; Virginia, 255; North Carolina, 99; South Carolina, 115; Georgia, 17; Tennessee, 8; Louisiana 151; Texas, 81; California, 656; Florida, 113.

No sutlers are to be permitted to accompany the army during the war. Assistant Secretary Melklejohn made this announcement after a thorough consultation with the army officials who are acquainted with the operations of the commissary department. The department has decided to enlarge the list of articles which will be kept on hand by the commissary's department. All these will be supplied to the officers and soldiers at cost price.

The army authorities are endeavoring to secure legislation by congress which will make applicable in time of war the law providing for summary courts for the trial of petty offenses at military posts. This law is applicable only in time of peace.

A TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

Key West, May 24.—The officers of one of the cruisers which arrived here yesterday say that while off Cape San Antonio (the western extremity of Cuba), Sunday afternoon, a terrific explosion was heard from the direction of the shore, but apparently many miles away. There was an upheaval of water all about the ship and the cruiser herself vibrated with the shock from stem to stern. Many are inclined to think that the phenomenon was an earthquake. There are no batteries near enough to Cape San Antonio to account for a detonation of such volume; and it is thought that if any naval disaster had occurred news of it would have reached here.

Judge Locke, in the United States district court, heard arguments in three of the most important prize cases, those of the Buena Ventura, Miguel Jover and Catalina. A number of counsel appeared, and it was contended on an extended citation of authorities that all three vessels should be condemned as lawful prizes. Arguments against this contention were made by an array of counsel representing the various interests, including the owners of the vessels and their cargoes. Judge Locke reserved decision.

DIVISION UNDER REVIEW.

Chickamauga National Park, May 24.—The first division of the First army corps was reviewed yesterday by its commander, Major General Wilson. This was the first great formal movement by a large body of troops organized for the American-Spanish war. It is said to be the first review of the kind since the civil war. The marching was as a rule in excellent time, the alignments were accurate and the distances well maintained. General Wilson expressed himself as very proud of the fact that the division, when maneuvered together for the first time, acted so much like regulars. With the morning sun glancing from polished arms and trappings and the silken stars and stripes and state flags waving in the breeze that came from Missionary Ridge, the sight was a glorious one and inspired great enthusiasm in both spectators and men in line.

HE DID NOT THINK.

Portland, Me., May 24.—What is probably the first shot to be fired in a business way from a New England fortification since the declaration of war with Spain was sent across the bow of the British schooner E. H. Foster. The vessel was bound from St. John to Salem with lumber. As it was pretty rough outside, Captain Wilcox concluded to run into Portland harbor for shelter and to see if there were any orders for him. He said he had heard of the harbor being mined and vessels being forbidden entrance at certain hours, but he did not think of the matter at the time. The shot was a sufficient reminder, however, and the Foster laid outside until after daylight.

MR. PEARCE'S LARGE NAVY.

Washington, May 24.—Representative Pearce has introduced a bill for an increase in the naval establishment as follows: Five first-class cruisers to carry the heaviest armor practicable and the most powerful ordnance, to have a displacement of 11,500 tons, a minimum average speed of 20 knots per hour, and to cost exclusive of armor and armament not exceeding $1,000,000; 10 torpedo boats of about 150 tons displacement, to have highest practicable speed and to cost, exclusive of armament, not over $200,000 each; 15 torpedo boat destroyers, about 400 tons displacement, of the highest practicable speed, and to cost, save armament, not over $500,000 each; 15 steel gunboats of about 2000 tons displacement, with highest practicable speed and to cost, save armament, not over $650,000 each. No two of the cruisers, nor four of the torpedo boats nor five of the destroyers, nor five of the gunboats shall be built in any one yard or by one contracting party. All material for them is to be of domestic manufacture. One cruiser, three torpedo boats, three destroyers and three gunboats are to be built on the Pacific coast under certain restrictions.

WATER OF POOR QUALITY.

Camp Alger, Va., May 24.—The Sixth Massachusetts regiment passed a very busy day in camp, which is now in first-class shape, barring the one item of water supply, and the men are rapidly rounding into shape after their long trip by train. The only disadvantage they feel is the unusual warmth, for which they are overclad. The water that the men are compelled to drink is of the poorest quality, and Colonel Woodward has advised all to partake of it as sparingly as possible. There is no sickness in camp.

TOOK SPANISH SOLDIERS.

London, May 24.—A dispatch to The Daily Chronicle from Barcelona says: "A steamer took 1000 soldiers from Cadiz Saturday for the Canaries or the Philippines, and there are two transatlantic liners now in port here."

A DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATION.

Washington, May 23.—Secretary Alger sent to congress yesterday an estimate for a deficiency appropriation of $50,000 for the medical and hospital department of the army caused by the unforeseen and large preparations and outfits required for the Philippine expedition and the necessary establishment of large general hospitals at Fort McPherson, Ga.; Fort Thomas, Ky.; Key West and Fort Myer, Va., etc., expenses of state boards for the examination of physicians for the volunteer forces, and other expenses.

Representative Lybrand has introduced a bill extending the free franking privileges through the mail to officers and enlisted men of the army and navy under regulations prescribed by the postmaster general.

# WILL GO TO CUBA

## Two Congressmen Get Appointments in Army.

### ROBBINS OF PENNSYLVANIA MADE CAPTAIN.

### Broussard Will Lead Company of Immunies.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 23.—Two representatives in Congress, Messrs. Robbins of Pennsylvania and Broussard of Louisiana were given authority today to go to the front in the Cuban invasion.

Edward Everett Robbins called on the president today and was with him but a few minutes before he went over to the secretary of war for his assignment. He bore with him a written order to appoint Hon. E. E. Robbins of Pennsylvania, captain and assistant quartermaster of the United States.

Mr. Robbins represents the 21st Pennsylvani district and was the major and quarter master of the 2nd brigade, state militia.

Representative Broussard of the third Louisiana district, announced his intention of entering the army long ago and today the president authorized him to raise a company of Louisiana immunes, prepared to join the Cuban invasion forces at once.

# $1,000,000 A DAY

## Rep. Hitchborn Says That is War Expense.

### HE ALSO LOOKS FOR A LONG CONTEST.

### We Will Have to Adopt New Policy.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 23.—Secretary Long has not yet returned from Massachusetts, where he went with Mrs. Long who had been in ill health of late. In his absence, Mr. Allen, who succeeded Mr. Roosevelt, is acting secretary. There were no developments of importance.

The department has sent half a dozen divers to Key West to clean the bottoms of the warships.

Representative Hitchborn who is a member of the House committee on naval affairs, speaking today of Ex-Secretary Tracy's recent suggestion that Congress should order six armored cruisers at once, to place our navy on an offensive as well as an adequate basis, said: "That will not do just at present but it will come some time when we get our bearings. The war is costing us $1,000,000 a day, from present indications I think it is going to be a long war. When it is over we will have a lot of outlying islands and will have to adopt the policy of Great Britain of looking after islands with adequate naval and military forces. It will be time enough then to talk of more armored cruisers."

MEDICAL TREATMENT ON TRIAL

To Any Reliable Man.

Marvelous appliances and one month's remedies of rare power will be sent on trial, without any advance payment, by the foremost company in the world in the treatment of men weak, broken, discouraged from effects of excesses, worry, overwork, &c. Happy marriage restored, complete restoration or development of all robust conditions. The free of this offer is limited. No C. O. D. scheme; no deception; no exposure. Address

ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N.Y.

### Divide and Conquer.

The Employing Builders' league is believed to be encouraging the division among the building trades unions to the end that the concentrated power in the board of delegates shall be broken. The league favors separate, nonafiliating organizations in the trades, each body dealing exclusively with the associated employers in its particular line of industry. The recently formed building trades council is looked upon by the board of delegates as one of the manifestations of the employers' new line of action.—New York Journal.

### To Succeed Garland.

Joseph Valentine of San Francisco, national officer of the Iron Molders' union, has been elected by the executive council of the American Federation of Labor as fourth vice president, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of M. M. Garland.

THE MOXIE SEASON HAS OPENED

Druggists sell Moxie by the glass. Any Grocer will deliver it to you at your house by the bottle.

# CERVERA IN BAD STRAITS

## With His Coal Gone the Fleet is Starving.

### Naval Officials Say He Cannot Escape—Neighboring Ports are Closed to Him—First Regiment Embarks for Manila—The Cadiz Fleet is Still Awaiting Orders.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTN, MAY 23.—THE NAVY DEPARTMENT HAS SETTLED DOWN QUIETLY TO AWAIT THE RESULTS IN THE NAVAL PROGRAM IN WEST INDIAN WATERS. EVERY INQUIRY IS DIRECTED TOWARD THE LOCATION OF THE RESPECTIVE SQUADRONS AND THE CHANCES OF AN EARLY CONFLICT, BUT THE SUM TOTAL OF OFFICIAL ADVICES THROW LITTLE OR NO LIGHT ON THE TIME WHEN A BATTLE MAY OCCUR. IT IS STATED BY THOSE BEST ACQUAINTED WITH THE SITUATION THAT THE DECISIVE FIGHT MAY OCCUR WITHIN THE NEXT FEW HOURS, OR MAY NOT OCCUR FOR SEVERAL DAYS, POSSIBLY WEEKS. AT THE SAME TIME, THE AUTHORITIES BELIEVE THAT THE CHANCES ARE GREATLY LESSENED OF ADMIRAL CERVERA'S PROLONGING HIS ELUSIVE PLAN FOR ANY CONSIDERABLE TIME. THERE ARE SEVERAL REASONS FOR THIS, BUT THE MAIN ONE IS THAT THE SHIPS HAVE BEEN MAKING INROADS ON THEIR COAL SUPPLY. THE RUN ACROSS FROM CAPE VERDE USED UP THE GREATER PART, IF NOT ALL OF THEIR SUPPLY.

NAVAL OFFICIALS BELIEVE THE SPANISH ADMIRAL IS NOW INSIDE THE CARIBBEAN SEA WITH HIS ORIGINAL STOCK OF COAL USED UP, WITH SCANT ADDITIONS ALREADY WELL EXHAUSTED, AND WITH NO DEPOTS IN SIGHT FOR A COMPLETE RE-COALING. THIS, IN NAVAL PARLANCE, WOULD STARVE THE SHIPS BEFORE LONG. THE ONLY RELIEF POSSIBLE FOR THIS DANGEROUS CONDITIONS IS A JUNCTURE WITH COLLIERS FROM THE OTHER SIDE. THE NAVAL AUTHORITIES ARE INCLINED TO THE BELIEF THAT THE SPANISH COMMANDER IS DANGEROUSLY NEAR A COAL FAMINE. IF THIS CONDITION EXISTS OR ARISES IN THE NEAR FUTURE, ADMIRAL CERVERA'S POSITION WILL BE CRITICAL EVEN THOUGH HE DOES NOT MEET THE AMERICAN SHIPS. HE WILL BE MUCH IN THE POSITION OF COMMODORE DEWEY AFTER BEING WARNED AWAY FROM HONG KONG AND BEFORE HIS SUCCESSFUL ATTACK ON MANILA. THE SPANISH ADMIRAL WILL BE IN THE CARIBBEAN SEA, BUT HE WILL BE UNABLE TO GET OUT OF IT. NOT LESS THAN 4,000 TONS OF COAL WOULD BE REQUIRED TO TAKE HIM SAFELY BACK TO SPAIN OR TO THE CAPE VERDE ISLANDS.

## FIRST REGIMENT TO MANILA

(Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, MAY 23.—THE FIRST REGIMENT, CALIFORNIA VOLUNTEERS, UNDER COMMAND OF COL. J. F. SMITH, EMBARKED FOR MANILA THIS MORNING ON THE STEAMER CITY OF PEKIN AND WILL PROBABLY SAIL TOMORROW.

## OREGON AT KEY WEST

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 23.—A SPECIAL TO WASHINGTON SAYS THE BATTLE SHIP OREGON ARRIVED AT KEY WEST THIS MORNING.

## AN OFFICIAL DENIAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, MAY 23.—AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT AN EMPHATIC DENIEL WAS MADE TO THE REPORT THAT ITALY OR ANY OTHER NATION HAD MADE A PROTEST AGAINST THE BLOCKADE

## ALL LIGHTS ARE OUT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, MAY 23.—LLOYD'S AGENT AT CADIZ ANNOUNCES THE BUOYS IN AND ABOUT THAT HARBOR HAVE BEEN REMOVED, THAT THE LIGHS HAVE BEEN EXINGUISHED, AND THAT VESSELS ARE NOT ALLOWED TO ENTER OR LEAVE CADIZ AT NIGHT.

## ONLY TWO SHIPS COULD ENTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

THE HAGUE, MAY, 23.—THE GOVERNOR OF CURACOA, DUTCH WEST INDIES, HAS SENT A CABLE DESPATCH TO THE FOREIGN OFFICE HERE SAYING THAT ONLY TWO OF ADMIRAL CERVERA'S SHIPS WERE ADMITTED INTO THE HARBOR, IN SPITE OF THE REQUEST OF THE SPANISH ADMIRAL AND ADDS HAT THEY WERE ONLY TO TAKE ON BOARD COAL ENOUGH TO TAKE THEM TO THE NEAREST HARBOR.

## CUBANS WERE VICTORIOUS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 23.—A KEY WEST SPECIAL SAYS: "THE CUBANS ARE FIGHTING THEIR WAY TO THE COAST, WHERE THEY WILL JOIN WITH OUR FORCES OF INVASION."

THREE HUNDRED CUBANS ENGAGED A SQUADRON OF SPANISH CAVALRY ON THURSDAY, FIVE MILES WEST OF MATANZAS. THE BATTLE WAS FIERCELY WAGED IN SIGHT OF THE SHIPS OF THE BLOCKADE STATION.

THE FIRING CONTINUED AFTER DARK, AND FRIDAY MORNING THE SPANISH CAVALRY WHICH HAD BEEN RE-INFORCED DURING THE NIGHT BY A BATTALION OF INFANTRY, WERE SEEN RETREATING ALONG THE BEACH IN THE DIRECTION OF HAVANA.

THE CUBANS ARE PUSHING RAPIDLY TO THE COAST TO JOIN WITH OUR LANDING TROOPS.

## SPAIN WILL DO PRIVATEERING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 23.—3 P. M.—FROM A DISCUSSION IN THE SPANISH SENATE TODAY IT APPEARS THAT SPAIN SERIOUSLY CONTEMPLATES HAVING RECOURSE TO PRIVATEERING IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

## STRANGE STEAMERS SIGHTED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

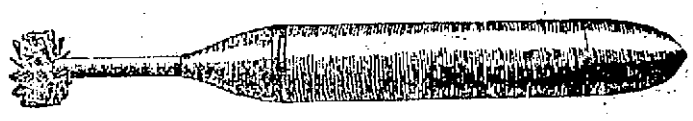
NEW YORK, MAY 23.—A SPECIAL FROM KEY WEST SAYS: "A FISHERMAN REPORTS THAT AT 2 O'CLOCK YESTERDAY AFTERNOON, WHILE HE WAS OFF GONAIVES, ON THE WEST COAST OF THIS ISLAND HE SAW THREE STEAMERS COMING FROM THE NORTH AND BOUND SOUTH, GOING AT FULL SPEED.

THE DISTANCE PREVENTED HIM DISTINGUISHING THE NATIONALITY BUT HE SAW APPARENTLY A RED FLAG.

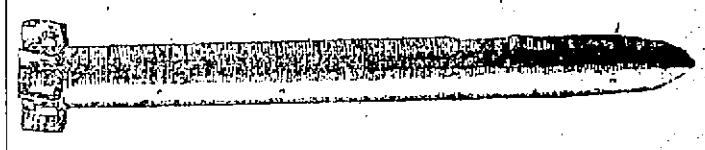
## HALSTEAD GOES TO PRISON

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ST. THOMAS, DANISH WEST INDIES, MAY 23—MR. FREEMAN HALSTEAD, THE NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENT WHO WAS SENTENCED TO NINE YEARS' IMPRISONMENT FOR TAKING PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE FORTIFICATIONS AT SANTA PORTO RICO, HAS BEEN CONVEYED TO A CONVICT PRISON TO UNDER GO HIS SENTENCE.



FIFTEEN-INCH FULL-CALIBRE DYNAMITE PROJECTILE.



EIGHT INCH SUB-CALIBRE DYNAMITE PROJECTILE AS IT APPEARS DURING ITS FLIGHT THROUGH THE AIR.

There was a clergyman in a Long Island village who suffered from dyspepsia to such an extent that it positively seemed sometimes as though his doctrine was not sound. It was, however, only a stomach trouble, and had nothing to do with the mind. Being convinced of this, one of his parishioners, a lady, presented him with a small quantity of Ripans Tabules and the relief he experienced was such that all the congregation noticed an improvement, and now, although his salary is small, this clergyman and his wife devote a portion of it to keeping the medicine closet stocked with a suitable supply of Ripans Tabules. Doubtless there are many cases where what has been thought heresy was in fact nothing more nor less than dyspepsia, and Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia. One gives relief.

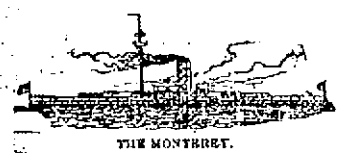
A NEW STYLE PACKET CONTAINING TEN TABULES IN A PAPER CARTON (WITHOUT GLASS) IS NOW FOR SALE AT SOME DRUG STORES—FOR FIVE CENTS.

# THE TRIP OF THE MONTEREY

## The Coaling Problem the Chief Difficulty Feared.

### Coal to be Obtained From Hawaii—Plans for Safe Transit to the Pacific—The Manila Expedition Almost Ready.

Washington, May 24.—Naval officials have calculated to their entire satisfaction the possibility of getting the Monterey safely across the Pacific to Admiral Dewey's squadron at Manila. The principal difficulty in making such a trip as this is the small coal capacity of vessels of the Monterey type. She carries normally 200 tons of coal in her bunkers, which at her most economical rate of steaming would take her about 300 miles less than the distance from San Francisco to Honolulu. In an emergency such as now exists it may be possible to store a great deal of coal on the main deck. Being placed in the passageways and open spaces of the superstructure of the vessel, the great beam of the Monterey would permit 120 tons of coal to be carried in addition to that in the bunkers without in the least endangering the stability of the ship, or risking the loss of the coal by being washed overboard. At her economical speed of 190 knots per day this coal would last her 17 days and carry her 3200 knots.



THE MONTEREY.

Owing to the carefully laid plans of the navy department the Monterey will be obliged to make a run of more than 3100 knots without an opportunity to coal. The ship will take a southerly course after leaving Honolulu in company with a steam collier. The South seas are full of islands, as soon as Hawaii has been left 1000 miles behind, and in the sheltered harbors of these it should be very easy for the Monterey to lie alongside her collier and coal through her superstructure. It would not be surprising if one of the harbors chosen for such a transfer was in the Caroline islands, another Spanish possession in the South seas, for by so doing there could be no possible complaint of a breach of neutrality laws on the part of any neutral nation.

From the Carolines to the Philippines the way is easy, and under the program arranged there is no probability of failure in the attempt to get the Monterey safely across the Pacific. If the Monterey proceeded steadily at her economical speed she should reach the Philippines in 31½ days from San Francisco. She will lose several days in coaling en route, but on the other hand she may make up this difference by steaming at greater speed if circumstances favor the easy recoaling of the ship.

The Spanish squadron at Cadiz, which reports from Spain state is going to the Philippines, is capable of higher speed than the Monterey and may not have much difficulty in obtaining the necessary coal to make the trip, so that even though the distance be longer on the eastward trip there are possibilities of a most interesting race by the hostile ships. The naval orders announce the assignment to command the Monterey of Captain Eugene H. Leutz, lately in command of the Alert.

In anticipation of the early occupation of the Philippines, the treasury department has begun the formulation of regulations and a scheme of customs tariffs which will be collected by the military authorities and turned into the treasury of the United States as a "military contribution." That the president has authority to collect the Philippine revenues under existing conditions is not a matter of doubt. It was several times done during the last war with Mexico, and the authority of the government in the premises was sustained by decisions of the United States supreme court. The court, in a case which grew out of the capture and occupation of San Francisco and all the upper part of California by the United States troops, held that the president under the constitution, as the commander-in-chief of the army and navy, had a right to exercise the belligerent right of a conqueror and to impose duties on imports as military contribution for the support of the army. This was the view held by the court in another case where it was also decided that the capture of Tampico, Mex., by the United States forces, though sufficient to cause it to be regarded by other nations as part of our territory, did not make it in fact a part of the United States under our constitution and laws. "It remained," said the court, "a foreign port within the revenue laws of the United States."

Preparations for the expedition to Manila are almost complete. It will be divided as follows:

The City of Peking—The First California volunteers, composed of 49 officers and 953 enlisted men, 10 officers and 71 sailors of the navy, making a total of 59 officers and 1014 men.

The City of Sydney—Thirteen officers and 318 enlisted men of the Oregon volunteers; 9 officers and 300 men of the first company of the Fourteenth United States infantry; one officer and 50 men of the California heavy artillery, and Dr. H. E. McVath, ranking medical officer, making a total of 21 officers and 670 men.

The Australia—The headquarters, staff and band and two battalions of Oregon volunteers, comprising 37 officers and 675 men.

#### GOODBYE TO VOLUNTEERS.

San Francisco, May 24.—California said goodbye to her first regiment of volunteers yesterday as they marched forth from the Presidio to start on their long journey to Manila. The farewell demonstration by the people of San Francisco will long be remembered by the soldiers of the First regiment. Every street leading from the Presidio to the Pacific mail dock, a distance of about five miles, was lined with people.

# SHOT AND KILLED

## A Boston Fruit Peddler the Murderer.

### SENT A BULLET THROUGH THE BRAIN

### Of Foreman Ellis of the 12th Street Department.

Boston, May 24.—James M. Ellis, foreman of the west end division of the street cleaning department, was shot and killed by an Italian fruit peddler yesterday afternoon. The peddler had been called to account for throwing refuse into the street, and the only motive suggested for the murder is anger at the foreman for ordering him to comply with a city ordinance. Two shots were fired from a revolver. One missed its mark, but the other entered Ellis' right eye and pierced the brain, death being instantaneous. The murderer ran into a building near the scene of the shooting and made his escape through a rear door.

Hugh H. O'Donnell, a sub-foreman of the street department, a witness of the shooting, attempted to follow the murderer, but was prevented by Italian friends of the fugitive, who threatened to kill him unless he desisted.

Mr. Ellis was 52 years of age, a native of Lunenberg, N. S., and was formerly a sergeant on the Boston police force, having charge of the district in which he lost his life. He had a wide circle of acquaintances and was very popular with all. He leaves a wife, who is in a very critical condition as the result of the shock caused by his death.

First class job printing done at this office.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only


# VETOED THE BILL

## Gov. Wolcott Kills the Ridiculous Measure.

### TO REMODEL THE CITY COUNCIL OF BOSTON.

### Giving Good Reasons for His Veto.

Boston, May 24.—Governor Wolcott returned to the legislature without his signature the bill for 25 aldermen in the city of Boston and the election also of 50 common councilmen. The governor refused to sign the bill on the ground that the two branches of the city government would be elected and be responsible to identical constituencies. The measure originally passed the house by 125 to 25 and the senate 25 to 5. Action on the veto is delayed until the bill is printed.

The Williams bill for a commission to investigate the conditions of cotton manufacturing in Massachusetts was rejected without debate in the house yesterday.

The bill to provide for the payment of bounties to Massachusetts soldiers from the treasury was passed to be engrossed without material amendment.

The committee on labor reported reference to the next general court of the memorial of T. Jefferson Coolidge and others relative to the condition and prospects of the cotton manufacturing industry in this commonwealth.

The petition and bill of the mayor of Somerville that cities and towns be authorized to extend aid to persons and relatives of persons serving in the war with Spain were recommitted to the committees on military affairs and ways and means sitting jointly.

The petition that cities and towns be authorized to negotiate short-term temporary loans in anticipation of moneys to be derived from long-term loans was referred to the committee on cities.


CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.


## BOXING GOSSIP.

As yet nothing has come of the talk about a match between Joe Flaherty and Kid Mulligan, notwithstanding the fact that the two men would be a big drawing card, provided the bout could take place within convenient reaching of Lowell. It was said at first that Mulligan would not agree to Flaherty's suggestion as to the division of the money, but the Kid, who really wants a go at Joe, at the earliest opportunity makes the statement that he will go into the ring with Flaherty for any number of rounds, will split the purse or have the winner take all. Thus with the Kid agreeable to any arrangements, it is very probable that articles will be signed in the near future. The pair would make a corking attraction for the Merrimack club.

Luke Burke is in Buffalo and doing well. He could have had a match last Monday night, but for a bad thumb which, however, is rapidly getting into good shape. His Buffalo friends are desirous of putting him up against Dave Sullivan, who recently obtained a decision over Sammy Kelly. Sullivan is now regarded as a top notcher in the bantam class and the man who defeats him will come pretty near being champion.

Some time ago Burke made several unsuccessful efforts to get on a match and though disappointed did not give up hope, for he is again endeavoring to bring about a go. He has strong backing and will surely be successful this time. If they come together Luke will hold his end up with the clever Irishman.


CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THERE IS ONLY ONE
POND'S EXTRACT
THIS IS IT!

Facsimile of Bottle with Buff Wrapper.

*Invaluable for all Aches, Pains, Inflammations, Catarrhal Trouble and Piles.*

POND'S EXTRACT CO., New York and London.

STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 247 CENTRAL STREET.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
10c 25c 50c
ALL DRUGGISTS

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

This Week We Offer

Two Bargain Lots in

Bleached Seamless Sheeting

At The Very Low Price of

12½c. a Yard

1ST LOT.—16 pieces 8-4 wide; full bleached, soft finished, heavy wound thread, and an unusually strong cotted, good width for single and 3-4 beds, and well worth 20c. yard, at

AT 12 1-2c. YARD.

2ND LOT.—2 cases 9-4 full bleached, soft finish, medium weight sheeting, adapted specially for summer sheets and worth regular 21c. yard,

AT 12 1-2c. YARD.

These are real good values for low priced sheets, as a full size sheet will cost only 31c., which is less than buying the narrow sheeting and have a seam in center. BASEMENT DEPT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.


## WANT COLUMN.

OPAL RING FREE—Sell only 15 Stick Pin Souvenirs of war and the Maine at 10c. each and we give you free handsome, genuine opal ring, best gold plate warranted two years; trial subscription to new Ill. patriotic magazine free with each pin; no money required; just send full name and address and say you will return pins or money by mail within two weeks. The Columbian, 31 Oliver street, Boston, Mass.

LOST—A pair of gold bowed eye glasses in case marked John J. Cluin. Reward at 308 Concord street.

WANTED—A person with business tact, who is strictly reliable to represent a New York corporation. We can assure to the right person a handsome and permanent income; a small amount of money will be needed, together with satisfactory references. Address, The Universal Identification and Recovery Co., 41 Union Square, New York City.

AGENTS—10c. brings you samples and catalogue of patriotic emblems, etc., by return mail. Quick! Manufacturer, Box 1275, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—At once young man to collect on Catholic goods. Bicyclist preferred. Address, stating age and salary expected, X. Y. Z., Sun office.

LOST—A jeweled enameled belt Friday evening between six and eight o'clock, either on Middlesex or Branch streets. Return to 657 Middlesex street and be rewarded.

ESTIMATES WANTED on building cellar. All stone work. Apply to Dolphus Musson, Gee street, North Chelmsford.

WANTED—You to bring in your cloth for suit and I will make and trim it in first class style for $11.00 for 30 days only. English Blue or Black Serge Suit, $15.00. Dissault & Co., 60 Merrimack street.

CATALOGUE of War Emblems, Flags, etc., free. L. N. Cushman, 34 Oliver St., Boston, Mass.

RELIABLE HELP furnished at No. 6 Howe Building, over Street Railway Waiting Station, T. H. A. Boody. Office open all hours.

J. A. METCALF'S Reliable Employment Office, 153 Merrimack street, room 4. Open day and evening. No lack of good help. Prompt service.

LOANS placed on pianos, furniture, etc., at reasonable rates. Can be paid back in monthly instalments. Charges reduced each payment. Confidential. P. O. Box 1067, city.

WAR ON PRICES—A cottage house for sale, 250 yards from the Lawrence mills. Sewer, gas. $1150. Terms easy. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

PASTURAGE FOR HORSES and colts at Winning Farm. Plenty pure water and good feed. Address John M. Bailey, Billerica, Mass.

STORE TO LET—On Fayette street. Rent reasonable. Inquire 318 High street.

WANT BLUSH OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Noonen's Roman Secret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

FOR SALE—Nearly new upright piano, cost $375. Will sell at a sacrifice as party is leaving town. 26 Chase avenue, Pawtucketville, city.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, go at. 6-room cottage house, large lot of land. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 382 Fayette street.

WAGONS—Butcher cart in fine order, new high grade democrat, new grocer wagon, attractive panel side wagon, handsome light order wagon, second hand riding wagon, etc., to be sold low. Second hand democrat. J. F. Libbey, 60 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—Seven miles from Lowell, farm of 85 acres; two-story house and barn, wood for home use. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central Street.

WANTED—By a man, 33, single place as coachman, hostler or general work. Swett & Co., 101 Central street.

FOR SALE—The best liquor business (licensed) in a city of 30,000. The business has been established for 15 years, and is the best paying in the city, having averaged $25,000 (strictly retail) for the past three years. The plant is furnished throughout with the latest modern improvements and conveniences. The building is located admirably in the centre of the most thickly populated districts and has a large established trade. The only reason for selling is that the present owner is compelled by illness to give up. Books and income will verify about statement. Address H. E. Y., Box 257, Taunton, Mass.

FOR SALE—Three miles from Lowell Post of fice small farm of 6 acres, cottage house and barn, hennery and some fruit, $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TO LET—Cottage of ten rooms, steam heat, bath, set tubs, hot and cold water cemented cellar, and barn if desired. W. H. Bagshaw, 11 Wilson street.

FOR SALE—On Gates' Land near Westford street, two tenement house with all modern improvements; good corner lot; price $3200. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Gorham street, 8-room cottage house and store doing a good grocery business; small barn, large corner lot of land. Price $2200. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. 1 1-2 inch one line rubber stamps, 20c.; 2 inch, 25c.; 3c. ink pads 25c.; 2c. ink pads 15c.; 5c. linen markers 25c.; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Follows, 158 Merrimack street.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their straw, leghorn or manila hats cleansed or dyed and made in the latest shapes at the Hat and Bonnet Bleachery, 161 Merrimack street.

WANTED—Men and women to work at home. I pay $8 to $16 per week for making crayon portraits. New potent method, anyone who can read or write can do the work at home in spare time, day or evening. Send for particulars and work at once. Address H. A. Gripp, German Artist, Tyrone, Pa.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WALL PAPERS at factory prices. $3 will paper your room with the latest design of wall paper with border to match. First-class work guaranteed. We also do painting, whitewashing, kalsomining at low prices. New York Wall Paper Co., 338 Middlesex street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lewis Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 97 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

WANTED—Housegirls at the Lowell Employment Office, 352 Merrimack street, opposite City hall.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 175 Tremont street, Boston.

### $15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid new 2 1-2 story hip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with tub, marble wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry; very sightly near canal and school; will sell for $800. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

### James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.


THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey {Clerks} H. Gervais.

GOLD OX WHISKEY
This Whiskey should be on every sideboard, in every home. In case of sickness it is invaluable. Its purity and stimulating qualities make it the best of tonics. Put up in 3 sizes, each full measure.
Quart, $1.00; Pint, 50c.; Half Pint, 25c.
CHARLES H. JOYCE,
5, 9 AND 15 MIDDLE STREET.

SEASONABLE SPECIALTIES.
LAWN MOWERS
See the leading makes. Our Ball Pawl $2.25 is a good one.
Hose and Reels. Every foot of our Hose is warranted 3, 5 and 7-ply. Reels from 75c. upwards
Ice Cream Freezers. White Mountain, Iceland and Arctic Freezers, will freeze cream in four minutes.
THE THOMPSON HARDWARE CO.
254-6 Merrimack Street.

TEETH
No Charge For Extracting
$5 to $10 a Set
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Painless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 24, 25, 32, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge.

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We Shall Offer Some Exceptional Good Values in
TRIMMED HATS, WALKING HATS AND SAILORS.
HEAD & SHAW, THE MILLINERS, 169 Merrimack Street

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.
BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES
In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

THE SPANISH FLEET
Disturbs the water of the great deep and enables our fleet to make
The Greatest Catch of the Season
Extra Large Mackerel, 25c.
Extra Large Shad, 13c., 2 for 25c.
Extra Large Halibut, 10c. to 15c.
Cod and Haddock, 3c.
Strawberries, 10c., 3 boxes for 25c.
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FANCY
Creamery Butter
SEE THIS STAMP ON EVERY PACKAGE.
Ask Your Grocer For It.
SHADY GROVE Manchester N.H. E.M.S.Co Lawrence Mass. SEPARATOR BUTTER
Ask Your Grocer For It.
No other Butter on the market today can Equal the Fine Flavor of the
"SHADY GROVE."
For Sale by all the Leading Grocers in the Merrimack River Valley from Franklin, N. H., to Newburyport, Mass.

# Austria's Despot, Spain's Friend.

## The Career of Francis Joseph, Uncle of Queen Christina.

### Making Every Effort to Secure European Interference In the War.

(BY THAD P. POWERS.)

The assurances of anxiety on the part of the Emperor Francis Joseph in the Crown of Spain and the cabled rumors of his efforts to raise Europe against the United States make the polyglot empire of his majesty a matter of direct interest to our people.

We have paid but little attention to the beer garden scenes lately in the Austrian Reichstag, and neither the discontent of the Magyars nor the political demands of the young Czechs, have much concerned the people of the United States, since the exile and death of Louis Kossuth. When the great Hungarian patriot came to this country the people of the United States gave him funds, a warm welcome in the name of freedom and the privileges usually accorded to a distinguished stranger in Washington. Mr. Seward and the late "Sunset" Cox and many others made warm speeches appealing to Magyars and to all American patriots alike to stand by the Hungarian cause. There is not any apology due Francis Joseph for our action in 1870. Though one portion of the dual Empire would probably reciprocate by now discountenancing acts of hostility against the United States on the part of the head of the state, it is nevertheless a fact that beyond wishing well to freedom everywhere we have not as a people taken any particular interest in Austro-Hungarian affairs for many years. We may do so again because it is almost impossible to doubt that the head of the House of Hapsburg has displayed both in his own person and in the case of his Majesty's Premier, Goluchowski, a tone of bitter unfriendliness to the people and institutions of the United States. Count Goluchowski has gone so far as to publicly urge upon Europe the necessity of combining against us commercially, and his august master has followed up this step by repeated invitations to European Courts to intervene in our contest with Spain in the common interest of the lame, crippled, humpbacked, bewigged and wrinkled monarchies of Europe. With the affairs of that continent we have no concern. It is not the intention of the United States to interfere in the domestic affairs of any foreign people. But our espousal of the case of Kossuth helped to create the autonomy of Hungary and as we have in this country many of the former subjects of the Austrian kaiser, the political condition of the people of central Europe can hardly be a matter of indifference to Americans.

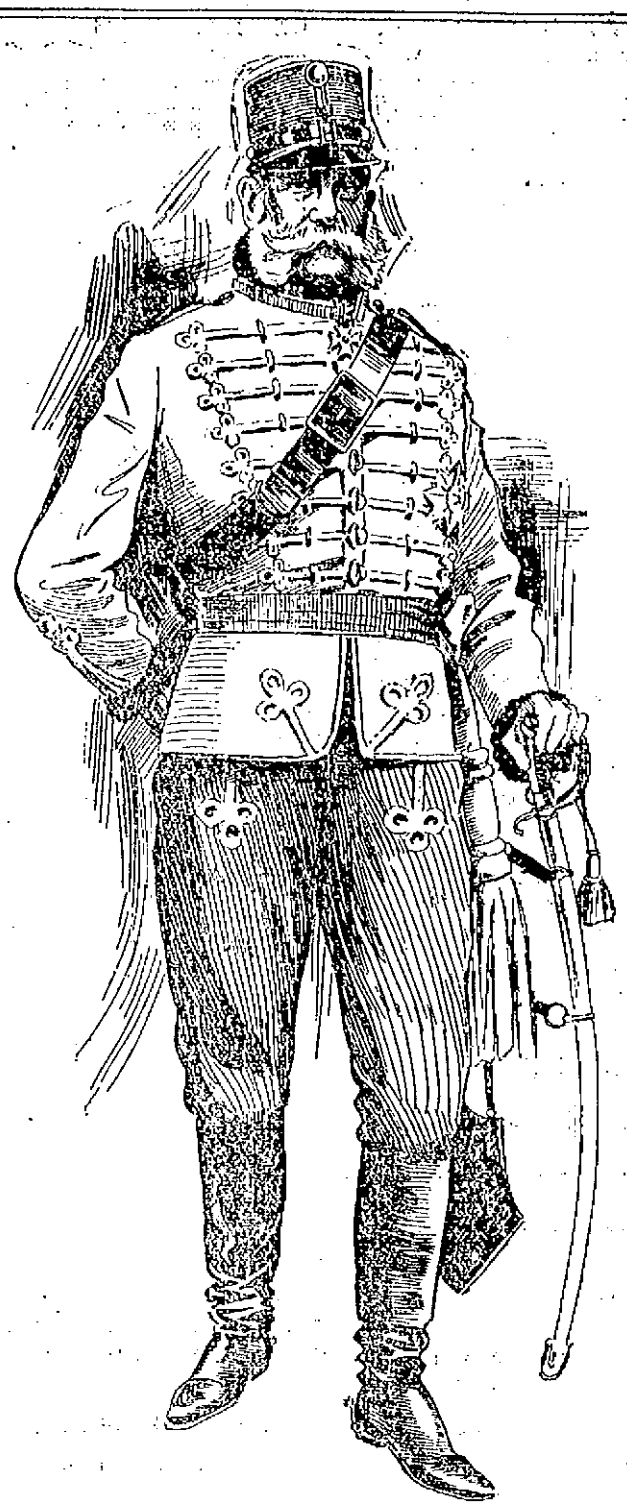
The people of the United States may therefore be compelled to renew their former interest in the Emperor Francis Joseph and his affairs, apart entirely from the fact that he may at any time spring into notice as the author of a European concert against the new forward policy of this country. Of course we have no fear of any such concert. And if all Europe would be so mad as to regard these United States as all Europe once regarded the First Napoleon, this country has enough of the former subjects of these European countries to stand between us and an American Waterloo, even if all the native Americans kept saying nothing but sawing wood. We need not raise a hand should such an issue be thrust upon us. Indeed the somewhat rickety throne of Austria would hardly bear such a strain just now as participation in a European concert would put upon it. And the opinion prevails in more centres than America that it is the tact and urbanity of the Emperor alone which makes the House of Hapsburg a factor at all in Europe; and that when Francis Joseph dies as many lines of cleavage are likely to set in through his mosaic empire as manifested themselves in the once proud Empire of Charlemagne, of which there is now no trace.

The present Emperor was hardly seated on the throne in 1848 when he saw the expulsion of Louis Philippe engender a revolution among his subjects, and it is not unlikely that to the fear of seeing the throne of the Bourbons fall in Spain, and thus the contagion spread from Madrid to Vienna, is due much of that solicitous interest in us now shown by the Emperor of Austro-Hungary. It is not our fault but Spain's misfortune that the proud and pedigreed race over which his majesty's niece is Queen Regent, should so conduct itself in Cuba as to make American intervention a humane necessity as was that of Austria in Bosnia and Herzegovnia in 1870.

It may therefore so happen that Francis Joseph would court the fates and that the close of his reign would see the renewal of those aspirations for liberty which in 1848 drove Prince Metternich from the Austrian Capital, and gave a free constitution to the Austrian people. The present Emperor ought not to forget that it was the abdication of his uncle Ferdinand which kept the Hapsburg dynasty from falling in 1848. In order to qualify him for reigning in this crisis, Francis Joseph, then a minor, was declared of age so as to give his ascent of the throne the legal sanction of the constitution in the eyes of the people. It was only through the assistance of wiser councils that those who now surround him, that the young Emperor was proclaimed, and it was through the military aid of Russia and by rather clever manipulation of the popular forces that a peace was maintained which secured the succession.

Nor can we forget that the practice of petty intrigues such as is now attributed to him well becomes the Emperor and his family. For a thousand years the House of Hapsburg has maintained itself by crimes that call for the condemnation of the decalogue. It was by these arts that the dukes of Austria pushed that insignificant state into the proportions of an Empire. It was a duke of Austria that betrayed Richard Plantagenet to the Saxons. It was a duke of Austria that held Richard Coeur de Leon for twelve years in a Danubian castle; and another of the race that did all manner of hideous things in order to incorporate the crowns of Bohemia, Transylvania and Austria. The character of his ancestors also well befits the present Emperor. In the dispute between England and France in 1854 the aim of the Emperor of Austria was to trim between the contending powers. Calling himself an ally of the Western powers he came out of the scramble protector of Moldavia and Wallachia, and so became one of the contracting parties of the peace of Paris in 1856. He thus vastly solidified himself in the seat into which adventitious circumstances had thrust him. He was also successful in the attempt to maintain for a long time the predominance of Austria over Prussia in the Germanic Diet; and no one will deny that the ill-starred attept of his brother Maximilian to subvert the Monroe Doctrine had the full and unconditional approval of the whole Austrian Court. He was then the enemy of America as he is to-day. Therefore there are many probabilities as well as some powerful dynastic reasons why the cables from Paris which speak of the pernicious activity of Austria do no injustice to the Austrian Emperor, whose family masked in piety have ever been the unscrupulous foes of liberty, and of whom a caustic writer has well said that "they gave idiots to Spain in the guise of Kings, harlots to France in the guise of Queens, tyrants to the Netherlands in the guise of regents, monsters to the new world in the guise of warriors and empty-headed bigots to lord it over the brave people of the Holy Roman Empire." This is a crushing indictment and it is perhaps one of the retributions of avenging time that the man who is now conspiring against us has no direct heir for the throne his fathers had stolen and is likely to be succeeded by a madman who is never likely to reign and who is one of the wickedest men on earth.

So much for the last of the Bourbons.



FRANCIS JOSEPH OF AUSTRIA, THE FRIEND OF SPAIN.

# Cass Named Fifty Years Ago

## May 22nd. Marks the Half Century Since His Nomination.

### The Story of A Remarkable American Who Missed the Presidency.

The fiftieth anniversary of the nomination of Lewis Cass to the Presidency which takes place on May 22 reminds us of the period when annexation was an issue in American politics. General Cass was one of those great Americans whose fate it was to be first in their day in the hearts and esteem of their countrymen and yet who were never destined to reach the Presidency. He was a candidate in 1844 for the Presidential nomination which fell to James K. Polk; again when the annexation of Texas was the issue and once more in 1852 while representing Michigan in the United States Senate.

The northwest is said to be the foster child of the republic, and if so, General Lewis Cass was its putative father. A great portion of his life was devoted to introducing settlers, popular government, modern habits of life and legal methods of procedure into the five states north of the Ohio River. In Americanizing this immense region he deserves an abiding place in the history of American statesmen.

Politically considered Cass like Henry Clay and James G. Blaine was from the standpoint of the statesman better qualified by experience and attainments for the executive office than any man of his day. He was also the man for whom the people would doubtless have voted if the choice had been theirs, but he was apparently too timid, too fine-grained and too scholarly a man to find favor with the caucus and the ring. He was a jurist and pleader of national reputation, a soldier who had seen service in the war with England under General Hull, an administrator of affairs first as Governor of Michigan and later as Secretary of War and finally as Minister to France. As a statesman whom Lord Brougham thought it necessary to cross swords with Cass in his day and throughout an extended career proved to be a prudent cautious legislator who could have brought ripe experience and rare attainments to the Presidency, had he been elected in 1848.

The defeat of Cass and the election of Taylor are principally interesting now because the annexation of new territory and the desire of the people for expansion and for a foreign policy different to that of the whimpering whigs, was the chief cause which told in the National Democratic Convention. Cass was a man of argument and of peace. Taylor was rather a man of action than of argument who favored the Texas war and who despised these metaphysical niceties and ethical principles which are usually the stock in trade of the peace at any price party. Cass had negotiated no fewer than twenty-two treaties through which were secured the cession to the United States by the various Indian tribes what is now the great northwest. Taylor, too, had led the Texas campaign and had brought into the Union but in the opposite direction, viz., the Southwest, a country as large as France. Southern interests were then predominant and though Cass was the plumed knight of peace chiefly from the circumstance that he had made effective reply to Lord Brougham in the Senate, and had resisted the English right to search American vessels, nevertheless General Taylor's policy won the day and he was elected. On the first attempt of Cass to reach the Presidency he was not an active candidate. His name had been put forward by his friends, and everywhere throughout the Union there was a general acquiescence as to his fitness, but Polk triumphed at the convention. Cass then took the stump vigorously for him throughout the canvass. In the following January Cass was elected to the Senate. But previous to the second attempt Mr. Cass made no secret of his Presidential intentions and in order to fit himself for the campaign he resigned as Senator for Michigan to thus meet his fate a second time. He was then 66 years of age and had accumulated a large private fortune. Cass was then probably the richest man in the Union and had for an American attracted unusual attention in Paris by the sumptuous nature of his living, and by his social entertainments. Seeing the failure of his earlier attempt, and how by following the weak-kneed foreign policy of the Whigs he had been superceded by a dark horse like Polk on the previous occasion, Cass now made himself the special champion of the famous "Fifty-four, forty or fight!" demand which tickled the hearts and aroused the highest patriotism of the people throughout the homes of the northwest. He had early seen the importance of Americans possessing Canada and in December, 1846, Senator Cass had introduced a resolution similar to that of Senator Chandler's in October, 1896, holding up the spectre of war and insisting that nothing but concessions or sensible precautions could prevent armed collision with Great Britain. From henceforth he was the leader of the "fifty-four fifties" or the jingoes as they would now be called. Accordingly in the campaign of 1848 Cass became the hot favorite of the Democratic party. But being more of a statesman than a more politician he was defeated, the question of "Squatter Sovereignity," and incidentally the hostility of British interests having contributed to the confusion or disruption of the Cass contingent. There were "Barnburners" and "Free Soilers" and "Cotton Whigs" and "Conscience Whigs" and "Hunkers" and regular "Democrats" and "Roundheads," while the great central facts stood out against Cass that he had wabbled with Webster on the doctrine of annexation in 1844 and that he had flirted with the question of State's rights, but above all was Van Buren's opposition.

It was the often-expressed opinion of William H. Seward that Van Buren never committed but one fatal error in politics, and that was when, nursing resentment at his failure to secure the nomination in 1844, he permitted a wing of his party to nominate him as a hopeless candidate in 1848, thereby entailing just what was intended to be entailed, the defeat of the Democratic candidate.

General Cass was never greater than in the hour of his defeat by General Taylor in 1848. He looked upon himself merely as the representative of his party, and took his defeat with perfect composure and without resentment. It was the party which was defeated, and not Cass, the man, in his opinion, and the simple dignity with which, after having served for a time in the Cabinet of Buchanan, he retired from public life to his home in Michigan, was a beautiful indication of the man's real greatness.

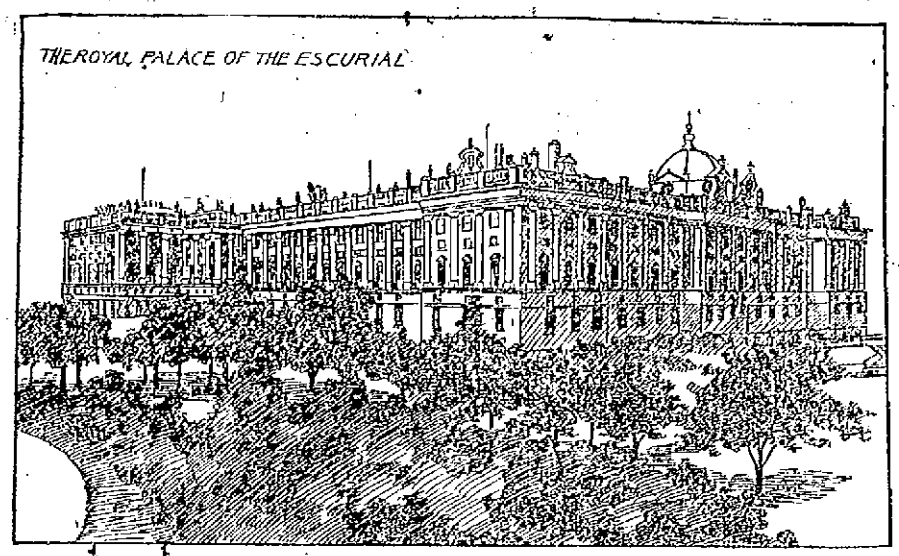
In the Senate, however, he wielded a powerful influence, and with Henry Clay opposed the claims of the southern states to such an extent that Cass will always be considered one of those great Americans who built up this nation and who furthered policies calculated to strengthen it in the North and to free it from the cause of slavery in the South.

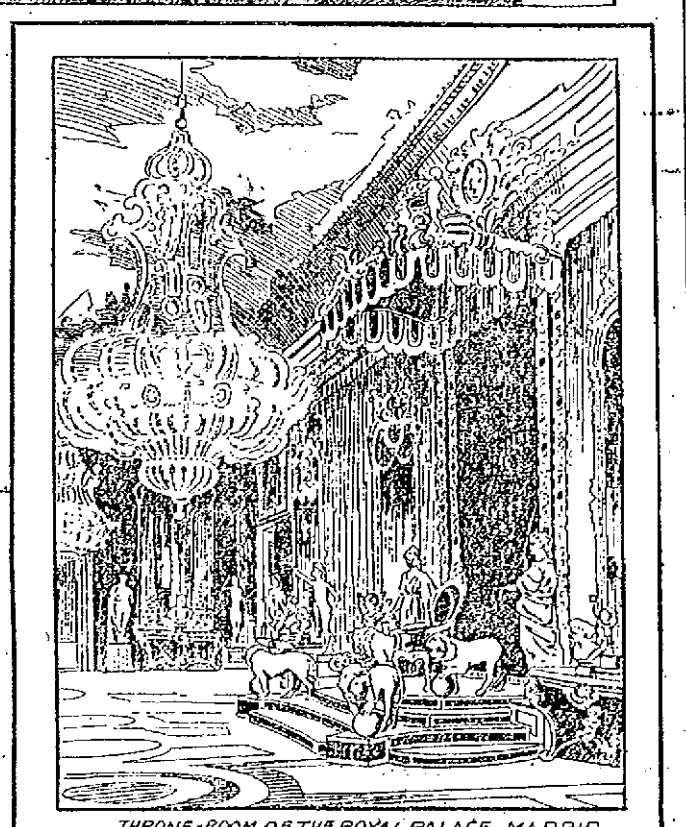
Webster, Clay and Cass are a trio of American statesmen who graced the Senate or the office of the Secretary of State and who even if none of them ever attained to the Presidency, worthily maintained the traditions of this country a generation ago. He was not a Washington in National significance, nor a Lincoln in Administration, nor a Grant in arms, but he was a true American who stood up against Lord Brougham and Clarendon for the rights of his country. He was a man of sound judgment. Physically he had a large figure, with massive head, firm mouth, and features that bespoke earnestness, animation, Americanism and personal and political integrity.

The career of Cass is the more appropriate study just now because some of the difficulties he confronted and some of the policies he advocated may become of live interest as a result of the present war.

—M. C. McN.

# Wonders of Spain's Royal Palace, The Escurial.



THRONE-ROOM OF THE ROYAL PALACE, MADRID

A Spanish Minister was once privately and unofficially sounded as to whether Spain would sell Cuba. "You might as well expect my country to sell the Escurial," was the reply, from which it is to be inferred that the Escurial is the most highly prized of the National institution of Spain.

An American correspondent who had himself recommended to the Queen Regent of Spain recently sent to his paper a long account of the number of "landings" he had to climb and of the footmen to whom he had to present his audience card at each landing before he reached the royal chamber in the Escurial. The Escurial is said by Spaniards to be one of the eight wonders of the world.

For ages the interior magnificence of this pile of buildings has been in sharp contrast to the wretchedness and misery outside; but in this latter respect the Escurial does not differ from the churches and other public edifices in Spain before which beggars implore every visitor for alms. Whiners for "caredid por so amor do dios" are everywhere seen in Spain save perhaps those royal chambers whose gorgeousness so much impressed the interviewer of Queen Christina, or in the cloisters attached to them.

The Escurial is one of the great historical edifices of Europe of the Sixteenth Century. It is of a vast size and of beautiful and harmonious design, reminding us of the richness and of the faded glory of the palmy days of old Castille when Bernardio del Carpio or the Cid contended for rewards of chivalry on the Field of the Cloth of Gold.

It was erected by Philip II. in 1562, during the greater part of whose reign artificers and artists of all kinds were busy in its various decorations. Philip the Second's idea was to make a sacrifice in it to eternity, and set it out in competition with the vaults of Heaven itself; and so give to Spaniards something that would eclipse the glory of the stars. It took all the choice tradesmen and painters and designers of Europe twenty-two years to erect the Escurial in the midst of the beggary and wretchedness of Madrid. It cost eight million dollars and came to be erected by Philip as an act of contrition for having battered down at the battle of St. Quentin an old monastery of friars. He made a vow if he won the battle against the French that he would erect such a monument to St. Lorenzo as the world had never seen; and so it is hoped that if American troops have to invade Spain that they will spare the Escurial. It would be very useful to us as a factory when the frescoes were removed and the beggars outside were brought in and taught St. Paul's doctrine that to labor was to pray. It is now famous as the treasury of all the artistic wealth of the Spanish crown, pictures by Velasquez, statuary by Michael Angelo, plate from Nuremburg, tapestry from the Netherlands and tribute from Cuba. It contains a palace of the most exquisite and unrivalled grandeur, a library rich in all the records of the Christian world, a church with chalices and vessels and ornaments of gold that if melted down would relieve the chronic poverty of the nation; a convent, a college and a mausoleum in which repose the Bourbon Kings and all of the Queens who have borne them heirs. From the days of Philip the II to the present the religious services of the temple have been performed by a long line of friars who have deported themselves with a magnificence worthy of their splendid abode and one of whom, Antonia de Villacastin superintended the building from start to finish. It is built in the form of a gridiron to typify Valerian's roasting of St. Lorenzo on a slow fire, the handle being a huge palace where the Queen resides, and the body an assembly of quadrangular cloisters, one corresponding to each month in the year. The Church which is the center piece of the Escurial is a splendid structure built on the model of St. Peter's at Rome. The mausoleum which lies below the great altar is reached by many polished steps of black marble between walls of jaspar. All within this abode of the dead royalty of Spain is of black marble also, and twenty-four niches awaited each successive monarch whom death had called to his fathers. Each of these shelves contains a sarcophagus whose mortal remains are enclosed, while outside his name is inscribed in letters of gold. The seventeenth would have contained the remains of the late Queen Isabella had she died before her abdication and exile. It is now destined to receive the remains of Queen Christina if Spain continues a monarchy at the time of her death.

The Escurial is therefore at once the residence, the retreat and almost the fortress of Spain's monarchs while in the flesh, and the sepulchral receptacle of their uncrowned ashes when they depart this world. It is a sort of Spanish tower of Babel to shelter them in life and destined to preserve their names in imperishable and melancholy grandeur from the consecrated rottenness amidst which so many of these monarchs lived, and relics of which like the spectres and souviners from the Inquisition still seem to surround them in death as the originals affected them in life. Impressed as we may be by its magnificent frescoes and fascades as Longfellow says:

"Yet something sombre and severe
"O'er the enchanted landscape reigned.
"A terror in the atmosphere
"As if King Philip listened near,
"Or Torquemada the austere
"His ghostly sway maintained."

The reverence which the Spaniards entertain for the place is such that the one ambition of the goatherd from the provinces of the Alcalde, from Barcelona or Seville is to see the Escurial before he dies. When the padres want to impress the people with the magnificence of Heaven they attempt a description of the Escurial, and, invariably wind up their sermons by telling the Spaniard that there is "but one step from the Escurial to the Golden Halls of Heaven." This is a rather efficacious method of impressing imagination, for even in the eyes of irreverent unbelievers architecturally considered the place vividly recalls the sombre memories of the Spanish past. There are the scenes of the pious vows of Charles V., of human pain in the days of the autos-da-fe and of Cardinal Ximines when questioned by the grandees as to where he obtained his authority to act as Spanish Regent, pointing to the assembled soldiers in the Court Yard below "By these, my Lord, I obtained my authority and with these I shall defend it," an answer which was deemed to reveal sufficiently divine authority for the frightened Dons did not deem it wise to ask any further questions on the subject.

The Escurial was ravaged twice, once by fire soon after it was erected by Philip II., and still later when Houssaye and the French sacked it

## CLAY PIPES.

The largest tobacco-pipe factory in the world is located in Appomattox county, near Pamplin City.

It had been known for many years prior to the war between the States that there existed clay in that county well adapted to the manufacture of tobacco pipes, but the industry was carried on in the most desultory way.

But at the close of the war the whites turned their attention to the clay deposits. It was a necessity, and not a matter of choice.

The war had swept away everything. The implements with which the slaves were manufactured were simple and rude.

The pipes were sold to local merchants, who shipped them to wholesale dealers in northern cities, who sold them to retailers throughout the country.

Among the retail dealers who purchased a lot of these same men's pipes was a groceryman in a little town in Ohio. He sold them at from 2 to 6 cents apiece, and found them very popular.

Among those who purchased one was a wealthy citizen of the town. He smoked nothing else for some time, and finally inquired of the groceryman as to where the pipes were made. The latter could only give the name of the wholesale dealer from whom he had purchased, but from him the gentleman learned that the pipes were made from a clay bank in the County of Appomattox, in Virginia.

The gentleman saw that the pipes were of very rude construction. He grew interested, and finally his mind dwelt so much upon the subject that he went to the little town of Appomattox. He went at once to the store of the dealer in pipes, and was not long in finding that the best were made at a bank about eight miles away, at what is now Pamplin City.

The rest is soon told. The land was purchased for a small sum, buildings erected, the latest machinery installed and soon the kilns were smoking.

Some very smart and novel tailor effects are produced this season, with the simplest kind of spring and summer materials—notably piques, dimities, linen crashes, cotton reps, in white and colors, sheer wool bareges, voiles,

### THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, WEDNESDAY, MAY 25.
Sun rises—4:14; sets, 7:05.
Moon sets—11:07 p. m.
High tide—2:15 a. m.; 2:30 p. m.

The indications for New England are showers, followed by clearing weather; fair Wednesday. The temperature will rise slowly, with westerly winds, becoming variable. Unsettled weather is probable again by Thursday.

### SPECIAL NOTICES.

ROCKING CHAIRS WITH TEA.

We have received a big lot of Rocking Chairs. One with a pound of 60c. Tea while they last. Dickson Bros., the Big Tea Dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

GARDEN SETS WITH TEA.

A good time to get your Garden Sets "is now." A large size "three piece set" with a pound of 60c. Tea, "only at" Dickson Bros. Tea Store, 68 Merrimack street.

### LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 222 Central street.

Stationery at wholesale and retail. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

REFRIGERATORS at A. E. O'Heir & Co.'s, 16 Merrimack street.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson St. Telephone, 429-4.

Five cases of scarlet fever were reported to the Dracut board of health last week.

Wednesday afternoon sewer department employes will have a flag raising in the city yard.

Telephone W. E. Livingson, 15 Thorndike street, for a little of that Cannel coal for your open grate. Look at your coal bin, too.

The cards are out for the marriage of Mr. Thomas J. Callahan and Miss Hannah A. Conway at St. Andrew's church, North Billerica, June 6.

#### A BAND OF MUSIC COULD PLAY IN THE ICE CHEST.

The largest ice chest in the city is now at the Crystal, 40 Worthen street, opp. City Hall. It will now hold 50 barrels of ale and 49 barrels of the best lager and 30 tons of ice. You will not have to go to the sea-shore to get cooled off this summer.

#### PROPOSED CYCLE PATH.

There is much talk among the wheelmen of Haverhill regarding the construction of a cycle path between that city and Lawrence, says the Haverhill Gazette. This is something that would be appreciated by all wheelmen and if a sufficient number can be brought together to discuss the matter, the plan no doubt, would be successful. The path would start from the terminus of River street in Haverhill and continue along the tracks of the L. L. & H. road. Mr. Bradley, a large real estate owner, and who controls most of the land between River street and the Lawrence road, visted J. Fred Adams, of Haverhill, Thursday and had a long talk regarding this path. He states that the latter could be constructed for about $1000 and that shares could be sold among the wheelmen to raise the required amount.

As the wheelmen have been unable to have a state road built between that city and Lawrence, the cycle path would be a great improvement to the road, which is now in a bad condition for wheels.

#### ST. MICHAEL'S BAZAAR

SUCCESSFULLY OPENS ITS SECOND WEEK WITH NEW ATTRACTIONS.

The second week of the bazaar in aid of St. Michael's church opened last evening with a large attendance. The Cadet orchestra furnished the evening's entertainment with the assistance of James Quinlan in humorous selections.

The tables were all liberally patronized and a fine sum is anticipated when the bazaar shall have been concluded. The tables represent two divisions presided over by Frs. Scannell and Gilday, and the friendly rivalry between the two augurs well for their success.

#### GRIEVANCE EXPOSED

TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL COMPLAIN OF INJUSTICE.

To the Press of Lowell:

At the last meeting of the Trades and Labor Council, a grievance was presented by the Stationery Firemen's union of Lowell. Said grievance is against the present license law, which compels a fireman to pay $1.00 to the commonwealth without promising him any protection whatever against the incompetent man having no license.

In Chapter 546, Section 1, the principal loophole is presented. This section states in part that: "It shall be unlawful for any owner or user of any steam boiler or engine to operate or cause to be operated (this last clause has since been stricken out) a boiler or engine for a period of more than one week without a duly licensed engineer or fireman in charge. This section does not prevent the owner from still employing an unlicensed man for one week and at the end of this week discharging him only to commence at the beginning of the following week with no fear of being held liable for violating the law.

Citizens generally were led to suppose that all firemen were compelled to possess a license, but the latest ruling of the district police on the case is in effect that if an engineer holds a license and takes care of the water in the boiler, that it is not necessary for any fireman to hold a license, but such being the case, does not prevent the commonwealth from still accepting the money of a too-confiding fireman for a license which under the existing monument of professional political tactics, cannot possibly afford them any possible protection. In the next state elections this may play a prominent part, as the firemen of Massachusetts have declared a war to the knife to have a legal law enacted that shall not be a farce intended to draw hard-earned money from their pockets.

Organized labor of this state is becoming heartily sick of having the wool pulled over their eyes and have at last declared their intention of having laws suitable to them or knowing the reason why.

(Signed)

Executive Committee Trades and Labor Council.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

## THE WAR REVENUE

### Measure Talked Over in Congress Yesterday.

SENATORS MAKE LONG WINDED SPEECHES.

**An Important Statement by Senator Allison.**

Washington, May 24.—For five hours yesterday the senate had the war revenue measure under discussion. The entire time was occupied by Mr. Chilton, Mr. Lodge and Mr. Turley. While Mr. Lodge confined himself to a discussion of the proposed tax on corporations and bank deposits, strongly urging that such taxes be not imposed, Mr. Chilton and Mr. Turley covered pretty fully the general features of the bill. Their speeches dealt comprehensively with the theories of taxation, and were therefore in the very nature of things legal and technical dissertations upon the subject. The necessity for bonds did not now exist, in Mr. Chilton's opinion, and he did not think it would exist at any time during the present war.

SENATOR THOMAS B. TURLEY.

Mr. Lodge felt that if the corporations were taxed by both the state and the national government it would result in shutting many of them out of business. Ultimately the states would be forced in levying state and municipal taxes to place additional burdens upon real estate, thus further oppressing the very people whom it was the professed desire of the corporation tax advocates to relieve. For the United States to tax the corporations would result in the destruction of a great source of revenue to the states. He objected to the corporation tax because it was unfair and inequitable, and he also opposed the tax on bank deposits, particularly those in savings banks. In Massachusetts, he said, the savings banks contained deposits exceeding $500,000,000. The average amount deposited was $364. This money belonged to the poor people, the wage earners of the state, and if the tax were levied upon these deposits a blow would be struck directly at a class which ought not to be stricken and among whom thrift ought to be encouraged.

According to a statement made by Senator Allison in the senate, the change made by the committee on finance at its meeting Saturday, increasing the rate on cigars to $3.60 per thousand, applies to cigars weighing more than three pounds to the thousand and not to those weighing less.

#### ROAD HOUSES RAIDED.

ON THE ROAD BETWEEN LOWELL AND ANDOVER.

The Nashua correspondent to the Manchester Union says:

Saturday evening was also a banner evening with the police. They began a work which the entire community hopes they will pursue in all directions until one of Nashua's most flagrant evils is stamped out. The house of ill-fame known as the Hillside Inn on the Lowell road was raided by Captain Campbell, Inspector Flood and Policemen Downey and Mahar, and the proprietor, Martin Van Buren Thompson and six inmates were corraled. The inmates were four girls and two men.

They will be arraigned in the morning before Judge Holt and will probably tell the same stories that they usually do. Mr. Thompson, it might be said, is not the only pebble on the beach which the police should add to their collection of curios. There are others and they are not all hanging out on the Lowell road.

#### LABOR NOTES.

To Slasher-Tenders and Helpers:

You are hereby notified to attend a meeting of your organization on Tuesday evening, the 24th inst. As important business will be transacted we trust your attendance will be large, so as to produce satisfying results. The rule made by unanimous consent of the society in reference to the unfinancial members will terminate at the close of this meeting; hence we hope if there is any unfinancial members who are as yet heedless to their personal interests that they will now respond and avail themselves of the opportunity.

Meeting at 7.30 p. m., Bay State hall.

(Signed) —Executive Committee.

May 21, 1898.

#### HOME FROM IRELAND.

Mr. Fred D. Hastings, son of James Hastings, of O'Donnell & Gilbride's, has returned from Ireland, where he spent much of the past year. He visited many relatives in Belfast and other parts of Ulster and brought with him many souvenirs of his trip. He says the Irish people are in full sympathy with the United States in this war.

## Does Your Back Ache?

In constant pain when on your feet?

Is that dragging, pulling sensation with you from morn till night?

Why not put the medicine exactly on the disease? Why not apply the cure right to the spot itself?

You can do it with

## Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster

Immediately after the Plaster is applied, you feel its warming, soothing influence. Its healing remedies quickly penetrate down deep into the inflamed tissues. Pain is quieted, soreness is relieved and strength imparted.

No plaster was ever made like it. No plaster ever acted so quickly and thoroughly. No plaster ever had such complete control over all kinds of pain.

Placed over the chest it is a powerful aid to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; relieving congestion and drawing out all inflammation.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

## HON. E. J. SLATTERY

### Will be Supported by Mass. Hibernians

FOR THE OFFICE OF NATIONAL PRESIDENT.

**Meeting Will be Held in Trenton.**

The members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians throughout New England will be pleased to learn that the program for the 43d national biennial convention of the A.O.H. in America has just been issued.

The convention is to be held at Trenton, N. J., beginning Monday, June 27, and will continue during the week.

The call, which is issued from the office of the arbitrator, Rt. Rev. James A. McFaul, bishop of Trenton, is signed by P. J. Connor, national president; E. S. Phillips, national secretary, and Bishop McFaul. Among other things, it states:

"To the officers and members of the A.O.H. in America—Greeting:

"The county and state organizations throughout the country, having accepted by harmonious action the provisions of the decision of the right reverend arbitrator, it now becomes our duty to call formally the accredited delegates to the national convention to be held in Trenton, N. J., which will begin June 27, 1898, and continue until the affairs connected therewith shall have been transacted.

"As the convention is held in pursuance of the right reverend arbitrator's decision, it is to be regulated thereby, and its deliberations will be modeled upon the suggestions embodied therein.

"It is hardly necessary to remind you that the convention will be of such a nature as to render it one of the most important ever held in the history of the order, and it is, therefore, of supreme necessity to remember and weigh well your sacred traditions and aims, so that it may be characterized by friendship, unity, and Christian charity.

"In issuing this call, we may be permitted to express the hope that the good will and harmony existing in the order may be still more intimately knit together by this national convention, and that the organization, with increased strength, courage, and influence, may continue in the path marked out for it by its noble principles."

The delegates to the convention from Massachusetts are: Hon. Edward J. Slattery, South Framingham, state president; John W. Glynn, Springfield, state vice president; Patrick F. Cannon, Clinton, state secretary; Martin J. Roche, Charlestown, state treasurer; Rev. John F. Cummings, Roslindale, state chaplain and about 30 others, representing the 11 counties.

The Massachusetts delegation will present the name of Hon. Edward J. Slattery as a candidate for the office of national president of the reunited A.O.H., and as Mr. Slattery is one of the most prominent and popular officials in the country, it is generally conceded that his chances for success are very good.

The state president, state vice president, state secretary, and state treasurer, together with several others of the delegation, represented Massachusetts at the national convention held two years ago at Detroit. They are well versed in convention work, and it will not surprise the A.O.H. if Massachusetts is successful in capturing the highest office of honor in the order.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

#### THE JUVENILE DIAMOND.

Before Saturday's game, the Shamrocks were anx... to play Hood's team; now they ... give the Laborites any date, ... game to be played on any ground ... for any money the challenged nin... sires.

The Watmahs ... had their batting eyes with them Saturday but they crowded the error column and therefore their defeat.

The Mysteries and Shamrocks will cross bats next Saturday if the Hoods do not intervene in the meantime.

Ryan, who pitched the Mathews to victory, did only what we predicted for him. Now it is Murray's turn to go him one better, which we think the North common player capable of doing.

The Fairmonts are trying to get Hood's team again for next Saturday.

The Shamrocks and Fairmonts will play for a purse of $10 on Saturday, June 4. The grounds will be decided upon by the managers in the meantime.

If the Mathews do not accept their chance now they will regret it later. For a good thing never goes unnoticed in the game of base ball and it is safe to say that Murray never had a peer on the Juvenile Diamond.

Stick stood in a good way of winning that game for the Emeralds had he been given a chance.

Fahey, who pitched for the Shamrocks Saturday, struck out nearly half of the necessary 27 Defender batsmen.

Ryan vs. Murray would make a pretty contest. It will surely be so if the Mathews refuse to sign the latter player.

Stick and Ryan are two illustrations of the fact that the writer is not off in his conclusions concerning the introduction of a few good young players into the City league.

The Young Columbians defeated the Lincolns by a score of 13 to 11. Challenges from 13-year-old teams by the former team will be received by Eddie Smith.

The Elms want a game with the Mystery club for Memorial day.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

#### G.A.R. LOT.

The G.A.R. lot in the Lowell cemetery will be dedicated next Saturday afternoon by Post 120 with appropriate exercises. The trustees of the lot have been presented with a beautiful urn by the Ladies' Relief Corps.

#### FLAG RAISING.

THE BOOTT SAID TO HAVE MADE A COLLECTION.

Dear Editor—Please allow me a space in your valuable paper, of which I am a constant reader. I would like to inform the public of what I call a small scheming plan of the Boott corporation to devise means by which to bleed their poorly paid help and the gall of them, too, after cutting off ten per cent. of their starvation wages. The corporation intend to raise a flag this week and so to defray the expenses of the flag they sent around their second-hands to collect five or ten cents throughout the mills, with the understanding it was to pay for the band to play at the flag raising. Now I don't object to the band playing, and for the flag raising, I am as patriotic and perhaps more so than the authors of the scheme, but what I do object to is the miserable plan to get the helps' scanty few cents back again, as they did last Saturday, but did get none of mine. I don't value the 5 cents or even 25, but I detest the corporations and trusts that try to skin the help of a few cents out of their hard earned few dollars they receive weekly. If they want to be patriotic, why not do it at their own expense, and not out of their employes' scanty earnings.

Yours very respectfully,
—Boott Operative.

Next Saturday, members of Buchanan Hose company of Dracut will have a flag raising.

## Cook, Taylor & Co.,

### CENTRAL STREET.

#### Linen Dept.

We have about 150 Remnants of Red Damask and bleached and half-bleached Satin Damask Table Linen which we shall close out at one-half their value.

14 pieces Turkey Red Damask, extra fine quality, good patterns, worth 50c. a yard, at 37 1-2c.

#### Towels.

20 dozen All Linen Huck and Cotton Turkish Bath Towels, worth 17c. each., at 12 1-2c. each.

#### Flags.

A large lot of Cotton Flags, made in imitation of wool bunting, fast colors, sizes 32x45, with six foot pole and gilt spear top, worth $1 each, at only 50c.

#### Percales.

The very best quality of Percale, good colors, excellent designs, full 36 inches wide, perfect goods, for only 12 1-2c. yard.

#### Dress Ginghams

15 pieces extra fine quality Dress Ginghams, handsome plaids, worth 37 1-2c a yard, our price 25c.

#### Crash.

10 pieces unbleached, heavy Linen Crash, suitable for hand towels or rollers, 21 inches wide, worth 15c. a yard, at only 10c.

Special values all this week in Prints, Ginghams, Cotton Cloth, etc., etc.

## ARE YOU

Interested in CABINET FILES? If so, come and see the WABASH, the best and most economical Cabinet File in use today. It is a money saver.

## LAWLER, FASHIONABLE STATIONER AND BOOKSELLER,

79 MERRIMACK AND 15 JOHN STREETS.

Telephone 378-4.

# HASTE, HASTE, HASTEN!

To this great and royal feast of bargains prepared especially for the wage earners and all others who either from necessity or choice are inclined to dress economically by

## T. H. Lane & Co.,

Ready Cash Buyers and Sellers of Clothing, Hats and Furnishings.

### LAST WEEK OF THE

# BIG SLAUGHTER SALE

### OF THE BANKRUPT STOCK OF THE MANUFACTURERS' RELIEF CO. IN THE

## Old Boston & Maine Depot, Central Street

This has been the most successful and cash-deriving sale ever undertaken and carried to a successful finish. We are more than pleased with our success and now announce that we are here to stay as long as the people continue to appreciate what we are doing for them. While the buying public is on our side we cannot be driven out by jealous competitors.

We are the largest ready cash buyers and sellers of manufacturers' stocks in New England and are constantly adding to our stock the product of makers forced to realize at once on their goods to avoid disaster, owing to the dull trade. They cannot sell to dealers who are obliged to buy on time, but must come where they know the cash is always ready and we make the price.

Buy of us now and save at least one-third of what regular dealers would charge for the same goods.

### Read These Prices Then Come and Look at the Goods.

About 100 of those Wool Suits which have created such a sensation left, at **$2.98.**

One lot of new styled Spring Suits in up-to-date plaids, only **$3.98.**

10 styles of all-wool Suits in plaids, stripes, checks or mixtures, light or medium dark color, light and medium weights, good value anywhere at $8.00 and $10.00. Price made specially for this week, **$4.98.**

The largest assortment of styles and the best quality of cloths, with great superiority of making and trimmings in the line of suits we are selling. **$6.90.**

100 Clay Worsted Black Dress Suits in frocks and sacks, regular $12 quality, while they last, **$7.89.**

Youths' Long Pants Suits, made and trimmed in the most thorough manner with an eye to durability—dainty styles for the larger boys. Prices from **93c. to $2.98.**

A tremendous variety of Men's Pants and every pair sold under price.

200 pairs Working Pants, **98c.**

1000 pairs Worsted Plaids and Stripes for dress wear, **$1.98, $2.49, $2.98.**

All the new styles in Stiff and Soft Hats. Every Hat sold at a guaranteed price of 50 cents less than any other store will sell same quality.

30 new patterns in Fancy Shirts with collars and cuffs. We confidently pronounce this the greatest bargain shown this season at **39c.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Balbriggan Underwear, | 19c. |
| French Balbriggan Underwear, | 29c. |
| Medium Weight Underwear, | 39c. |
| Extra bargains in Socks, | 8c. |
| 25c. Neckwear, | 19c. |
| 50c. Neckwear, | 29c. |
| 75c. Neckwear, | 39c. |
| 50c. Overalls, | 39c. |

## Store Open on Monday, Friday and Saturday Evenings

## VICTORIOUS

### 1000 IVER JOHNSON'S, 500 FITCHBURG'S

For the Government. Other wheels were tested, but the honest cycle swept everything before them. If these wheels are good enough for the government, they're good enough for you. Price $40 and $50. Cash or credit.

## RING'S BIG STORE, 221-229 Dutton Street.

THE ONLY ONE

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full telegraphic day service of the Associated Press by its own operator in its own office. That's why it leads all its local rivals in the latest war news.

# THE LOWELL SUN

SECOND HAND PAPERS

Other local papers which copy each edition of The Sun and come out with the same news several hours later are second hand papers. If you want to get the news while it is hot, you must buy The Lowell Sun.

21ST YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, MAY 24, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

# CABLE IS CUT

## Means of Communication Between Cuba, Porto Rico and Madrid Severed.

## THE TIME HAS ARRIVED

### Spain Realizes That a Battle is Imminent.

### Instructions Given to Cervera and Also to the Cadiz Squadron—Our Fleet Locates Cervera's Ships and is Prepared to Destroy Spanish Fleet.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 24 (NOON)—A DESPATCH RECEIVED HERE FROM HAVANA SAYS: "SECRET ORDERS HAVE BEEN GIVEN TO ADMIRAL CERVERA AS TO WHAT COURSE TO PURSUE IN THE EVENT OF THE AMERICANS ATTEMPTING TO CUT OFF COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CUBA AND SPAIN.

"AMERICAN WARSHIPS CONTINUE TO OCCUPY STATIONS OUTSIDE OF HAVANA, CIENFUEGOS, CARDENAS, AND SANTIAGO DE CUBA. THERE ARE NOW NINETEEN AMERICAN WARSHIPS BEFORE HAVANA.

IT IS REPORTED THAT THE SPANISH GOVERNMENT HAS PURCHASED ANOTHER VESSEL TO BE USED AS AN ARMORED CRUISER. THE VESSEL REFERRED TO MAY BE THE GERMAN STEAMER HAVEL, REPORTED SOLD YESTERDAY."

### SQUADRON GETS INSTRUCTIONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 24 (NOON)—ACCORDING TO PUBLISHED NEWS HERE, ADMIRAL CAMARA, THE COMMANDER OF THE CADIZ SQUADRON, HAS BEEN FULLY INSTRUCTED AND RETURNS TO CADIZ TONIGHT.

DUKE ALMODOVAR DE RIO HAS ACCEPTED THE PORTFOLIO OF MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, OFFERED TO SENOR LEON Y CASTILLO, THE SPANISH AMBASSADOR AT PARIS. THE DUKE INFORMED THE CORRESPONDENT OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS THAT HE DOES NOT DESIRE THE OFFICE, BUT HE ACCEPTS IT ON PATRIOTIC GROUNDS.

### THE SPANISH FLEET LOCATED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KEY WEST, MAY 24.—THE MOVEMENTS OF THE UNITED STATES FLEET WHICH ARE KNOWN HERE MAKE IT ABSOLUTELY CERTAIN THAT NO BATTLE HAS YET OCCURRED; BUT AN ENGAGEMENT IS EXPECTED TO TAKE PLACE THIS WEEK. THE SPANISH FLEET HAS BEEN DEFINITELY LOCATED.

### CONCENTRATION OF SPANISH TROOPS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 24.—IT IS SAID THAT THE CONCENTRATION OF SPANISH TROOPS IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF GIBRALTAR IS DUE TO AN INCREASE IN THE BRITISH MILITARY PREPARATIONS.

### TO DESTROY SPAIN'S FLEET.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KEY WEST, FLA., MAY 24.—EVERY PREPARATION HAS BEEN MADE TO DESTROY THE SPANISH FLEET WHICH IS OFF CUBA.

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office and Stables

Market St. Cor. Worthen.

SQUARE PIANO, $10.

1 Dunham & Sons square piano, $20; 1 Hallet and Davis, almost new, $150; 1 Rintelma upright piano, left on sale by party going away, $100; 1 Ivers & Pond upright piano, $185. Ask to see Mrs. Maybland's piano, which must be sold at any price before May 28th. Our Jacob Doll pianos are the leading instruments of the age.

For sale by Samuel Orr, No. 322 Merrimack Street, Associate Building, Lowell, Mass. Look up the number of your old square, you may be the lucky one.

# NIGHT EDITION

# SIX O'CLOCK

## GOING TO THE PHILIPPINES

### Spaniards Will Probably Concentrate Their Forces There.

### It is Believed They Will Abandon the Campaign in Cuba—Such a Move Would Place Dewey in Danger—It Would Also Indicate That Spain Contemplates the Possibility of Peace—In Event of Peace Spain Wants to Hold the Philippines.

Washington, May 24.—Notwithstanding the persistent rumors in circulation to the effect that a great naval engagement had been fought in the Windward Passage, resulting in the destruction of the Spanish fleet, it can be stated positively that the navy department has no information that tends in the slightest to confirm these rumors. Unless the improbable happens, there is no immediate prospect of a naval engagement of any magnitude, in the opinion of the navy department officials. The unanimity with which the best-informed express the view almost warrants the conclusion that it is based upon knowledge that the hostile fleets are again far apart. Indeed, there is no certainty that Admiral Cervera is not already bound homeward, providing he has succeeded in securing a supply of coal, for he could not make the run back to the Canaries with less than about 2,500 or 3,000 tons of coal.

There are signs in Madrid that have been noted here seeming to warrant the supposition that there has been a complete change in the Spanish plan of conducting the war. Indications are believed to point to a relaxation if not a total abandonment of efforts to conduct a campaign in Cuba and the West Indies. The natural conclusion would be that the Spaniards were going to concentrate their entire energy to the defence of the Philippines, with the view of retaining them in the event peace is forced upon them, by virtue of the principle of international law which limits a victorious nation in indemnifying herself from the vanquished to the territory she actually occupies when peace is declared.

So the retreat of the Spanish squadron from the West Indies would be significant, first, in the danger it would place Dewey in immediately, and second, in the hint it would convey that the Spanish mind for the first time contemplates the possibilities of peace.

### AWAITING OUR FLEET'S MOVEMENTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 24.—A SPECIAL FROM KEY WEST SAYS: "KEY WEST HAS NOT BEEN SO DESERTED BY WARSHIPS FOR WEEKS AS IT IS THIS MORNING. IT WILL NEVER BE COMPLAINED THAT VESSELS WERE KEPT INACTIVE WHEN THERE WILL BE A PROSPECT OF A FIGHT. NOTHING IS HEARD OF AN IMMEDIATE OCCUPATION OF CUBA. EVERYTHING AWAITS SAMPSON'S AND SCHLEY'S MOVEMENTS."

### DEWEY'S THREAT TO GERMAN CONSUL

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 24.—A SPECIAL DESPATCH FROM MANILA SAYS THAT THE GERMAN CONSUL THERE TRIED TO LAND PROVISIONS FROM A GERMAN SHIP, BUT THAT ADMIRAL DEWEY REFUSED TO PERMIT HIM TO DO SO. THE CONSUL THEN DECLARED, ACCORDING TO THE DESPATCH THAT HE WOULD FORCE THE LANDING UNDER THE PROTECTION OF TWO GERMAN CRUISERS, BUT ADMIRAL DEWEY THREATENED TO FIRE UPON THE CRUISERS, AND THE ATTEMPT TO LAND THE SUPPLIES WAS ABANDONED.

### HYMN OF THANKSGIVING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 24.—The Senate chaplain's invocation at the opening of the session today was a hymn of thanksgiving for the 79th birthday of "the beloved Victoria," Queen of Great Britain. The closing sentence of the prayer was as follows:

"Knit the hearts of the two peoples who speak the English tongue more and more strongly together that we may work out the mighty problem of the highest civilization for the whole earth."

### VERMONT TROOPS ARRIVE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 24.—The First Vermont Infantry arrived here today.

Fine job printing done at this office.

OTHER LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ON PAGES 3 AND 5.

RARE BARGAINS IN Shoe Dept.

Up-to-Date Styles.

Ladies' Russet, fancy vesting top and kid, $1.25 and $1.40.

Ladies' Russet, fancy vesting top, $1.97, worth $2.50.

Ladies' Black fancy vesting top, $1.97, worth $2.50.

Misses' Russet, fancy vesting top, $1, $1.23 and $1.50.

Men's Goat and Russet Viel, $1.23.

Men's Willow Calf Bal., Opera and London toes, $1.97.

Men's Willow Calf Bal. Circular Seams, Bull Dog Toe, $2.

Men's Viel Congress and Bal., plain toe, $2 and $2.85.

Men's Bicycle Goods, russet and black, $1.23, $1.45, $1.98 and $2.50.

J. L. Chalifoux

49 to 59 Central Street.

Money Deposited

on or before Friday, June 3d, in the SAVINGS DEPARTMENT of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from June 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays 8 a.m. to 1 p.m. 7 to 9 p. m.

Chas. J. Gilnden, Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier.

Middlesex Street, Cor. Post Office Avenue

ROCKING CHAIRS—With one pound of our 60c. Tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street. Tel. 69-3.

# LATEST!

### ST. LOUIS CUTS THE CABLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, MAY 24.—THE NAVY DEPARTMENT AT 3.15 THIS AFTERNOON POSTED THE FOLLOWING BULLETIN:

"THE DEPARTMENT HAS NO REASON TO BELIEVE THAT A BATTLE HAS OCCURRED IN THE WINDWARD PASSAGE. THE AUXILIARY CRUISER ST. LOUIS HAS CUT THE CABLE AT SANTIAGO DE CUBA AND SAN JUAN DE PORTO RICO."

### VIZCAYA AND ALFONSO XIII SUNK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 24.—A CORRESPONDENT AT PORT AU PRINCE, TELEGRAPHS THAT A DESPATCH FROM PORT DE PAIX ON SUNDAY SAYS THE RUMOR WAS CURRENT THERE THAT THE SPANISH CRUISER VIZCAYA AND THE AUXILIARY CRUISER ALFONSO XIII HAD BEEN SUNK BY THE UNITED STATES WARSHIPS.

Putnam & Son

Remarkable Shirts For a Remarkable Price

In the history of Shirt selling today's offer is unapproached. Negligee Shirts, three lots. Percales with collar and cuffs attached. Madras Cloth, soft bodies, to be worn with white collars. Cheviots, soft bodies, one pair of detached link cuffs. Choose from either of these lots shirts that should be seventy five for

39c. Each.

Still Another.

We bought yesterday, offer today a small lot of Madras Neglige Shirts, soft finish, two detached collars, one pair detached link cuffs with each shirt; were made to sell for one dollar, cost us little, we ask little,

50c. Each.

Boys' Shirts.

Boys' Neglige Shirts, Percales with collars and cuffs, or Printed Cheviots to be worn with white collars. One pair detached link cuffs with each.

Price 39c.

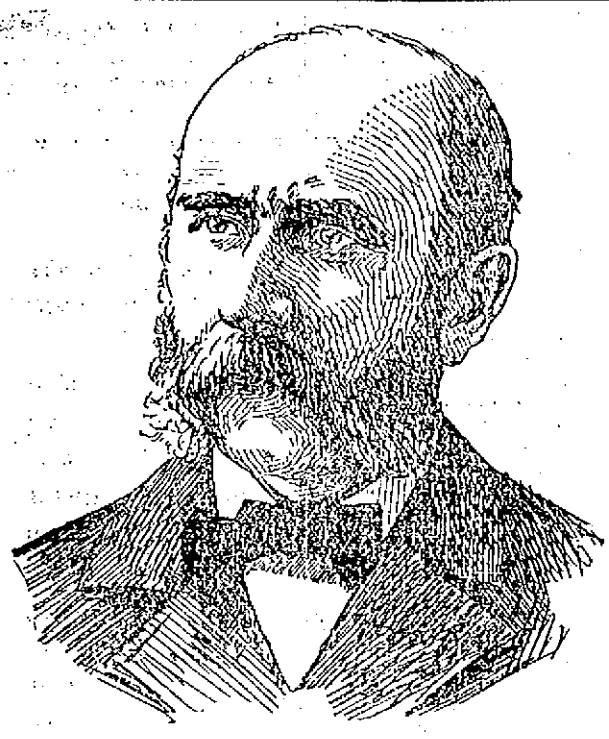
Nearly 600.

Saturday we sold nearly 600 of the summer weight Shirts and Drawers advertised. There are about 900 more to sell, slightly imperfect Men's Balbriggan, Grey Mixed, Tan and Blue; just half value,

19c. Each.

PUTNAM & SON.

166 Central Street.



SEC. CHARLES W. BRIGHAM, Master of Ceremonies.

# TWENTY-SIXTH REUNION

## Of the Richardson Light Infantry Last Evening.

### Large Attendance of Members and Their Sons Meet Again and Recount Reminisences — Officers Elected and Junior Association Formed — Banqueted by Hon. G. F. Richardson.

Once again the "boys" of the Richardson Light Infantry with their boys came together last evening in annual meeting, smaller in numbers, it is true, but not lacking in enthusiasm, and filled with the old time spirit which made famous the gallant soldiers of the R.L.I., subsequently the Seventh Mass. Battery. At last evening's reunion the members and their sons were the guests of their generous patron, Hon. George F. Richardson of this city, who with his daughter, enjoys the distinction of being the association's two honorary members.

Lawyer Richardson entertained his gallant comrades at a banquet in Runnels' Hall, which was attended by nearly all the members now alive, the absentees sending their regrets in eloquent letters.

HON. GEO. F. RICHARDSON, The Patron of the Association.

The affair was arranged by Secretary Charles W. Brigham and "Charlie" carried out every detail perfectly, making the reunion one of the most enjoyable in the 26 years of the association's existence.

The hall was tastefully and patriotically decorated in the national colors.

Previous to the supper, which was served shortly after 6 o'clock, Secretary Brigham made all the guests at home, introducing each one to each other.

When all had arrived the party filed to the tables.

At the head table were: President George M. Thissell of Methuen; George R. Richardson, representing his father, Hon. George F. Richardson; Lieut. W. E. Farrar; Capt. M. W. Storer; Gancelo Leighton; Capt. J. P. Thompson; Dr. W. H. Ruddick of South Boston, president of the Seventh Mass. Battery association.

Then Comrade Leighton invoked divine blessing and the company sat down to one of Page's best spreads.

When the wants of inner man had been sated and cigars lighted, Pres. Thissell called to order and introduced George R. Richardson, Esq., who presented his father's regrets in the shape of a telegram from the latter, who was detained in New York. The telegram was received with loud applause. Mr. Richardson then bade all a hearty welcome.

Sec. Brigham then called upon Cyrus W. Johnson, who sang with fine effect "A Little Knot of Blue and Gray."

President Thissell then called upon the secretary for letters of regret from absent ones and Sec. Brigham read letters from the following:

O. S. Canfield, San Deigo, Cal.; Silas Cowdry, Togus, Me.; A. H. Durmell, Philadelphia, Pa.; D. A. Waters, Philadelphia, Pa.; Wm. Jenness, Dover, N. H.; Joseph Lebell, Ware, Mass.; M. C. B. Mills, Seattle, Washington; Geo. H. Porter, Greenville, N. H.; H. W. Howe, Waltham, Mass.; Isaac Willey, Pembroke, N. H.; E. R. Bowers, Lewiston, Me.; C. J. Schofield, Providence, R. I.; Geo. E. Schofield, Johnston, R. I.; C. A. Sleeper, Lawrence, Mass.; N. C. Farnham, Chicago, Ill.; W. N. Goodhue, Lowell; Adjt. Gen. A D Ayling, Concord, N. H.

The letters were received with great applause.

During the evening bouquets were received and acknowledged from Mrs. H. P. Jefferson, the daughter of the regiment, and Mrs. Belle Johnson, daughter of Harvey Chase.

Sec. Brigham read a very eloquent report of last year's annual meeting in which he referred in strong language to the events now transpiring, the mention of the name of the gallant Dewey being received with tremendous applause.

Before concluding Sec. Brigham read the obituary for the year, the two members deceased during the year being Charles K. Page and Orrin T. Wilkins. The secretary also very feelingly referred to the deaths of Ex-Mayor J. G. Peabody and Frank N. Owen, two good friends of the association.

CHARLES S. ROBINSON Of Lonsdale, R. I., President of the R.L.I. Association.

The officers for the ensuing year were then elected as follows:

President, Charles S. Robinson, Lonsdale, R. I.; vice president, Charles W. Lovejoy, Brockton, Mass.; secretary and treasurer, Charles W. Brigham, Lowell; board of government, James W. Beane, West Somerville, Mass.; M. N. Peabody, Lowell; S. J. Loverin, Lowell; Charles H. Fillsette, Boston.

The treasurer's report showed a balance in the treasury and the report was accepted.

Comrade Benson then sang a solo in a remarkably sweet tenor voice, receiving hearty approval.

The sons of the members then formed an association and Charles Fletcher, Frank Ingham and Edward Brigham, a committee on officers, nominated the following officers who were accepted:

President, W N. Goodell; vice president, Arthur H. Gardner; secretary, Charles R. Brigham; board of government, John Ingham, F. H. Peabody, Cabot Devoll, Robert H. Chase.

Just to enliven matters a bit everyone sang "Marching Thro' Georgia," with great expression after which Comrade Ruddick was called upon.

Dr. Ruddick tendered the best wishes of the Seventh Battery, which he represented. He congratulated the association upon its departure by forming an association of sons. He suggested including the wives in the association and then referred to the founder of the organization, Hon. George F. Richardson. The Seventh Battery as the child of the Richardson Light Infantry, unites with you in honoring your distinguished founder.

"There is one more fight in me," said the doctor, "and I am ready to go when the call comes."

He paid high tribute to the memory of the deceased members and invited all to attend the next reunion of the Seventh Battery.

In conclusion he announced that the Seventh Battery is getting out a history and wanted material from the Richardson Light Infantry.

Frederick P. Dillingham of Boston, a son of the regiment, read a letter from his father to the latter's father, right after the battle of the Monitor and Merrimack, which he read and presented to the association. The letter contained a graphic description of the memorable battle.

Comrade Benson, the next speaker, made entertaining remarks, as did Comrade Storer and Comrade Schofield, and Messrs. Fillsette, Goodell and Blake.

Those present were:

Active members—William D. Farrar, first lieut., Lowell; W. Henry Worcester, sergt., Lowell; Chas. W. Brigham, corp., Lowell; Newman W. Storer, corp., Lawrence. C. H. Fillsett, colorbearer, Boston, Mass.; James W. Beane, West Somerville, Mass.; Samuel W. Benson, Charlestown, Mass.; Charles H. Frost, Lowell; Henry L. Gardner, Springfield, Mass.; Harlan P. Goodell, Lowell; Gancelo Leighton, Lowell; Samuel J. Loverin, Lowell; Charles W. Lovejoy, Brockton, Mass.; Morton N. Peabody, Lowell; James Schofield, Providence, R. I.; Zachariah B. Stuart, Manchester, N. H.; George N. Thissell, Methuen, Mass.; Francis Wilson, Lowell.

Invited guests—Dr. W. H. Ruddick, and son, South Boston; George R. Richardson; Capt. J. P. Thompson.

The song present were:

George H. Richardson, Esq.; Roderick Blake, Albert D. Brigham, Edward W. Brigham, Charles R. Brigham, Robert F. Chase, Cabot Devoll, Lowell; Frederick P. Dillingham, Boston; Charles Fletcher, Frank C. French, Lowell; Arthur H. Gardner, New York city; Robert E. Goodell, Frank Ingham, Lowell; John Ingham, Melrose; Harry G. Leighton, Charles E. Lovejoy, Alfred A. Lovejoy, Albert G. McCurdy, Lowell; A. G. Marshall, Tewksbury; Forrest H. Peabody, Leonard F. Worcester, Lowell.

## COLORS FOR NINTH.

### A. O. H. OF BOSTON WILL PRESENT THEM A SET.

A meeting of the committee to present a set of colors to the Ninth regiment, M.V.M., from the A.O.H. of Boston, was held Sunday afternoon in St. James' hall, 18 Kneeland street, in that city, with Colonel Charles McCarthy in the chair.

It was unanimously decided that the flags be procured at once, and a subcommittee consisting of County President William J. Cronin, Colonel Charles McCarthy, John Dolan, Colonel R. F. Scannell and John B. O'Higgins, were appointed.

It was also decided that County President Cronin be master of ceremonies and Congressman John F. Fitzgerald and the Hon. E. J. Slattery be the orators.

The committee voted to have the flags presented by the Misses McCarthy and Scannell.


When you buy a package of

Ivorine

Washing Powder

you not only get the best washing powder in the market but in addition, a cake of the sweetest, purest, whitest and nicest Glycerine Toilet Soap you ever used.

You pay only for the washing powder... the soap is free.

THE J. B. WILLIAMS CO., GLASTONBURY, CONN.



## A Never-die.

The "life-time" of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will never draw to a close. When a mother once uses it, she continues its use right along; because, she found, for curing cough, cold, croup and whooping-cough Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup unequalled by any other similar medicine. "I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, for ten or fifteen years in the family, for coughs and throat troubles caused by colds, and have found no superior article." Mrs. D. T. Clarke, 163 Congress St., Cleveland, O. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup can be had everywhere for 25 cents. Dealers will say they have something else "just as good or better," because they want to make more profit. Don't be "taken in." Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is the best.


# NOT MARY RYAN

## The Young Girl Who Died in Boston.

### WAS ELIZABETH PENNY, A YOUNG GIRL.

### Said She Was Coming to Lowell.

The identity of the young girl who died at 54 Howard street, Boston on May 12, from the effects of a criminal operation, and whose body was buried in a pauper's grave three days later, was established yesterday afternoon.

The girl was believed to be Mary Ryan of Lowell.

The girl's name was Elizabeth Penny. She was 18 years old and a native of St. John. She had been in Boston three years, and for some time previous to her death had been employed by Mrs. Walter Burke, 235 Lexington street, East Boston, as a servant. A brother lives at 629 Saratoga street, East Boston, and a sister and an aunt at Quincy.

In East Boston she was well known among young people. She was a bright and pretty young woman, had a large circle of friends and was highly respected.

May 4, she left the home of Mrs. Burke, saying that she was going to Lowell to remain a week with a friend.

Yesterday, her brother Timothy met Captain Westcott at the Jay street station, Boston, looked at the clothing compared the description of his sister, with that of the girl in the pauper's grave and was convinced that they were one and the same. To make doubly sure, he got Mrs. Burke to call at the station and look at the clothing. She did this late yesterday afternoon and identified the dress worn by the unfortunate as one which she cut and which Lizzie Penny made a few months ago. Besides this, there was a mark on the young girl's face which makes the identification certain. It was noticed before the body was buried.

The relatives will have the body exhumed and buried elsewhere.

The police are trying to ascertain the identity of her betrayer. The brother suspected a young man who had been keeping company with the young girl, but investigation by the police failed to connect him with the operation which caused her death.

The physician who is alleged to have performed the operation is now under $1000 bonds to appear in court.

## STREET DEPARTMENT.

### TO REBUILD THE CENTRAL STREET BRIDGE.

The street committee was kept busy for a few hours last evening, attending to many matters that require attention before being transmitted to the city council.

A resolution was read directing the Locks and Canals company to rebuild the Central street canal bridge. The bridge is not in a condition to sustain a seven-inch rail.

Mr. Derby stated that the Lowell and Suburban street railway company was willing to put the bridge in condition if the corporation would give the permission previously refused.

It was also stated that the Locks and Canals claimed that the city could not force it to rebuild the bridge.

It was decided to recommend the resolution.

A motion was made that the resolution for a sidewalk in Thirteenth street be laid upon the table until the next meeting. The resolution came up with others to be signed before going to the city council.

The resolution for the extension of Beech street was signed.

It was voted to pay the old bill of Thomas H. Elliott, $120 for 18 months' rent of a house rendered unfit for occupancy until the First street extension was finished.

Supt. Cheney was instructed to put in a crossing for Councilman Kennedy at Suffolk street and Broadway.

Mr. Beaulieu said that the Merrimack company had not taken up the railroad tracks in Tilden street, as had been promised by letter. He suggested that the street be put to grade for it is now in need of gutters.

Supt. Cheney was instructed to build the street to grade.

Dr. S. L. Ward appeared in behalf of the petition to widen the Meadow road which is a hundred years old.

A sub-committee will visit the road this afternoon.

Mr. Howe presented a report as to the cost of extending Roberts' Place, and the petition was laid upon the table.

It was voted to take views on several petitions. The petitioners who asked to have the watering of portions of Sixth, Reid, and Seventh streets discontinued, were given leave to withdraw.

Leave to withdraw was given on a petition for a Perry street sidewalk.

Leave to withdraw was given on a petition for the macadamizing of a portion of East Merrimack street.

The report of the county commissioners on the widening of Andover street, assessing damages to the amount of $15,000, was taken up on a question of estimating the expense of widening the street, and deciding whether the city shall do the work, or the county do it and the city pay the expense.

The matter was referred to the city engineer for the estimate.

Mr. Derby said that the Mayor had asked Supt. Cheney to remove three trees from in front of Mr. Bose's house in Andover street. The superintendent had asked him for instructions and he had advised him not to do it until the loan for the work was obtained, since the street department must curtail its expenses.

There will be a special meeting of the common council this evening.

The committee that is investigating the assessors' department held another long session last evening, and it is probable that their report will be presented this evening.

## FLAG RAISING.

The graduates of the old Franklin school are going to meet at the school at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon and fly the stars and stripes over the building in which they received their early education.

DR. ANITA NEWCOMB McGEE, Who Will Select Nurses for the Army and Navy.

# G. A. R. MONUMENT

## The Gift of Archbishop Williams.

### WILL BE DEDICATED ON MEMORIAL DAY.

### At the North Cambridge Catholic Church.

For many years the soldiers buried in the Catholic cemetery on Rindge avenue, North Cambridge, have been without headstones or any device suitable for the designation of a soldier's grave.

The result is that on Memorial day the Grand Army has been at a loss to know which graves to decorate.

Many of the graves have been without flowers, while others have had floral tributes that did not belong to them.

This year the Grand Army started a movement to put things to rights and do away with the difficulty for good.

The movement is the culmination of an effort set on foot years ago. Resolutions have been adopted by the various posts providing for a suitable monument to commemorate the Catholic soldiers and sailors and the Cambridge posts appointed a committee to see if one could not be secured.

This committee consulted with Archbishop Williams of Boston, who took an active interest in the matter and finally offered to place a monument in the cemetery, which should be in remembrance of the Catholic soldiers and which could be decorated by the Grand Army posts each Memorial day.

The monument is a handsome one and will be ready for dedication May 30. It is of solid granite and the shape of a cross, and will stand about 10 feet in height. It was made by Patterson of Arlington.

On its base will be an appropriate inscription and on the face of the cross higher up will be the letters "I.H.S." The monument will be dedicated with appropriate exercises on Memorial day. The mayor and other city officials will be present and Archbishop Williams is expected to deliver an address. The dedication and decoration will occur in the morning and it is anticipated that the exercises will be of great interest.

Fine job printing done at this office.

Women nowadays do not have to use a stream of water for a looking-glass. They have modern mirrors that will tell them very promptly whether their beauty is fading. A woman's beauty fades very rapidly if she is troubled with some derangement of the distinctly feminine organism. Ignorance or carelessness in this respect frequently causes great suffering and irregularity in after life. Little irregularities and weaknesses in girlhood should be looked upon promptly and properly treated at once.

Mothers cannot be too conscientious in this respect, and cannot throw aside the prudery that is so prevalent upon this point too soon. Every young woman should know something about her own physical make-up, and the importance to her future of her local as well as general health. A woman who suffers from weaknesses peculiar to her sex will rapidly lose her beauty, her general health, her amiability and her usefulness and capability as a wife and housekeeper. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription promotes regularity of all feminine functions, gives sturdy health to the distinctly feminine organism and prepares it to meet the trials of wifehood and motherhood. The "Favorite Prescription" is not a cure-all. It is intended for but one class of disorders and is good for no other. Taken during the period of gestation, it makes parturition easy, and banishes the discomforts of the expectant months. All good medicine dealers sell it.

"I wish to express my thanks for the good I have received from Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. E. Scovill, of Bolton, Stephenson Co., Ills. "I have used it at different times for the last eight years. It is the best medicine for expectant mothers. I never tried it for that until my last baby. I had been very bad, almost helpless. I could not get out of bed alone, or even turn over. Last December I commenced taking the 'Favorite Prescription,' and could soon get in and out of bed as well as at any time. On March 9th I gave birth to an eleven pound boy without pain, and have since been as well and healthy as I ever was."


# A BAZAAR OPENED

## By the Mathews of North Billerica.

### IN TALBOT MEMORIAL HALL LAST EVENING.

### Large Attendance Assists in Its Success.

The popular Fr. Mathew Temperance society of North Billerica opened its bazaar most auspiciously last evening in Talbot Memorial Hall. There was a large attendance and a liberal one, for all succumbed to the wiles of the fair attendants, and patronized the different tables generously.

The hall was very prettily decorated in Nile green, pink and white, while Old Glory was conspicuously displayed. The tables and their attendants were as follows:

Mathew table—Joseph Hannon, chairman; Edward Costello, treasurer; aids, John H. Mahoney, Daniel Fitzpatrick, Frederick Gannon, Eddie Morris and John Welch.

Refreshment table—Timothy Mahoney.

Fish pond—Tommy Johnson.

Phonograph—John B. Kearney.

Combination table—Miss Kate Coughlin, matron; Misses Annie Bradley, Mary Scanlon and Mary Morris.

Candy table—Miss Mary Nugent, matron; Misses Lucy Callahan and Kathryn Mahoney.

Pound table—Miss Maggie Costello, matron; Miss Tessa Mullen, Mary Burke and Maggie Garvin.

Flower table—Miss Ella May Garvin and Miss Kathryn Loretto Cowdry.

Sewing Circle table—Miss Kate Garvin, matron; Misses Bee Mahoney, Mary Callahan, May Ella Costello, Ruth Brown and Maggie McCarthy.

There will be an entertainment program every evening and on Tuesday, Thursday and Friday evenings there will be dancing. The committee in charge is composed of the following: William Taylor, chairman; Charley Fairbrother and John Hannon. The entertainment Monday evening was given by local talent. Following is the program:

Selection by the Excelsior quartette, Messrs. John Fairbrother, Joe Blaron, Billy May and James Gannon; reading by Miss Florence Bradley; song, Thomas Scanlon; reading, Miss Loretta McCarthy; selection by the quartette; reading, Henry Brown; and phonograph selections by Prof. Wells of Lowell.

Tuesday evening the entertainment will be given by Lowell talent. Wednesday night Lawrence talent will be present. A feature this evening will be the fencing bout between Messrs. Brady and Emieux. Thursday evening Prof. D. Moyer Staley and pupils are to give selected readings from Shakespeare's works. Friday evening will be devoted entirely to dancing and on Saturday evening the drawing of prizes will take place.

## ROOSEVELT'S TERRORS

### READY FOR THE ONSLAUGHT ON THE SPANIARDS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Antonio, Texas, May 24.—It is thought that Roosevelt's regiment of rough riders will begin its movement toward Cuba within the next two days. Colonel Leonard Wood, commanding the regiment received a telegram from the adjutant general, asking him when he would be ready to move, and Colonel Wood answered that he could start immediately. The necessary supplies are now being secured for the regiment and further orders are expected.

Horace H. Knapp has served notice on the mayor, city treasurer, and board of health, that he does not consider himself legally discharged from the board of health's service and that he will claim salary.

Fine job printing done at this office.


## CAPTURED.

A lot of Shirt Waists, well worth one dollar or over, will sell at only 68c. Also Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothing, and all kinds of household goods at lowest cash prices on credit at the Co-operative Supply Co., 8 Swan Building.

26 Central Street.

Open every evening.



# AWFUL TROUBLE.

## Disease of the Kidneys Are Always Serious.

## Bright's Disease is Catarrh of the Kidneys.

### Pe-ru-na Cures Catarrh, Even of These Organs.

PE-RU-NA is something I recommend to everyone. I took it when I had been afflicted with swelling in my legs and hands, due to dropsy and kidney trouble. Am now entirely cured. Mrs. Ann Nelson, 3216 Broadway, Galveston, Texas."

The all-pervading power of Pe-ru-na to seek out catarrhal affections, no matter to what vital organs they have penetrated, is truly remarkable. Pe-ru-na will cure catarrh, and by curing catarrh has undoubtedly saved hundreds from a death that would have been attributed to Bright's disease, gastritis, consumption, or some other deadly malady. Cure catarrh, no matter where it may be located. Pe-ru-na will do it. Druggists everywhere sell Pe-ru-na. For advice, write to Dr. S. B. Hartman, of Columbus, Ohio, he will give it to you free.



FASHIONABLE

# MILLINERY

And the latest novelties of the season, also a special and select line of Walking Hats at

Miss Ella Burkes' Millinery Parlors

In the Pollard Block, Palmer street, up one flight. Call and inspect our goods. We guarantee satisfaction.



# Anger and Worry

Are the most unprofitable conditions known to men when the shoe pinches and does not fit well.

THE SUNLIGHT

# $3 Shoes

Has all styles, all shapes, and all the latest lasts, so that these shoes must fit and wear well. Money goes back at this store if Shoes are not as represented.

# Sunlight Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL ST.

Free delivery to all parts of the city. Our W. S. Patent Leather

# $4 Shoe

We warrant not to crack. Money back if they do. The manufacturers will stand by us.

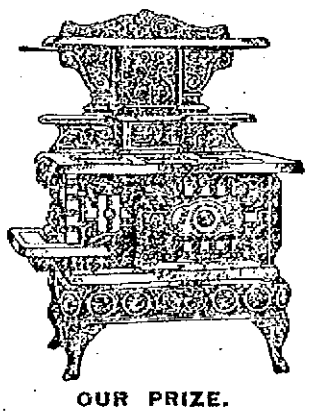
INCREASING IN BUSINESS.

The only thing for us to do is to increase in help. We have secured Mr. Wm. J. Meloy, formerly of O'Sullivan Bros., and Mr. Joseph A. McMahon, formerly of T. P. Boulger's, for evenings.

REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS.

# W. S. GRADY





OUR PRIZE.

When a young man's fancy turns to thoughts of housekeeping, and having secured the best woman on earth for his bride, the next step and most important one is to buy a good Range.

(OUR GRAND PRIZE)

Fills the bill in every particular. See the square oven. They are the best. Sold only by

GAYNOR & CO.,

35 Prescott Street.



THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK!

# "GLORIA"

FOR DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.

The use of "GLORIA" invigorates the system, feeds the nerves and overcomes weakness. Gives courage with the vigor and pleasures of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. 5c. a glass.

S. BARTLETT, Agt., 160 and 162 Middlesex St.

# THE SUN LATEST 5 O'CLOCK.

SENOR LEON Y CASTILLO, Spain's New Minister of Foreign Affairs.

# LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL

## Will be Permanently Closed Unless the City Votes it $5,000.

### Sketch of Its Work and Its Usefulness as Told by Supt. Walsh, One of the Trustees—Benefit to Young Men to the Textile Industries and to the Community at Large in Ensuring Progress and Defying Competition.

The existence of the Textile school is threatened by the action of the legislature in appropriating $16,000 upon condition that the city of Lowell shall give $5,000 towards the expense of running the school during the current year.

Whether this condition has been imposed upon the city as a result of opposition from certain parties who favored the abolition of the Training school or by outside opposition is not quite clear; but the Textile school, it seems, is peculiarly a state school and should be supported by the state. The fact that it is located in Lowell is, of course, something of an advantage to Lowell students and the people in general in interesting them in the course laid down for the production of skilled workmen who are experts in every branch of the textile industry; men who are practical chemists, practical dyers, practical designers and so on.

It is almost needless to refer here to the wide scope of the courses of study pursued at the school as they have repeatedly been published in the daily papers while the popular course of lectures served the very desirable purpose of interesting the public generally in the textile art but more especially in stimulating young men of talent and ambition to avail themselves of the opportunities of advancement offered by this school.

The entire process of cotton manufacture is gone through in theory and practice from the growing of the cotton plant through every stage, as for example, the length of the fibre, how to select it, and to what each part of the fibre is best adapted. Then the cleaning, the carding, spinning, warping, the design in the cloth, how to imitate and originate designs in all kinds of patterns, white and colored.

The manufacture of wool and worsteds is gone into quite as thoroughly as that of cotton. First the sorting of the wool, according to the part of the sheep from which it is shorn, then to what use each kind is best adapted. Then the quality of different wools is treated in full, embracing the different kinds, American, Australian, and the long and short staple are fully described and their distinctions and respective uses pointed out. The student is also instructed in the art of weaving all kinds of woolens, including carpets of the various styles, plain and fancy; to operate and, if necessary, repair the various carpet looms, to copy designs, to originate designs and weave them into the fabric produced.

Perhaps the most important art taught at this school and that which is best calculated to improve the textile industries of New England is that of practical chemistry. All the color effects in prints, paper, and fabrics of various kinds are purely chemical products. Those who handle drugs and dye-stuffs must have some chemical training, although for want of such opportunities as are afforded by the Textile school, many leading dyers have but a practical knowledge; they know what colors to use and in what proportion, but they cannot tell why. They have not had the necessary training in chemistry to give them a thorough or scientific knowledge of their business. To turn out a good dyer requires from two to three years of careful study and practice. But that would be well repaid as may be judged from the fact that no man who has a practical knowledge of the business would be offered less than $35 a week anywhere.

Mr. James Walsh, superintendent of the Hamilton mills, speaking with a Sun representative, in reference to the Textile school and the opportunities it affords young men, said that he had labored hard for over twenty years to master some of the courses that can be learned thoroughly at the Textile school in a few years. A course of training in theory and practice such as is given at the Textile school, he believes, would have been worth to him at least $20,000; but he could not get it even if he had been willing to pay that amount for it. "There is positively no discrimination of any kind against any student, male or female, native or foreigner who wishes to enter the school, the only requirement being the ability to read and write and do a little figuring. Of course, without this a student could never succeed in the school and it would be useless for him to waste his time in attending.

After leaving the school the graduates will, he believed have little trouble in finding good positions with manufacturing companies in various parts of the country. The school is attaining the reputation of being the best in the world outside Philadelphia, and it is plain that its diploma will go far to secure a lucrative place for any young man.

In regard to what young men may think of the prospects after graduating Mr. Walsh spoke very emphatically saying there is a tremendous opportunity for any young man who knows his business regardless of influence. If a student does not know his business, no amount of influence can hold him in a responsible position in a mill.

Take the art of dyeing, for example. I have offered $2500 a year for a reasonably good man and have been refused. The law forbids bringing men here under contract; but in dozens of cases which I could mention, it was absolutely impossible to find in this country the right kind of a man out of employment. If these practical chemists are not found in this country, is it not well to maintain a school that will produce them in a few years? Will it not help the manufacturers to meet the fierce competition by advancing to finer goods, so that no other country or any other part of this country will be able to compete with us? That is the only means by which we can keep our mills running steadily and pay good wages. Thus it will benefit first, the young men who graduate; second, the textile industries; and third, the operatives or the entire community which will be benefited by steady work.

Mr. Walsh gave several examples of our need of more practical chemists, citing cases in which the raw material was sent to England, valued at a few cents a pound and returned to us worth three or four dollars a pound. This is actually done in the case of anilines. "After a few years, I hope that all this will be changed, and that we shall be able to manufacture such products at our own doors. In England the Textile schools are found scattered through the country and the government is lavish in its expenditure of money upon them. Germany is also rapidly advancing in this direction and if America is to hold its own with these countries, if New England is to maintain her supremacy in the textile industry, she must maintain textile schools such as that which we have here in Lowell. That, being so, the question then arises," said Mr. Walsh, "whether the city of Lowell can afford to let the Textile school is closed up, as it will be on July 1, if the $5,000 be not voted by the city. The benefits of the school have not yet begun to appear and if closed now, the expense of equipment which was over $60,000, as well as the other outlays incidental to running the school would practically be lost."

"Do you believe that the board of trustees is as representative as it should be?" Mr. Walsh was asked.

"The people," said Mr. Walsh, "are represented by the Mayor and the superintendent of schools and it is very plain that the active trustees must be practical manufacturers who know what the courses should be and how they should be taught. If there is any demand for the appointment of another representative of the people, I think the present board will have no objection. Indeed, I have reason to believe that it would be entirely satisfactory to every member of that board to take any step of this kind that might make the school more popular or convince the sceptical—first, of the magnificent opportunities it offers to young men; second, the great and lasting benefits that will result from the continuance of the school upon the lines already laid down."

PETITON OF PUPILS.

The following petition, which is self explanatory, has been received by the Board of Trustees from the students of the school:

PETITION TO TRUSTEES.

Lowell, April 26, 1898.

To the Trustees of the Textile School, Lowell:

Gentlemen—We, the undersigned, all students of the chemistry and dyeing department, respectfully beg to submit to you that it is our earnest wish and desire that the trustees will find ways and means to continue the class which we are all so deeply interested in, and which we have found to be a great benefit to some of us in our various avocations.

We forward you this petition because it has been rumored that the future will find some of the present departments excluded from the list of studies and we sincerely hope that you will use your best endeavors to maintain that branch of study in the school, which we are interested in, viz: the chemistry and dyeing department.

Then follows a long list of signatures.

## BISHOP MALLALIEU

ADDRESSES A MEETING OF EPWORTH LEAGUERS.

The different local branches of the Epworth League of this city held a union meeting in the Y.M.C.A. hall, last evening, which was highly successful. It was planned by the committee in charge of the finishing of the Epworth League Union house at Sterling Camp Grounds and a goodly sum was realized.

The guest of honor was Bishop Mallalieu, who made a stirring address. Speeches were also made by J. Clark Glidden and Rev. Mr. Meredith. Supper was served and a collection taken. The committee in charge of the affair consisted of Mrs. J. Clark Glidden, chairman, Mrs. B. Rollins, Mrs. C. H. Fisk, Mrs. W. H. Lincoln, Mrs. Ashworth, and Miss McMaster.

## DEATHS.

SCOTT—Elwell Scott, a former resident of this city, died yesterday at Worcester, aged 41 years. The remains will be brought to Lowell and interment will be in the Edson cemetery after services in the chapel.

WARLEY—Bessie M. Warley, aged 41 years, died yesterday at North Chelmsford.

GEE—A. B. Gee, aged 73 years, died May 17, at Lewiston, Me. Many of the old-time dancers will remember Mr. Gee as the dancing master who managed a number of socials in old Wentworth hall.

BURNHAM—Fred Ervin Burnham, son of the late Philetus Burnham, died Sunday at West Eaton, N. Y. The remains are now on the way to Lowell. Funeral services will be held in the chapel to morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock

DAVIS—Allan F. Davis, aged 70 years, died Sunday at his home in Chelmsford. The body was sent to Winchendon, Mass., for burial.

KELLEY—Mary Kelley, widow of Thomas Kelley, died Friday at Everett. She was a daughter of Charles Sanborn of this city and burial will be made here.

RACETTE—Jules Racette, a well known resident of 480 Moody street, died this morning at his home, after a long illness, aged 41 years. Deceased was a native of Milville, N. Y., and had lived in Lowell 19 years. He leaves a widow and two sons who are in the Oblate novitiate at Buffalo, N. Y., and two daughters in this city.

He was a member of St. Jean Baptiste and the Tertiary Order of St. Francis. Funeral Thursday morning 9 o'clock from St. Jean Baptiste church.

IMPROVEMENTS VOTED.

The First Baptist church, last evening, voted to make extensive improvements in the church.

SUPERIOR COURT.

The only trial reached before the noon adjournment was that of A. I. Hodge vs. Semple, a claim for commission in conveying property.

# SPANISH TROOPS

## Aboard the Alphonso XIII at Jamaica.

THEY WERE THERE SHORT OF SUPPLIES.

### Food Purchased From Vessels in Port.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, May 24.—Among the passengers who arrived today per Atlas line steamer Altai from Kingston were ten Cuban refugees who were transferred to Jamaica from Cienfuegos. Among those were Renado Castillo and family. Other passengers were Lieut. L. F. A. Barlow, U.S.A.; George W. Brown, Frank H Anson and Washington Rume.

A passenger from Kingston says he was at Barbadoes three weeks ago when the Spanish troop ship, Alfonso XIII put in there for coal. The harbor master found that she had eleven hundred men, over the number of her crew. The Spaniard desired to purchase a large quantity of provisions and coal, but were only permitted to buy sufficient to supply them to the next port. The passengers said that at Kingston the supply of bread stuffs was very short, and that he knew of three vessels which had succeeded in running in with full cargoes of food supplies to the ports on the South side of Cuba, in spite of the efforts of the Jamaican government to prevent it.

Several newspaper correspondents in Kingston filed reports concerning the movements of American war vessels but the cable people refused to receive them.

## THE SOUTH SIDE.

ANOTHER LENGHTY HEARING BEFORE COUNTY COMMISSION.

The hearing before the county commissioners yesterday brought out a strong sentiment in favor of a highway on the South side between Lowell and Lawrence.

The principal speaker was E. B. Conant, who said that in his opinion the petition was the strongest ever presented to a board of commissioners. No signatures had been solicited, and nobody had been asked to attend the hearing. The representative business men present were in attendance of their own accord. He had met nobody in the city who was really opposed to the petition.

Mr. Conant spoke of the hearing before the Legislature, when 64 men, favoring the south side, had gone to Boston for two days, he said. The city was on the north side of the river and the north side, he claimed, was low and mashy, the land the worst in the state and the people of a different nature than elsewhere. If he rode on the north side of the river, he was obliged to watch lest people ran into him. On the south side it was a pleasure to ride.

The other speakers were Robert G. Bartlett, Hon. George W. Fifield, Hon. John J. Donovan, Hon. J. C. Abbott, Postmaster Thompson, Asa C. Russell, Frank Trull, George H. Stevens, Z. W. Sturtevant, Jesse Trull, John Trull, Charles H. Stickney, Dr. H. Jefferson, Jesse H. Shepard, Henry C. Fuller, William H. Anderson, Hon. John J. Pickman.

Chairman Gould said that the board was asked to examine into the petition before it, and that nothing would be said to injure any other petition.

## TOMORROW'S PARADE.

CITY EMPLOYES WILL RAISE A FLAG.

The sewer department of the city of Lowell will raise the American flag at their headquarters on Broadway at the city stables, on Wednesday afternoon. The parade will form at City Hall promptly at 4.30, consisting of members of the city government, 350 men of the sewer department, and all citizens are hereby respectfully invited to report at at the City Hall at that time, for the purpose of taking part in the ceremonies.

The parade will move from City Hall down Merrimack street to Central, to Middlesex, to Thorndike, to Fletcher, to the city stables. Speeches will be made by his honor, the Mayor, and others, upon the raising of the flag. The affair will be under the immediate direction of Supt. of Streets Cheney, and Assistant Supt. Beals. Gen C. A. R. Dimon has been requested to act as marshal for the occasion.

A large flag has been bought, a band of music engaged, and arrangements made to drape the platform at the city stables, and every expense is to be paid for by private contributions from the officers and men of the sewer department.

## POLICE COURT.

Eight drunks.

John Lavery, who escaped from the workhouse is worse off than ever, for now in addition to his time at the farm he must serve five months in jail for escaping.

William Desmond received six months in the workhouse for drunkenness and Dennis Callnhan likewise.

Thomas Whitehead was fined $20 for assault and battery.

The continued case of Michael O'Leary charged with assault on his wife, will be disposed of today.

## PERSONAL.

Peter A. Fay, Esq., is smiling these days, the cause being a handsome little heir born on Sunday.

## MATRIMONIAL.

A very pretty wedding took place Sunday evening at the Immaculate Conception church, when Rev. W. D. Joyce, O.M.I., united in marriage Mr. James A. Kilroy, assistant superintendent of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, and Miss Sadie O'Connor of New York. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Helen O'Connor of New York, and the best man was William F. McCarthy, president of the Burke Temperance Institute. The bride wore a gown of white silk and the bridesmaid was attired in blue silk. A reception was held at 242 Appleton street, and the young couple received the congratulations of their many friends. They left on a wedding tour.

# A RATTLING BOUT

## Jack Daly and McPartland at New York.

THE DECISION WAS GIVEN TO THE FORMER

### On Account of a Foul Blow.

New York, May 24.—Two bouts made up the card last night at the second boxing exhibition of the Lenox Athletic club. In the introductory bout, "Kid" Robinson (colored) of Chicago and Billy Moore of Syracuse fought 12 rounds at 130 pounds. The bout was declared a draw. When the gloves were taken off it was found that Robinson had injured his left hand badly.

The principal bout was a 25-round go between "Kid" McPartland of this city and Jack Daly of Wilmington, Del., at 134 pounds. McPartland and Daly turned the scales at 133 1-2 pounds at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and when they stripped they were in excellent trim and equally confident of success. Daly was the favorite in the betting, 100 to 90 being generally laid on his chances. The bout was a rattling one while it lasted, but from the eighth round it was very evident that Daly would get the better of McPartland, as the latter lost control of his temper.

In the second round, the "kid" sprang a new blow. It was a left jab on the face quickly brought down to the kidneys. He did this twice. In the eighth round blood was drawn from Mac's nose by a blow in the face. In the ninth round Daly was bleeding from a cut over the right eye. Very hard blows were exchanged during the fight, and the men frequently clinched.

In the 15th round the boys rushed into a clinch, from which Referee White got them to break. Daly rushed and slammed McPartland right and left. Mac clinched, and White tried to separate them. In the clinch Mac struck Daly, and the latter fell. White rolled over him, hurting Daly's leg. Mac walked to his corner and Daly limped to his. This ended the bout and it was announced that the referee had awarded the decision to Daly on account of McPartland's having struck Daly in a clinch after he had repeatedly cautioned him not to do so.

Quite a large sum of money changed hands over the result, one of the heaviest losers being "Spike" Sullivan, who had bet nearly $2000 at odds of 11 to 10 and even money.

BOSTON MAN SUPERIOR.

Philadelphia, May 24.—"Mysterious Billy" Smith of Boston and Charles Johnson of this city fought 15 rounds last night at Athens. The decision was a draw, although Smith clearly had the best of the bout. He was the aggressor throughout and landed heavily on Johnson's body and head. Johnson put up a good argument, but was overmatched at every point.

BLOW OVER THE HEART.

Wheeling, W. Va., May 24.—In the arena of the Metropolitan Athletic club, Oscar Gardner, the "Omaha kid," and Fred Bogan of San Francisco met in what was to have been a 20-round contest for the featherweight championship of the west, but the battle was concluded in the 12th round, when Gardner landed a knockout blow over the heart. Gardner clearly outclassed his man and could have finished him rounds before the end came for the Californian.

DUFFY'S THREE-BAGGERS.

Stick Work of the Captain of the Bostons in St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 24.—The browns lost to the Bostons yesterday after an exciting struggle in which errors were numerous. Duffy's two three-baggers aided the visitors. Score:

| St. Louis. | AB | R | 1B | PO | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dowd, c. f. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Holmes, r. f. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Hurley, l. f. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Sugden, s. | 5 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 1 |
| Cross, 3 b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Decker, 1 b. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Hall, s. s. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| Crooks, 2 b. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Hughey, p. | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| *Clements | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals | 40 | 7 | 11 | 27 | 11 | 5 |

*Batted for Hughey.

| Boston. | AB | R | 1B | PO | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hamilton, c. f. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Tenney, 1 b. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1 |
| Long, s. s. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Duffy, l. f. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Collins, 3 b. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Stahl, r. f. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Lowe, 2 b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| Bergen, c. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 2 |
| Klobedanz, p. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Totals | 41 | 8 | 13 | 27 | 13 | 7 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | —7 |
| Boston | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | —8 |

Two-base hits—Decker, Bergen, Hamilton. Three-base hits—Hall, Duffy, 2. Earned runs—Boston, 3; St. Louis, 3. Hit by pitched ball—Harley. Double play—Hall, Crooks and Decker. Base on balls—Off Hughey, 1; off Klobedanz, 2. Sacrifice hits—Dowd, Cross, Hall. Struck out—By Hughey, 3; by Klobedanz, 3. Stolen bases—Hamilton, 2; Hughey. Wild pitch—Klobedanz. Time—2:50. Umpires—Swartwood and Woods.

The New Yorks batted hard and timely, while the Louisvilles could not bat when hits meant runs. Dowling, their pitcher, lasted but five innings. Score: 12 to 4.

The aggregation from Baltimore had two bad innings yesterday, and the Chicagos one, errors being followed by a bunching of hits. The Illinois team won, 6 to 5.

Hill of the Cincinnatis kept the Brooklyns' hits scattered well and pitched himself out of many tight places, so that his club won, 7 to 2.

Duggley of the Philadelphias was an easy mark for the Pittsburgs, and after he had lost the game in an inning and a half, Platt was substituted. Only one short hit was made off him. Score: 8 to 1.

With two out in the ninth, Burkett's single drive brought in two runs, giving the Cleveland team the game after the Washingtons thought victory was sure. Score: 4 to 3.

The Springfields appear to have the luck to be pitted against the Providences at a time when the Providence pitchers are vieing with each other in good work. Rudderham pitched a magnificent game, holding the Springfields down to scattered hits, and would have shut them out but for an error following Lush's hit in the eighth inning. Score: 8 to 1.

The Fall River team, with Flanagan on the slab, made easy work defeating the New Bedfords, 8 to 2. All that was needed was to get first base, and then the New Bedford players did the rest, throwing the ball around the lot like boys.

The Newport team was weak at the bat at critical times in the game with the Brocktons. Hits were frequent, but the men died on bases for the sake of a strong batter. The score was close enough to keep up interest and the game was very well played at all points, save Clancy at short for the visitors. Score: 5 to 2.

The Pawtuckets won in a batting contest with the Tauntons, 7 to 4. Katall, who has been loaned by the Fall Rivers, was tried by the Tauntons, and pitched a steady game, the hits being well sprinkled through the innings. Patten's decisions were frequently questioned by both sides.

## BIG COST OF THE WAR.

The Nation Has Been Paying at the Rate of $3,000,000 Per Day.

A recent Washington special to the New York World says:

The 20 days of the war which the United States is waging against the kingdom of Spain have cost this country about $80,000,000, or nearly $3,000,000 a day.

The cost of operations in the future will probably not be so great, as quite one-half of the expenditures so far have been in the way of preparation, the acquirement of warships, guns and equipment. The ordinary cost should run about $1,000,000 a day. It is estimated that more than 200,000 persons are actively employed helping the nation's land and sea forces to get into fighting trim. This table, carefully compiled from the estimates of authorities on the prices paid, will give an idea of the aggregate amounts paid by the government for the various things war has compelled it to purchase:

| | |
|---|---|
| For ships purchased and leased | $35,000,000 |
| For new equipment, ammunition and supplies | 12,000,000 |
| For coal | 11,000,000 |
| For transportation of troops | 8,500,000 |
| For supplies for the army | 7,000,000 |
| For guns, ammunition, etc | 9,000,000 |
| Pay of army for month of May and part of April | 2,700,000 |
| Pay for navy for May | 500,000 |
| For cablegrams and telegrams for May | 95,000 |
| For contingent expenses yet to be incurred | 10,000,000 |

Our Future Work.

We shall hold the possessions we shall win. Cuba will finally come to us of its own volition. We shall strengthen our navy and send it abroad that our commerce may follow the flag. Our merchant marine will grow and multiply our trade under the guarantee of such guns as Dewey and Sampson handle. We shall open the Nicaraguan canal and guard it as England does that of Suez. Our manufacturers will find markets from Japan and Hawaii to Tierra del Fuego. We shall assert an interest in the trade of Asia and Africa and South America and make it good by the quality and value of our products, with our sailors to insure fair play and no favor. It is too late now to hesitate.—Florida Times-Union.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

HEART RESCUE IN 30 MINUTES.—after momentarily expecting for years that death might snap the vital cord at any minute. This is the story thousands could tell and have told of the almost Divine formula, Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. Every day chronicles the taking way of many who have not heeded nature's warnings that the heart was tired out and needed the helping that this wonderful cure gives. Heart disorders are insidious. Don't trifle. This great remedy attacks the disease instantly.—41.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., Central and Merrimack streets, and by C. E. Carter, Branch and Smith streets.

May 24.

Days when cash seems scarce are the days we hustle most for business. Cash seems scarce these days. We seem to think even more so than the facts warrant. Lots of the very men who draw the same pay or more than they did two years ago, have joined in the cry of hard times. No reason why they should—but the thing is epidemic—it seems to be the fashion to talk war and hard times. Hustle around and don't talk so much of war till Uncle Sam wants you, then go and talk war and make war. We hustle for business by offering more bargains and better values when trade is quiet. We have a great all wool suit today for $5, still better suits at $9, $10 and $12.

O'Hearn & Dowd

OLD POST OFFICE.

# AT CAMP DEWEY

## Drilling is Still in Progress Daily.

GOV. WOLCOTT APPRECIATES HONORS TO SIXTH

### By Mayor and People of Baltimore.

South Framingham, Mass., May 24.—The members of the Ninth regiment had the camp all to themselves Monday afternoon, there being very few visitors present, which was all the better for the men, as the time was spent in drill. The regiment came out at 5 o'clock for dress parade and review with Major Grady of the Second battalion in command. The march showed much improvement as the result of steady drill on the part of the regiment. After the review the regiment formed in three sides of a square, each battalion forming a side, and Chaplain Murphy held a short service of prayer. Father Murphy started in yesterday to perform the regular duties of chaplain of the regiment, having taken leave of his parish at Saxonville.

EXCHANGE OF GREETINGS.

Boston, May 24.—Governor Wolcott was highly pleased at the reception accorded the Sixth Massachusetts by the citizens of Baltimore Saturday, and sent this telegram to Mayor Malster of that city: "The commonwealth of Massachusetts is profoundly touched by the brotherly and enthusiastic welcome extended by the mayor and citizens of Baltimore to the Sixth Massachusetts, U. S. V. In the name of the commonwealth I beg you to accept her grateful thanks."

In reply the governor has received the following from Mayor Malster: "The people of Baltimore city accept through you for Massachusetts the kind words contained in your dispatch to me. I trust no event in the future will occur to lessen the high regard and friendship now entertained by the citizens of Massachusetts and Maryland for each other. The brotherly heartthrobs of Massachusetts reverberate in the hearts of the true sons of Maryland. I extend to you the heartfelt thanks of the citizens of Baltimore for your kind expressions."

## BOSTON MATTERS.

A HUNDRED ACRES FOR FORTS ON DEER ISLAND.

Boston, May 24.—Robert Treat Paine, Jr., has opened a recruiting office in this city for the purpose of forming one of the provisional companies called for by the governor to take the place of the men that have entered the national service as volunteers.

Spring flowers in profusion, and the American colors adorned the pulpit of the Second church yesterday afternoon, where the annual meeting of the National alliance was held. This organization is composed of Unitarian and other christian women, and exerts a wide influence in church work.

Lieutenant Commander Sturdy, executive officer of the receiving ship Wabash, stationed at the Charleston navy yard, has received orders detaching him from that position and ordering him to sea duty.

The war department has notified Mayor Quincy that it will need 100 acres additional on Deer Island for fortifications. By taking this land the farm connected with the city's corrective institution will be lost, thereby depriving the city of revenue in raising vegetables for the inmates.

Monday afternoon the exceptions in the Bean trial were placed on file in the United States circuit court. They are quite numerous and cover almost the entire ground traversed during the trial. The challenge to the array, which was argued at the very opening of the trial, and before the jurors were drawn, is also a prominent feature in the reasons assigned why a new trial ought to be granted.

At the 42nd annual meeting of the American Congregational association the report of the treasurer showed a balance of $70,694.25. The following officers were elected: President, Samuel Johnson of Boston; vice presidents, Charles G. Burr of Auburndale and E. W. Batchford of Chicago; treasurer, Augustus S. Levett of Roxbury; corresponding and recording secretary, Rev. Joshua Colt of Winchester; auditor, Alonzo C. Tenny of Chelsea.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

First class job printing done at this office.

Gambling IN Paint

Dealers who recommend mixtures of clay and whiting as pure paint, do so either from ignorance, insincerity or (worst of all) chance. This sort of gambling is a losing game for the purchaser.

Harrisons'

TOWN AND COUNTRY Ready Mixed Paints

satisfy the discriminating dealer because they are guaranteed by the House of Harrison to contain nothing but white lead, zinc white, pure linseed oil and the necessary coloring, and their application proves this guarantee to the discriminating purchaser. Harrison Bros. & Co. Philadelphia, Chicago, New York. Agents have the signed "X" window sign.

C. B. COBURN & CO., Agents.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of The Associated Press.
Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

ANY TWO—

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers published in Lowell. It is the best and cheapest advertising medium in the city.

The real cost of advertising is not the price per inch, but the price per inch per thousand papers.

See The Point?

Was it Spanish burglars who broke into Senator Mason's residence and stole his valuables?

The board of health is still disorganized. Two out and one in, and yet one seems to be a majority.

Our street sprinklers are great artists. They flood the streets so that they remain wet throughout the day, especially in the numerous streets, where dangerous hollows and trenches abound.

The death of Edward Bellamy removes another reform writer, much of the Henry George type, but not so able or so brilliant. His book, "Looking Backward," met great success, probably as much as did Henry George's "Progress and Poverty," although not nearly so pretentious.

It is time that the controversy over the assessors' department was settled, as to continue it much longer will seriously affect the business of the department and cause a loss to the city. Thus far the only result obtained by the investigation is to demoralize the system and harass the members of the board.

It is reported that an alliance between France and Spain is being negotiated by those two countries. We do not believe that France is so indiscreet as to espouse the cause of a bankrupt and defeated nation. To do so would only be to assume the burdens of Spain which are heavy and will remain so. When the indemnity of the present war shall have been added to these burdens France will probably not relish the idea of endorsing Spain's promissory note.

The New Bedford strike has been declared off by the leaders who had charge of it, and the general verdict now that the strike is completely over, is that although the operatives had to return to work without overcoming the reduction in wages, yet there has never been a strike in New England mills that will be more keenly remembered by the men of the Arkwright club. It struck them severely and in future they will not be so ready to cut down wages. The condition of the operatives in New England has reached a point at which they must fight if they wish to obtain fair wages or even the means of earning a bare subsistence.

If Cervera eludes his pursuers and shows that he will not fight why would it not be the best course for the United States' fleet to open fire upon Morro Castle and level the fort at Havana. That work, it seems has been unnecessarily delayed. If Havana were attacked surely Cervera would show up with his fleet. Our ships, so far as we can judge from the reports of continuous cannonading are having a good deal of target practice at sea. Why not practice in hitting these forts at Havana that must be finally destroyed.

The republican press of the country, as well as the mugwumps, have raised a howl against Mayor Van Wyck of New York for making some changes in the police commissioners to suit his own views or preferences. He is responsible for the work of the board and has a right to his own choice in those he shall retain and those he shall discharge. He has appointed a republican to take the place of another republican, and will appoint a chief of police of his own selection. This is too much to be tolerated from a democratic mayor. The mugwumps and republicans are shrieking their protests but Van Wyck is doing just what he promised to do and the police authorities will do their duty or "get."

The legislature, it appears, is determined to send a delegation of forty members to the Omaha exposition. Just at the present time, while a war is in progress and while distress prevails very generally throughout the state, it might be supposed that the legislators entrusted with the care of the people's interests would make some show of economy. On the contrary they seem to be getting more reckless than ever in their extravagance in the passage of bills that will serve only to burden the statute book and confuse the people.

Fall River, in common with other cities, has tried the effect of reducing wages, but finding that did not relieve the depression in the textile industry, the mill owners have now undertaken to experiment with curtailment of production. The mills will be shut down for a lengthy period, perhaps for a large portion of the summer. It was intended in the first place that this was the proper step to take when the Arkwright club ordered a cut down of wages, but so long as there was any chance of an improvement at the expense of the operatives, the Arkwright club was not likely to lose it. The wages are still reduced and the textile industry still depressed. If the mills would restore the wages of the operatives the curtailment of production might help matters very considerably. The people would have more money to buy what they want and the mills would get rid of some of their surplus stock.

The Carpet mills are among those which have been curtailing production. They have been curtailing for the past couple of years, and if they keep on they might as well close altogether. It is difficult to see why they are building new mills and keeping the old ones idle.

## CRISP GOSSIP.

Admiral Cervera must have studied Charlie Mitchell's pugilistic methods. Old prize fighters remember well his running away tactics while in the ring.

At a prominent wedding the other day the contracting parties marched to the strain of Uncle Sam's wedding march, "Yankee Doodle." How patriotic.

Someone in Speaker Reed's presence asked how it was that such a cold, phlegmatic and conservative man as Senator Proctor of Vermont was so anxious for war. "Probably because he is a wholesale dealer in tombstones," was the Maine man's reply. When Proctor heard of this a few minutes later, he said: "I suppose, then, that Reed is opposed to war, because he is adjuster for several large life insurance companies."

The Dewey dress is the latest thing. It's a Manila wrapper.

Dear Mr. Editor—I am onley ate yers old. I writed a peace of poertry what is bear. How was it. Willie.

MY POERTRY.

I WANt to beE a anjel
with a Pare of wings two fli
so's I Kan e jim dugan
from way up in the ski.
an when I C jim dugan
I'll throw things down on him
for he liked me at recess
an then I kan lik jim.

Willie's sentiment is great. With proper cultivation Willie will be a good man in a setup. He should be trained in the manly art of self-defence and taught to mix drinks. Brockton Enterprise.

Land of garlic and tortillas,
Land of xeheca and mantillas,
Land of mules and smuggled bitters,
Land of raisins and of ritters,
Land of Pedro and of Sancho,
Land of Weyler and of Blanco,
Land of bull fights and pesetas,
Land of dusky senoritas.
Land of manners stiff and haughty,
Land of Isabella naughty,
Land of Bobbili and Hamil,
Don't you hear your Uncle Sam'l?
"Git!"

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## WON ITS SUIT.

### QUINSIGAMOND FIRE COMPANY OF HOPKINTON WILL RECEIVE THE FIRST PRIZE.

The Quinsigamond Fire company of Hopkinton, Mass., has recovered a verdice of $460 in the common pleas court in Providence against the Rhode Island State Fair association. The company sued for the value of the first prize at a hand engine contest at the Rhode Island State fair. The company claimed that it made the longest throw and was wrongfully debarred. The State Fair association claimed that the rules of the contest expressly prohibited the use of plugs, which are very liable to burst hose and that the company was warned not to use them.

Fall River was represented in the contest, and because of the fact that the Quinsigamond company and a Lynn company were debarred for using the plugs, won fourth place. The prize was $50, in addition to a silk banner. A suitable trophy was offered with cash money prize, but all of the trophies were withheld when suit was entered by the dissatisfied company. The money was paid over promptly in each case. The companies will be allowed to keep the money, it is supposed, but the trophies will be awarded according to the change in the standing made by the verdict. Fall River will not get the banner unless unlooked-for action is taken by the Fair association.

## A VETERAN'S GRAVE.

Miss Maggie Cline, the well known songstress, who visited Haverhill to attend the funeral of her sister, Mrs. John J. Sullivan, placed a handsome silk flag yesterday on the grave of her father, Patrick Cline. Mr. Cline was a member of Co. F, 1st Massachusetts heavy artillery and was one of the old residents of that city.

Fine job printing done at this office.

DR. WILLIAMS'
PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic. Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.
DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.
25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

# THE ARENA OF POLITICS

## RULE OF COMMON SENSE

### William J. Bryan Applies It to the Money Question.

### FAVORS INDEPENDENT ACTION.

**Useless to Look to Europe For International Bimetallism—Financiers Don't Want to Lose a Good Thing—What the United States Should Do.**

Now let us apply the rule of common sense to this question of international bimetallism. Suppose you say to those in foreign lands that while you desire relief from the gold standard you will maintain the gold standard until they come to your relief. Suppose, for instance, our commission goes to Europe, gathers together the financiers and says to them:

"Gentlemen, the American people have suffered from the gold standard. Prices have been falling. They want bimetallism restored, and we, the members of the commission, come over to ask your financiers to help us restore bimetallism. We know that what we have lost you have gained. We know that while prices have been falling with us your dollars have increased in value, but we come and ask you to join in with us in restoring a system that will stop you making so much and stop us losing so much. But before you join us we want to tell you that while we want you to help us restore bimetallism, while we invite you to hurt yourself and help us, we want you to understand that if you would rather go on profiting at our expense, if you would rather continue to reap larger and larger dollars while we suffer from lower and lower prices, if you still insist on securing this advantage over us, we come to notify you that the American people will stand by you while the world lasts and rejoice with you."

Now, do you call that common sense applied to a question such as that? Would a man do that in his private business? If you wanted to form a partnership, would you go to some man who had been making money while you had been losing and say: "Let us join together. You have been making money. I have been losing. Let us join together. You won't make so much money, but I will make more. Let us go into partnership."

You wouldn't do it. You know that no simple partnership can be formed in any city or village except upon the theory that the partnership is to be beneficial to all the members of the partnership. The idea of going to the financiers of the old world, who have wanted the gold standard because of the advantage it gave them—those who have insisted upon the gold standard because it increased the value of their business—going to them and asking them please to come to us and help us change the system, and then promise them if they just refuse to help us we will stand by them and make the system more profitable to them in the future than it has been in the past!

That is one plan. Our plan is different. Those who believe in independent bimetallism believe that independent bimetallism will bring about international bimetallism. And I will tell you why. Because, according to our idea, we won't send commissioners abroad to ask what the United States can do. Our plan is to send a representative when we send it at all to tell what the United States is going to do. And there is a good deal of difference between announcing what the United States is going to do and asking what it may do. The difference is the difference between this country just before the Revolution and just afterward. W. J. BRYAN.

## IS HE THE SAME GAGE?

**A Great Change Has Taken Place Since This Good Man Went to Washington.**

The vicar of Bray is but a type of the large class of human beings that quickly shift their views to square with their interests. Our distinguished fellow townsman, L. J. Gage, was once upon a time a hearty free trader. He became the apologist and defender of commercial restrictions when he secured a position in a protectionist cabinet. He left Chicago a sturdy defender of the merit system, which of late has been driving his coach and four for accommodation of spoilsmen. He went to Washington an apostle of peace. He was a director of the Universal Peace association. He wouldn't swagger with a Barbary hen if she ruffled her feathers in any show of resistance. He hasn't personally gone to war—catch him—but he's signing checks for ships and guns and the payment of volunteers.

He became secretary of the treasury as the special representative of the interests demanding the more effective establishment of the gold standard, for which, if he was not willing to die, he was at least ready to dare at prandial entertainments the danger of dyspepsia, and now, before a hostile word is said, he exclaims that a coin bond will fully meet the situation. Bless thee, Gage, thou art translated! From free trade to protectionist! From merit law defender to spoilsman! From a Quaker to Bombastes Furioso, wondering why his colleague, Alger, is so tame! From the uncompromising gold standard advocate to a financial trimmer! Is the Gage who nimbly capers to the pleasings of the McKinley lute the Lyman J. who used to preach wisdom and political morality in Chicago?—Chicago Chronicle.

**"Owned In England."**

This paper will not recede from its often reiterated charge that nearly all of the big daily papers in our larger cities are owned in England. Not a single one of these papers dares engage us on this question. The liberties of the American people are being sold through the agency of the Britishized press.—Editor National Democrat.

## PROF. WALCOTT

### THE INTREPID PARACHUTE JUMPER ARRIVES IN HAVERHILL.

Prof. Charles Walcott, who made so many balloon ascensions at Lakeview and also met with a horrible accident in Venezuela, the particulars of which will be remembered by Lowell people, has arrived at his home in Haverhill, where he will remain for a brief period. He is looking splendidly and appears to be enjoying the best of health. The professor is under contract for the season to a land company and will appear throughout New England. He is still obliged to go on crutches, but expects to eventually recover the use of his lower limbs. Concerning his recent operation at St. Luke's hospital, in New York city which created so much interest in medical circles, the professor states that the physicians refused at first to admit him, claiming they were maintaining a hospital and not a morgue. They were astonished to learn that the accident had occurred six months previous to the arrival in the hospital. He lay in the hospital eight months before an operation was performed. He is now able to move his legs and only feels a slight pain when trying to use his feet. The professor will be able to travel and fill all of his engagements this summer.

Private Stock Blackberry Cordial is the beverage par excellence for tonic and invigorating purposes. The pure and unadulterated combination of berry juice, brandy and rock candy syrup.
Sold in bulk at $3.00 per gallon; per bottle 75c. Only to be found at
JOHN M. PEVEY'S,
55-57 MIDDLE STREET.
Tel. 462-3.

DR. PEFFER'S
ROYAL-TANSY PILLS.

NEW DISCOVERY. NEVER FAILS.
A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, scanty, or painful menstruation. Now used by over 50,000 LADIES. Invigorates these organs. BEWARE OF DANGEROUS IMITATIONS. $2 per box, small box $1. Prepaid in plain wrapper. Send to ladies for particulars. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN. Chicago, Ill.
Sold by Ellingwood & Co. Cor. Central and Merrimack streets.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

MANLY VIGOR
Marital Strength, Vitality, Manhood, Given to weak, impotent men, by using the old DR. HALLOCK Wonderful Electric Pills. Complete despondency and mental foreboding disappear at once. The effect of these Pills are felt in a few days by the delicate organism of men. The whole body responds with a glow of health. The mind becomes more active than ever. Flabby nerves give way to nerves of steel. Manly vigor restored in men who have spun out the thread of life too fast, or been guilty of youthful indiscretions. Drains and night losses stop at once.
MEN ABOUT TO MARRY
Should take a few boxes of these famous Pills and thus fortify themselves and strengthen their nerves. The Pills are carefully COMPOUNDED and are so constructed that they "hit the mark every time," and yet will not harm the most delicate organism. We have employed the Pills in our private practice for over 40 years and always with successful results. Age no barrier.
A package of Pills, together with Medical Book and special directions sent sealed, on receipt of $1.
Our Institute was founded in 1848. As to our reliability and professional standing, we refer to any of the Boston papers, banks or express companies. WE ARE THE OLDEST INSTITUTION OF ITS KIND IN THE WORLD.
Consultation may be had and advice given free of charge by the greatest living experts and specialists on Men's Diseases.
BOOK FOR MEN FREE
Our grand Medical Book, "A Private Conversation With Men," and a list of questions sent (sealed) for the asking. Book describes sexual anatomy of men, and tells about men's diseases in plain language. You will be a better man for reading this book. It is almost inspired, written by the old Doctor himself. Send for it today—now, for you may not see this advertisement again. HALLOCK'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 110 Court Street, Boston, Mass.

## Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, SS.

PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs at law, next of kin, creditors and all other persons interested in the estate of CLARENCE S. MORSE, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased, Intestate.

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased to GEORGE E. SOMERS of Lowell, in said County, or to some other suitable person.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge in said County of Middlesex, on the seventh day of June, A. D., 1898, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this seventeenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety eight.

S. H. FOLSOM, Register.

TO RENT—Two new Cottage Houses at Willow Dale, on Bowers' Avenue

DONOVAN & MANSUR
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

Be in the Battle
Call for One of Our Nice
AMERICAN FLAG PINS
J. A. Legault & Co.
Jewelers, Watchmakers and Opticians.
76 Central, Cor. Prescott St.

Now Will You Fight Those
Headaches
DR. KINGFORD'S
Headache Powders
have cured when others fail. If you take one of Dr. Kingford's Headache Powders when you feel a headache coming on you need not fear.
Be sure you get Dr. Kingford's for they are the best.
FOR SALE AT
GOODALE'S
DRUG STORE,
217 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $18; his $25 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
JNO. H. BURKE.
JAS. CALNIN & CO.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
DOLAN & CONNORS.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
TURCOTTE & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO.
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO.
DANIEL MURPHY.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)

GATELY & PEARSON
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents Obtained. Patent law a specialty.
44 HILDRETH BUILDING.

"Sawyer!
SAWYER!" Shouted the trainmen, as the Missouri Pacific cars emerged from the tunnel at the Sawyer Mountain station.
"DON'T CARE IF YOU DID!"
Exclaimed the man who sat with the blushing lady with a hat askew;
"SHE'S MY WIFE"
Lowell citizens when they hear anyone say "SAWYER," immediately think of the superior carriage repairing and first class vehicles put up and put out by the SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY.
HAVE YOUR REPAIRS ATTENDED TO
This Week

DON'T STOP TO THINK
BUT RUSH TO THE
CENTRAL
CASH MARKET
Lower Prices on Beef.
Best Round, 2 lbs. 25c.
Best Top Round, 15c.
Best Rump and Sirloin 18 to 22c.
Pea Beans, 5c qt.
2 doz. Fresh Eggs, 25c.
100 Fresh Eggs, $1.00
8 lbs. Pork Steak, 25c.
The Bargain Makers in the Beef Business, cor.
CENTRAL AND CHARLES STS.

Toothache!
It don't make any difference what shape your tooth is in, if it is aching, call at 177 Middlesex street, and have it stopped forever. Wm. H. Goldspring can, by placing his finger upon any aching tooth, stop the pain instantly and forever. Do not suffer with toothache but call and see him.
He will treat patients without charge. If satisfied with his treatment, pay what you choose. Office hours from 5 a. m. to 10 p. m.
177 Middlesex St., Room 1.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

You Have Struck the Right Place
When You Have Found
Peter Watson's
CELEBRATED BAKERIES
For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at
52 to 60 CHARLES ST.
and 405 LAWRENCE ST.
If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker AND Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 614-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

BUY YOUR
Men's, Boys', Ladies' Clothing
ON CREDIT.
At cash prices, of the popular CENTRAL SUPPLY CO., 117 Merrimack street, opp. Chris. Holmes. OPEN EVENINGS.

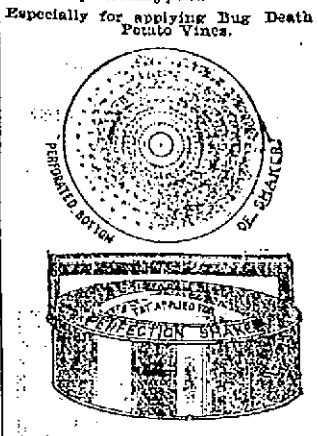
Take My Advice and Call on the
Eagle Clothing Co.
We carry the largest stock of Ladies' and Gents' Garments in this city. Our prices are the lowest. THE EAGLE CREDIT HOUSE, 190-192 Middlesex St.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHTS
11 Middlesex Street.

SAM SMITH'S
is the place to bring your Boots and Shoes for repairing. Best work. Best leather and lowest prices in the city. Men's Boots, tap and heel, 85c.; Ladies' 85c.; Children's, 50c. Call
111 MARKET STREET.
(Opposite Carpet.)

OLD WASHINGTON TAVERN
This old hostelery has been refitted and furnished and is up-to-date in every particular. The best menu of any hotel in the city. Special rates to theatrical and commercial men. Best wines and liquors, everything first class. Our 50c. course dinner a specialty.
Washington Tavern
CENTRAL & CHURCH STS.
JOHN J. REGAN, Proprietor.

VASES
AND
BOUQUET HOLDERS
LAWN MOWERS,
Rakes, Shears and Dressing.
FLOWER SEEDS,
Grass Seed, Garden Seeds
CATALOGUES FREE.
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

BUG DEATH
Is a non-poisonous powder that effectually takes the place of Paris Green and other dangerous insect powders when used as directed.
It is sure death to the Potato, Squash and Cucumber Bugs, Currant and Tomato Worms also other plant-eating pests.
Especially for applying Bug Death to Potato Vines.


C. B. Coburn & Co.
83-87 Market Street.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President. JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. B. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Gunnuck, George S. Hatley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 0.63 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 500 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery.
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

FOOT CARE.
Is seldom if ever given a thought by the majority of people, and yet, how essential is their care to one's happiness. Our shoes have been selected from the leading manufacturers whose reputation for correct fitting and thorough workmanship are of the best. This together with the care we take in fitting the feet will assure you against ill fitting Shoes.
Ladies' Kid, button and lace, in cloth or kid tops, tan or black kid, $3 a pair.
Young Men's Vici Lace Shoes, $2 a pair.
Misses' R. F. H. Lace Tan Shoes, $1 pair.
J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON STREET.

Spring Cleansing
Blankets, Gent's Spring Overcoats, Ladies' Spring Sacks Cleansed or Dyed.
Bay State Dye House
54 PRESCOTT STREET.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
137 Central St., opp. American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block.
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,
49 John street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE,
Room 16 Hildreth Building.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 373 Bridge Street,
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

LOWELL HIGH GRADE
FERTILIZERS
Lowest in Price,
Highest in Standard.
FOR SALE BY
E. N. Wood & Co.,
79-83 Market St., Lowell, Mass.

PIANO BUYERS
Should call at ESTEY parlors. Manufacture and sell at factory prices. Easiest terms. Lowell, Pianos all grades and prices.
145 Merrimack Street.

# THE SUN LATEST! 6 O'CLOCK

## SPAIN'S FLEET DESTROYED

### So Says a London Despatch as Yet Unconfirmed.

### The Navy Officials Have Heard Nothing From Sampson or Schley — Cervera's Fleet Has Left Santiago De Cuba--Other Despatches.

Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.

LONDON, MAY 23.—PERSISTENT RUMORS WERE IN CIRCULATION HERE TODAY TO THE EFFECT THAT A GREAT NAVAL BATTLE HAD BEEN FOUGHT IN THE VICINITY OF THE WINDWARD PASSAGE, BETWEEN THE EASTERN END OF CUBA AND THE WESTERN PART OF HAYTI, IN WHICH THE AMERICAN SQUADRON CLOSED IN UPON THE SPANISH CAPE VERDE SQUADRON, COMMANDED BY ADMIRAL CERVERA AND COMPLETELY DESTROYED THE SPANISH SHIPS.

A DESPATCH FROM KINGSTON, JAMAICA, TO REUTER'S TELEGRAM COMPANY YESTERDAY EVENING, SAID NOTHING WAS KNOWN THERE OF THE REPORTED BATTLE IN THE WINDWARD PASSAGE, ADDING THAT NO AMERICAN OR SPANISH WARSHIPS HAVE VISITED JAMAICAN PORTS SINCE THE BEGINNING OF THE WAR.

THE LONDON NEWSPAPERS TAKE IT FOR GRANTED THAT THE SHIPS REPORTED YESTERDAY BY LLOYD'S AGENTS AT PARA, BRAZIL, AS HAVING ARRIVED THERE AT 9 O'CLOCK ON MONDAY MORNING FROM RIO JANEIRO, ARE THE OREGON, THE MARIETTA AND THE NICTHEROY.

### OFFICIAL DENIAL MADE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, MAY 24.—IT IS STATED AT THE NAVY DEPARTMENT THAT NO NEWS HAS BEEN RECEIVED HERE OF AN ENGAGEMENT BETWEEN THE FLEETS AND THAT NO NEWS HAS BEEN RECEIVED OF THE ARRIVAL OF THE OREGON AT KEY WEST.

### SPAIN'S TACTICS CHANGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, MAY 24.—A SPECIAL DESPATCH FROM MADRID TODAY SAYS: "EVIDENTLY THE PROGRAM IN REGARD TO THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS HAS BEEN CHANGED. IT IS BELIEVED HERE THAT THERE WILL BE NO IMMEDIATE ENGAGEMENT IN CUBAN WATERS, BUT THAT ADMIRAL CERVERA WILL DRAW OFF THE ENEMY WHILE THE CADIZ FLEET RELIEVES HAVANA.

### CERVERA AT SANTIAGO?

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 24.—A KEY WEST CORRESPONDENT TELEGRAPHS THAT HE HAS INFORMATION FROM AN UNIMPEACHABLE AUTHORITY THAT THE SPANISH FLEET IS STILL AT SANTIAGO.

### HAS LEFT SANTIAGO.

(Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.)

PORT AU PRINCE, HAYTI, MAY 24.—ACCORDING TO CURRENT RUMOR HERE, THE SPANISH CAPE VERDE SQUADRON, COMMANDED BY ADMIRAL CERVERA, WHICH ARRIVED RECENTLY AT SANTIAGO DE CUBA, SUBSEQUENTLY SAILED FROM THAT PORT, DESTINATION UNKNOWN.

### WE WILL HAVE CUBA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, MAY 24.—"WITH REGARD TO THE INVASION OF CUBA," SAID MAJOR GENERAL MILES TODAY, "I HAVE NOTHING TO SAY EXCEPT THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL IN DUE TIME BRING CUBA UNDER ITS CONTROL BY JUDICIOUS METHODS AND WITHOUT A USELESS WASTE OF LIFE. THE UNITED STATES IS TOO GREAT, TOO STRONG AND TOO POWERFUL TO COMMIT ANY FOOLISH ACTION IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROPOSED INVASION. AS FOR MYSELF, I HAVE ONLY TO SAY THAT NO OFFICER IS FIT TO COMMAND TROOPS WHO, FROM ANY MOTIVE WHATEVER, WOULD NEEDLESSLY RISK THE LIFE OF A SINGLE SOLDIER EITHER FROM DISEASE OR THE BULLETS OF THE ENEMY."

### IS THE MANGROVE CAPTURED?

KEY WEST, FLA., MAY 23.—THIS TOWN IS ALL AGOG OVER A STORY OF OUR FIRST NAVAL DISASTER. THE REPORT GOES FROM MOUTH TO MOUTH THAT THE MANGROVE HAS BEEN CAPTURED BY THE SPANIARDS.

THE WILDEST STORIES RUN. IT WAS SAID THAT THE LITTLE LIGHTHOUSE TENDER'S ENTIRE COMPLEMENT OF OFFICERS AND MEN HAD BEEN BUTCHERED. THEN THIS WAS MODIFIED TO THE EXTENT OF SAYING THAT THEY HAD BEEN TAKEN TO SANTIAGO DE CUBA.

EVERYBODY WAS FILLED WITH FEAR FOR THE WORST. THE NAVAL STATION HERE WOULD NOT VERIFY THE STORY, BUT THOSE IN CHARGE WERE EVIDENTLY UNEASY ABOUT IT.

### MONTEJO WILL BE COURTMARTIALED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 24.—A DESPATCH FROM MANILA ASSERTS THAT ADMIRAL MONTEJO, COMMANDER OF THE SPANISH SQUADRON DESTROYED BY ADMIRAL DEWEY, IS TO BE COURT-MARTIALED ON THE CHARGE OF COWARDICE. THIS DESPATCH ALSO ALLEGES THAT THE CAPTAIN OF THE SPANISH REVENUE CUTTER CALLAO, MORE RECENTLY CAPTURED BY A BOAT OF THE UNITED STATES FLET AS SHE WAS ENTERING MANILA BAY, IS TO BE SHOT FOR NOT RETURNING THE FIRE OF THE AMERICANS.

## CUT HIS THROAT

### Officer Breen Prevents a Case of Suicide.

FIERCE STRUGGLE WITH JOHN McKIERNAN.

**The Latter Armed With a Sharp Razor.**

Had it not been for the prompt and fearless efforts of Patrolman Dennis J. Breen, this afternoon, John McKiernan of Salem street would now be a dead man and a suicide, for McKiernan in a fit of mental aberration, the result of a spree, attempted to sever his jugular vein with a razor taken from a barber bench and was subdued by the officer only after a fierce struggle.

McKiernan is about 25 years of age and a fine specimen of physical manhood, possessed of great strength. He has always been regarded as a sober, industrious and peaceful citizen. Recently the body of his missing brother was found in Hale's brook and shortly after that he lost his employment, the two combining, it is said, to start him on a spree.

Shortly after the noon hour today he visited a barber shop on Broadway and sat with four or five others to await his turn in the chair. Among those waiting for their turn was Officer Breen, in citizen's clothes.

McKiernan had been in the shop but a short time when suddenly he arose and with a wild expression on his face remarked:

"Well, I ain't going to have them talk about me any more. I never harmed anyone yet, yet they talk about me."

While speaking he walked to the barber's bench and took up one of the razors, opening it.

The sight of the wild-appearing McKeana and the open razor frightened all but Officer Breen, and they quickly got out in the street.

Officer Breen rushed on McKiernan and the latter made a vicious cut across his neck, directly under the right ear. Officer Breen quickly caught his arm and the blade was turned in its course, inflicting only a flesh wound, two inches long and rather deep, but not serious.

McKiernan struggled hard to again slash himself, threatening to cut the officer if he did not let him go.

Then a short but fierce scuffle ensued, in which Officer Breen succeeded in closing the weapon which, however, he could not wrest from McKiernan's strong grasp.

Even after the razor had been closed McKiernan drew it across his throat again, but in a few minutes he was completely overpowered and was taken to a neighboring patrol box by Officer Breen.

At the police station McKiernan came to his senses and upon realizing what he had one was deeply repentant.

He was attended by Dr. Burnham, who afterward sent him to St. John's hospital in the ambulance.

## TO GO TO MANILA

### Steps for Organization of Philippine Forces.

CALIFORNIA TROOPS TRANSFERRED TO GEN. OTIS.

**The General and Staff in Camp.**

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, May 24.—An order has been issued by General Merriam, commanding the Department of California, transferring all troops now here with the exception of the Third Artillery, Fourth Cavalry, and the First Washington Volunteers, to General Otis's command. This is the preliminary step in the thorough organization of the force destined for the Philippines.

General Otis and his staff are now actively engaged in arranging for the work and within a day or two his headquarters will be moved from the Phelan building to Camp Richmond. The general and his staff will go into camp with the troops. The men will be thoroughly drilled before their departure for the Philippines.

MORE ENLISTMENTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Salt Lake, Utah, May 24.—Lieut. Dashiel at Fort Douglas has been authorized from Washington to enlist 200 men for the Fourteenth Infantry, now about to start for Manila.

The Fort Douglas authorities have also received word to muster in immediately fifty men for the Fourth Cavalry, U.S.A., now stationed at the Presidio, San Francisco.

CAVALRY TO CAMP.

At a squad drill of Troop F in North Chelmsford last night, Capt. Shaw read an order from Gen. Dalton to the effect that the troop would go into camp June 17. The order did not state whether the ground was to be Camp Dewey or Boxford, but it is possible that this will be known at the next meeting, Thursday night of this week, in Chelmsford Centre.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

## BRYAN WITHDREW

### From Contest for a Captain's Position

IN THE MILITIA RECRUITED BY HIM.

**Could Have Been Chosen if He Wished.**

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lincoln, Neb., May 24.—The election of company officers of the new militia company recruited by Wm. J. Bryan, was held last night. Mr. Bryan's friends had made a canvas in his behalf for the captaincy and he was placed in nomination, but withdrew when it was seen that others desired the place. H. G. Whitmore was elected. Members of the company say Mr. Bryan could have been elected, but anything short of an unanimous vote would have been distasteful to him. The election was held behind closed doors and occasioned very keen interest.

"ABBOTT GRAYS."

HELD ANNUAL RE-UNION LAST EVENING.

The fifteenth annual reunion of the "Abbott Grays," as the veterans of Company A, Second Mass. Infantry, were known, took place at the American house this evening. The members present were Richard Pendergast, William Lee, Silas H. Jaques, Col. James Francis, Samuel A. Pickering, all of Lowell, and Dexter Butterfield, Dunstable; W. T. McAlpine, Lawrence, N. H.; Mr. Comey, Lynn; N. D. Foster, Somerville; W. F. Buxton, Lawrence, L. O. Ferson, Dysart, Iowa; Theophilus D. Pickering, Rochester, N. H.; and W. Miles, Lisbon Me.

The business meeting came first and the election of officers resulted in the election of Dexter Butterfield of Dunstable for president; Col. Francis and Mr. Pendergast for vice presidents; and W. T. McAlpine secretary and treasurer.

BICYCLISTS VS. RUNNERS

Y. M. C. A. ARRANGING A RELAY RACE BETWEEN BOSTON AND LOWELL.

Arrangements are being made at the Y. M. C. A., Boston, for a bicycle-running relay race between Boston and Lowell, to take place next Saturday afternoon.

Last night three of the runners, Fet, Emerson, and Starkey, had a trial run from Copley Square to Cottage Farm bridge, excellent time being made. The other runners who will make up the relay of five men are Clark of Lowell and Mersher of Boston.

The bicycle riders are Jones of Quincy, Chase and McFarland of Lowell, Cummings and Bohn of Boston.

The bicycle riders will start from Copley Square at 3 p. m., Saturday, the relays being made every ten miles. They are do ride from Boston to Lowell and return, while the runners are to cover the distance between Lowell and Boston in relays every five miles.

The bicyclists will cover all-told 50 miles, giving the runners a 25-mile handicap. They will start on their race from a point two miles this side of Lowell and will finish at Copley Square.

WELCH VOLUNTEERS.

WILL JOIN THE PROVISIONAL MILITIA AS A MEANS TO AN END.

Col. John Welch has decided upon a new plan to further the interests of his regiment of volunteers and desires all to attend a meeting in Memorial Hall this evening when he will unfold his project.

Since the decision was given to form a provisional militia, Col. Welch has seen the adjutant general and as a result of the meeting has decided to form his regiment into four companies of provisional militia. These having been formed, he will petition the governor for their acceptance. It will be necessary, too, for him to receive the approval of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. The companies once accepted will be armed, equipped and given use of the armory. It is believed that by so doing, the volunteers will stand in a more favorable light when the next call is made, if it is made. It is with this purpose in view that Col. Welch has decided upon such a step, for it appears to be the only way of attaining the end desired. The meeting will be held at the usual hour.

A $7,000 BLAZE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bristol, Vt., May 24.—A wooden structure containing a large store on the lower floor and tenements in the upper stories, was badly damaged by fire last night. The loss on the block was about $3,000 and the damage sustained by the proprietors of the store about $4,000. The block was insured for $5,000. The loss to the other tenants was not heavy.

HANDLING ARMY MAIL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 24.—The post office department is deluged with letters from persons who wish to obtain appointments in connection with the military post office service at the different camps and headquarters. By an understanding entered into between Postmaster General Smith and First Assistant Postmaster General Heath, however, this service will be supervised entirely by the existing force of the post office department and the active work of collecting and distributing mail matter to the forces in the field will be managed by the officers and enlisted men of the army without additional expense to the government.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, drug[illegible]

# OUR FLEETS CHASING CERVERA

## No News of Their Movement Received Except Through Madrid.

### Some American Ships Fly the Spanish Flag—Terrific Explosion Supposed to be an Earthquake—Recruiting For the Navy Department—Other Despatches.

Washington, May 24.—As the warships are now at sea, there is no expectation of reports until a decisive engagement occurs and a dispatch boat sent to a port, or it is found that Cervera has eluded our search. In the meantime there is a complete lack of official data by which to forecast the coming engagement. A report was current Monday that the battleship Oregon had arrived at Key West, but the department officials entered a general denial that word had been received of any important vessel movements or arrivals.

The dispatches from Madrid giving the sharp debate in the parliament over the alleged flying of the Spanish flag by American warships created much comment in naval circles. Spain's protest to the powers that this use of the flag was cowardly and iniquitous was dismissed with the statement that international law writers agreed on the right to use an enemy's flag for the purpose of deceit so long as the flag was hauled down before a shot is fired. The United States naval regulations make specific provision on this point. The navy department recently issued an edition of Snow's "Naval Precedents," a standard work on naval usage in time of peace and war. In this, the doctrine on the use of an enemy's flag is stated as follows:

"The regulations of the United States navy state that the use of a foreign flag to deceive an enemy is permissible, but that it must be hauled down before a gun is fired, and under no circumstances is an action commenced or an engagement fought without the display of the national ensign." The foreign rule, both by regulation and by the textbook distributed to the navy, is a guide for naval officers. Practically the same rule applies to the use of an enemy's uniform.

The statement made by the Spanish minister of the interior that the government is likely to resort to privateering does not cause any apprehension. One of the highest authorities of the navy department said Spain would adopt privateering if she felt it to be to her interest without waiting for this country to give any pretext for such action. It is felt, however, that Great Britain, Germany and France will have considerable to say in case Spain resorts to the practice. The commerce of these countries would suffer very severely, and the effect would be far more disastrous to these foreign interests than to the shipping of the United States. The influence of Great Britain, Germany and France forced Spain reluctantly to forego privateering, and it is not thought probable that these influences will now consent to have their commerce destroyed.

The announcement by the way of Paris that the Italian government had protested against the continuance of the blockade of the Cuban coast on the ground that it was ineffective, met a prompt denial at the state department, and it can be stated definitely that neither in Washington nor in Rome have any representations on this subject been addressed to the United States government. Italy probably is the maritime power of all others with which the United States has had absolutely no correspondence in the slightest degree connected with the Cuban blockade. As to the allegation that the blockade is ineffective, it is said that on the contrary it has been singularly successful and that, so far as known, not a single neutral ship subject to detention has passed the lines without the expressed consent of our government. The Montserrat, it is true, did enter Cienfuegos harbor before our blockading ships got around to the south side of Cuba and established the blockade, and she did manage to get out at night; but she is a Spanish ship and Spain is perhaps the only nation in the world that has lost the power to enter a protest against a blockade, being a combatant herself. It is only for neutral powers to enter such protests, and none of them has as yet the slightest pretext for such action.

A TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

Key West, May 24.—The officers of one of the cruisers which arrived here yesterday say that while off Cape San Antonio (the western extremity of Cuba), Sunday afternoon, a terrific explosion was heard from the direction of the shore, but apparently many miles away. There was an upheaval of water all about the ship and the cruiser herself vibrated with the shock from stem to stern. Many are inclined to think that the phenomenon was an earthquake. There are no batteries near enough to Cape San Antonio to account for a detonation of such volume; and it is thought that if any naval disaster had occurred news of it would have reached here.

Judge Locke, in the United States district court, heard arguments in three of the most important prize cases, those of the Buena Ventura, Miguel Jover and Catalina. A number of counsel appeared, and it was contended on an extended citation of authorities that all three vessels should be condemned as lawful prizes. Arguments against this contention were made by an array of counsel representing the various interests, including the owners of the vessels and their cargoes. Judge Locke reserved decision.

## IT IS DESPERATE

### The Situation in Manila Is Growing Worse.

SPAIN REFUSES FOOD TO HER VOLUNTEERS.

**The Citizens Fear an Outbreak.**

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, May 24.—A copyrighted despatch from Hong Kong dated May 24, says:

The situation at Manila is desperate. Food is scarce and meat is exhausted while all the canned stuff in nearly gone. Two weeks will exhaust the available supply.

"The Spanish volunteers demanded food, but the Spanish government authorities refused to give it, and riots are threatened. A delegation is said to be preparing to wait on the United States consul, Mr. Wildman, as the citizens fear an outbreak.

The insurgents control the surrounding country and Chief Aguinaldo sent by Consul Wildman from here, has arrived and is organizing the rebels. Foreign residents are moving from Cavite.

Spanish reports say that five hundred were killed and seven hundred wounded in the bombardment by Admiral Dewey. All classes are waiting anxiously the arrival of our troops. There is no sickness on our ships."

RAN ASHORE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chatham, Mass., May 24.—The fishing schooner Leona Doane of Gloucester, on her way from the fishing grounds for home with a good face, ran ashore at Chatham bar at midnight. She was boarded by the Chatham and Old Harbor life saving station crew and also by a wrecking crew from Chatham. It was thought the vessel could be floated at high tide and the work will be undertaken by the wrecking company today.

CHIEF JUSTICE BURIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, N. H., May 24.—The funeral of Chief Justice Carpenter of the New Hampshire Supreme court was held from his residence in this city at noon today. Rev. H. P. Dewey officiated, and there was a very distinguished assemblage of state officials and associates of the late chief justice from the bench and bar. The services were very simple.

HANNA'S YACHT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Portsmouth, N. H., May 24.—The Comanch, Senator Mark Hanna's yacht, arrived at the navy yard just after noon today and was turned over to the government.

Everybody Says So.
Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

First class job printing done at this office.

## BOYCOTT URGED

### Alabama Citizens Opposed to Paris Exposition.

ASK THE GOVERNMENT NOT TO APPROPRIATE MONEY.

**Or Provide for Any Exhibit There.**

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Birmingham, Ala., May 24.—Two years ago, thirty prominent citizens of Birmingham organized a Paris Exposition club, the object of which was to make the trip in a body to the fair at Paris. Yesterday, the club had a meeting and resolved inasmuch as France has shown unfriendly feelings for the United States in its war against Spain, that the club be disbanded and the idea abandoned. The secretary returned to the members $171.

Resolutions were passed, stating inasmuch as the people of France are evincing a decided spirit of animosity toward the United States and of sympathy for the enemy, that loyal Americans should not spend their money in France and that the Exposition should be boycotted.

The resolutions offered opposition to any appropriation of money by the government for an exhibit at the Exposition.

FUNERALS.

NEVINS—The funeral of William Nevins was held this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of his parents on Lagrange street. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery and the bearers were Richard O'Brien, Patrick Kilroy, William Fitzgerald, William Joyce, William Ecleworth and John Hoar, young friends of the deceased.

There were many floral tributes among which were: Pillow, inscribed "Our Chum," from the associates of the deceased; spray, James T. Hennessey; cross, employes of Scripture's laundry; spray of pinks, from cousin; spray of pinks, the Misses Sullivan.

COOKE—The funeral services of William Cooke took place yesterday afternoon at the home of his parents, 55 Varnum street, Rev. W. A. Bartlett officiated and Miss Murphy sang. The remains were interred in the Edson cemetery and the bearers were Arthur Austin, Walter Simmons, Albert Whipple and Carl Munn.

PAIGE—The funeral services of Mrs. Eliza Paige took place yesterday afternoon at the home of her daughter, 320 Chase avenue. Rev. Mr. Leland officiated and the interment was in the Edson cemetery.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, May 24—New England—Partly cloudy weather and possibly showers tonight; probably fair Wednesday; warmer; southwesterly winds.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

## AT CHICKAMAUGA

### Plenty of Provisions Arrived for the Soldiers.

CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENTS ALSO BEING PROVIDED.

**There Are 35,000 Men in Camp.**

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 24.—The work of unloading and storing 49 cars of provisions which arrived yesterday and last night was completed today. Up to today, the quartermaster's department had received $295,000 worth of provisions for the volunteers. The value of the clothing and equipments already received amounts to almost as much. The quartermaster's department is doing remarkably well in its work of caring for the 35,000 men now in camp. The arrivals this morning were the Third Regiment Tennessee Infantry and the First Regiment Vermont Infantry.

SEARCHING FOR MURDERER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, May 24.—The entire police department scented the city and suburbs during the night without success for the murderer of James M. Ellis, the division superintendent of the street cleaning department, who was shot by an irate Italian fruit peddler yesterday afternoon. The murderer is now known to have been Antonio Larprasi and circulars giving his picture and description are being sent out.

It is thought, however, that Larprasi is hiding in the city and the police are confident of his ultimate capture.

GUTTED BY FIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pawtucket, R. I., May 24.—The Blackstone block located at Valley Falls, was practically destroyed by fire this morning at 2 o'clock. It was a wooden structure, occupied on the ground floor by P. J. Gaskin, druggist, and Brown, marketman, and on the upper floors as dwellings. The loss is $15,000. The merchants were insured for nearly their total loss, aggregating about $10,000. The tenants in the upper floors carried no insurance. The block was gutted by fire ten months ago and was rebuilt. It was the property of Edmund Clark.

FOR MEMORIAL TABLET.

There is a movement on foot among the members of the Y.P.S.C.E. to place a memorial tablet to the late Rev. Dr. Court in the church.

MEDICAL TREATMENT ON TRIAL

To Any Reliable Man.

Marvelous appliance and one month's remedies of rare power will be sent on trial, without any advance payment, by the foremost specialists in the world in the treatment of men weak, broken, discouraged from effects of excesses, worry, overwork, &c. Happy marriage secured, complete restoration or development of all robust manhood. The time of this offer is limited. No C. O. D. schemes; no deceptions; no exposures. Address

ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N.Y.

# THE TRIP OF THE MONTEREY

## The Coaling Problem the Chief Difficulty Feared.

## Coal to be Obtained From Hawaii—Plans for Safe Transit to the Pacific—The Manila Expedition Almost Ready.

Washington, May 24.—Naval officials have calculated to their entire satisfaction the possibility of getting the Monterey safely across the Pacific to Admiral Dewey's squadron at Manila. The principal difficulty in making such a trip as this is the small coal capacity of vessels of the Monterey type. She carries normally 200 tons of coal in her bunkers, which at her most economical rate of steaming would take her about 300 miles less than the distance from San Francisco to Honolulu. In an emergency such as now exists it may be possible to store a great deal of coal on the main deck. Being placed in the passageways and open spaces of the superstructure of the vessel, the great beam of the Monterey would permit 190 tons of coal to be carried in addition to that in the bunkers without in the least endangering the stability of the ship, or risking the loss of the coal by being washed overboard. At her economical speed of 190 knots per day this coal would last her 17 days and carry her 3200 knots.

THE MONTEREY.

Owing to the carefully laid plans of the navy department the Monterey will be obliged to make a run of more than 2100 knots without an opportunity to coal. The ship will take a southerly course after leaving Honolulu in company with a steam collier. The South seas are full of islands, as soon as Hawaii has been left 1000 miles behind, and in the sheltered harbors of these it should be very easy for the Monterey to lie alongside her collier and coal through her superstructure. It would not be surprising if one of the harbors chosen for such a transfer was in the Caroline islands, another Spanish possession in the South seas, for by so doing there could be no possible complaint of a breach of neutrality laws on the part of any neutral nation.

From the Carolines to the Philippines the way is easy, and under the program arranged there is no probability of failure in the attempt to get the Monterey safely across the Pacific. If the Monterey proceeded steadily at her economical speed she should reach the Philippines in 31½ days from San Francisco. She will lose several days in coaling en route, but on the other hand she may make up this difference by steaming at greater speed if circumstances favor the easy recoaling of the ship.

The Spanish squadron at Cadiz, which reports from Spain state is going to the Philippines, is capable of higher speed than the Monterey and may not have much difficulty in obtaining the necessary coal to make the trip, so that even though the distance be longer on the eastward trip there are possibilities of a most interesting race by the hostile ships. The naval orders announce the assignment to command the Monterey of Captain Eugene H. Leutz, lately in command of the Alert.

In anticipation of the early occupation of the Philippines, the treasury department has begun the formulation of regulations and a scheme of customs tariffs which will be collected by the military authorities and turned into the treasury of the United States as a "military contribution." That the president has authority to collect the Philippine revenues under existing conditions is not a matter of doubt. It was several times done during the last war with Mexico, and the authority of the government in the premises was sustained by decisions of the United States supreme court. The court, in a case which grew out of the capture and occupation of San Francisco and all the upper part of California by the United States troops, held that the president under the constitution, as the commander-in-chief of the army and navy, had a right to exercise the belligerent right of a conqueror and to impose duties on imports as military contribution for the support of the army. This was the view held by the court in another case where it was also decided that the capture of Tampico, Mex., by the United States forces, though sufficient to cause it to be regarded by other nations as part of our territory, did not make it in fact a part of the United States under our constitution and laws. "It remained," said the court, "a foreign port within the revenue laws of the United States."

Preparations for the expedition to Manila are almost complete. It will be divided as follows:

The City of Peking—The First California volunteers, composed of 49 officers and 953 enlisted men, 10 officers and 71 sailors of the navy, making a total of 59 officers and 1011 men.

The City of Sydney—Thirteen officers and 318 enlisted men of the Oregon volunteers; 9 officers and 300 men of the first company of the Fourteenth United States infantry; one officer and 50 men of the California heavy artillery, and Dr. H. E. McVain, ranking medical officer, making a total of 24 officers and 670 men.

The Australia—The headquarters, staff and band and two battalions of Oregon volunteers, comprising 37 officers and 675 men.

### GOODBYE TO VOLUNTEERS.

San Francisco, May 24.—California said goodbye to her first regiment of volunteers yesterday as they marched forth from the Presidio to start on their long journey to Manila. The farewell demonstration by the people of San Francisco will long be remembered by the soldiers of the First regiment. Every street leading from the Presidio to the Pacific mail dock, a distance of about five miles, was lined with people.

# SHOT AND KILLED

## A Boston Fruit Peddler the Murderer.

### SENT A BULLET THROUGH THE BRAIN

### Of Foreman Ellis of the Street Department.

Boston, May 24.—James M. Ellis, foreman of the west end division of the street cleaning department, was shot and killed by an Italian fruit peddler yesterday afternoon. The peddler had been called to account for throwing refuse into the street, and the only motive suggested for the murder is anger at the foreman for ordering him to comply with a city ordinance. Two shots were fired from a revolver. One missed its mark, but the other entered Ellis' right eye and pierced the brain, death being instantaneous. The murderer ran into a building near the scene of the shooting and made his escape through a rear door.

Hugh H. O'Donnell, a sub-foreman of the street department, a witness of the shooting, attempted to follow the murderer, but was prevented by Italian friends of the fugitive, who threatened to kill him unless he desisted.

Mr. Ellis was 52 years of age, a native of Lunenberg, N. S., and was formerly a sergeant on the Boston police force, having charge of the district in which he lost his life. He had a wide circle of acquaintances and was very popular with all. He leaves a wife, who is in a very critical condition as the result of the shock caused by his death.

First class job printing done at this office.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only


# VETOED THE BILL

## Gov. Wolcott Kills the Ridiculous Measure.

### TO REMODEL THE CITY COUNCIL OF BOSTON.

### Giving Good Reasons for His Veto.

Boston, May 24.—Governor Wolcott returned to the legislature without his signature the bill for 25 aldermen in the city of Boston and the election also of 50 common councilmen. The governor refused to sign the bill on the ground that the two branches of the city government would be elected and be responsible to identical constituencies. The measure originally passed the house by 125 to 25 and the senate 25 to 5. Action on the veto is delayed until the bill is printed.

The Williams bill for a commission to investigate the conditions of cotton manufacturing in Massachusetts was rejected without debate in the house yesterday.

The bill to provide for the payment of bounties to Massachusetts soldiers from the treasury was passed to be engrossed without material amendment.

The committee on labor reported reference to the next general court of the memorial of T. Jefferson Coolidge and others relative to the condition and prospects of the cotton manufacturing industry in this commonwealth.

The petition and bill of the mayor of Somerville that cities and towns be authorized to extend aid to persons and relatives of persons serving in the war with Spain were recommitted to the committees on military affairs and ways and means sitting jointly.

The petition that cities and towns be authorized to negotiate short-term temporary loans in anticipation of moneys to be derived from long-term loans was referred to the committee on cities.


CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.


## BOXING GOSSIP.

As yet nothing has come of the talk about a match between Joe Flaherty and Kid Mulligan, notwithstanding the fact that the two men would be a big drawing card, provided the bout could take place within convenient reaching of Lowell. It was said at first that Mulligan would not agree to Flaherty's suggestion as to the division of the money, but the Kid, who really wants a go at Joe, at the earliest opportunity makes the statement that he will go into the ring with Flaherty for any number of rounds, will split the purse or have the winner take all. Thus with the Kid agreeable to any arrangements, it is very probable that articles will be signed in the near future. The pair would make a corking attraction for the Merrimack club.

Luke Burke is in Buffalo and doing well. He could have had a match last Monday night, but for a bad thumb which, however, is rapidly getting into good shape. His Buffalo friends are desirous of putting him up against Dave Sullivan, who recently obtained a decision over Sammy Kelly. Sullivan is now regarded as a top notcher in the bantam class and the man who defeats him will come pretty near being champion.

Some time ago Burke made several unsuccessful efforts to get on a match and though disappointed did not give up hope, for he is again endeavoring to bring about a go. He has strong backing and will surely be successful this time. If they come together Luke will hold his end up with the clever Irishman.


CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THERE IS ONLY ONE
POND'S EXTRACT
THIS IS IT!

Fac-simile of Bottle with Buff Wrapper.

*Invaluable for all Aches, Pains, Inflammations, Catarrhal Trouble and Piles.*

POND'S EXTRACT CO., New York and London.

STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
10c 25c 50c
ALL DRUGGISTS

# A. G. POLLARD & CO.

This Week We Offer

## Two Bargain Lots in

# Bleached Seamless Sheeting

At The Very Low Price of

# 12½c. a Yard

1ST LOT.—16 pieces 8-4 wide; full bleached, soft finished, heavy wound thread, and an unusually strong cotted, good width for single and 3-4 beds, and well worth 20c. yard, at

AT 12 1-2c. YARD.

2ND LOT.—2 cases 9-4 full bleached, soft finish, medium weight sheeting, adapted specially for summer sheets and worth regular 21c. yard,

AT 12 1-2c. YARD.

These are real good values for low priced sheets, as a full size sheet will cost only 31c., which is less than buying the narrow sheeting and have a seam in center. BASEMENT DEPT.

# A. G. Pollard & Co.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.


## WANT COLUMN.

OPAL RING FREE—Sell only 15 Stick Pin Souvenirs of war and the Maine at 10c. each and we give you free handsome, genuine opal ring, best gold plate warranted two years; trial subscription to new ill. patriotic magazine free with each pin; no money required; just send full name and address and say you will return pins or money by mail within two weeks. The Columbian, 34 Oliver street, Boston, Mass.

LOST—A pair of gold bowed eye glasses, in case marked John J. Cluin. Reward at 308 Concord street.

WANTED—A person with business tact, who is strictly reliable to represent a New York corporation. We can assure to the right person a handsome and permanent income; a small amount of money will be needed, together with satisfactory references. Address, The Universal Identification and Recovery Co., 41 Union Square, New York City.

AGENTS—10c. brings you samples and catalogue of patriotic emblems, etc., by return mail. Quick! Manufacturer, Box 1276, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—At once young man to collect on Catholic goods. Bicyclist preferred. Address, stating age and salary expected, X. Y. Z., Sun office.

LOST—A jeweled enameled belt Friday evening between six and eight o'clock, either on Middlesex or Branch streets. Return to 667 Middlesex street and be rewarded.

ESTIMATES WANTED on building cellar. All stone work. Apply to Dolphus Musson, Dee street, North Chelmsford.

WANTED—You to bring in your cloth for suit and I will make and trim it in first class style for $11.00 for 30 days only. English Blue or Black Serge Suit, $18.00. Dionne & Co., 60 Merrimack street.

CATALOGUE of War Emblems, Flags, etc., free. L. N. Cushman, 34 Oliver St., Boston, Mass.

RELIABLE HELP furnished at No. 6 Howe Building, over Street Railway Waiting Station, F. H. A. Boody. Office open at all hours.

J. A. METCALF'S Reliable Employment Office, 173 Merrimack street, room 4. Open day and evening. No lack of good help. Prompt service.

LOANS placed on pianos, furniture, etc., at reasonable rates. Can be paid back in monthly instalments. Charges reduced each payment. Confidential. P. O. Box 1017, city.

WAR ON PRICES—A cottage house for sale, 1200 yards from the Lawrence mills. Sewer, gas. $1150. Terms easy. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

PASTURAGE FOR HORSES and colts at Winding Farm. Plenty pure water and good feed. Address John M. Bailey, Billerica, Mass.

STORE TO LET—On Fayette street. Rent reasonable. Inquire 318 High street.

WANT BLUSH OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Noonen's Bonsai Secret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

FOR SALE—Nearly new upright piano, cost $375. Will sell at a sacrifice as party is leaving town. 25 Chase avenue, Pawtucketville, city.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, good 6-room cottage house, large lot of land. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 263 Fayette street.

WAGONS—Butcher cart in fine order, new high grade democrat, new grocer wagon, attractive panel side wagon, handsome light order wagon, second hand riding wagon, etc., to be sold low, second hand democrat. J. F. Libbey, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—Seven miles from Lowell, farm of 85 acres; two-story house and barn, wood for home use. Price $650. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central Street.

WANTED—By a man, 33, single place as coachman, hostler or general work. Swatz & Co., 104 Central street.

FOR SALE—The best liquor business (licensed) in a city of 30,000. The business has been established for 16 years, and is the best paying in the city, having averaged $35,000 (strictly cash) for the past three years. The plant is furnished throughout with the latest modern improvements and conveniences. The building is located admirably in the centre of the most thickly populated district and has a large established trade. The only reason for selling is that the present owner is compelled by illness to give up. Books and income will verify about statement. Address H. E. X., Box 857, Taunton, Mass.

FOR SALE—Three miles from Lowell Post-office small farm of 6 acres, cottage house and barn, hennery and some fruit, $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

TO LET—Cottage of ten rooms, steam heat, bath, set tubs, hot and cold water cemented cellar, and barn if desired. W. H. Bagshaw, 11 Wilson street.

FOR SALE—On Gates' Land near Westford street, two tenement house with all modern improvements; good corner lot; price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Gorham street, 8-room cottage house and store doing a good grocery business; small barn, large corner lot of land. Price $2600. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. 1 1-2 inch one line rubber stamps, 10c.; 2 inch, 15c.; 25c. ink pads 25c.; 35c. ink pads 15c.; 50c. linen markers 25c.; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 188 Merrimack street.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their straw, leghorn or manilla hats cleansed or dyed and made in the latest shapes at the Hat and Bonnet Bleachery, 161 Merrimack street.

WANTED—Men and women to work at home. I pay $8 to $16 per week for making crayon portraits. New patent method, anyone who can read or write can do the work at home in spare time, day or evening. Send for particulars and work at once. Address B. A. Gripp, German Artist, Tyrone, Pa.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WALL PAPERS at factory prices. I will paper your room with the latest design of wall paper with border to match. First-class work guaranteed. We also do painting, whitewashing, kalsomining at low prices. New York Wall Paper Co., 338 Middlesex street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lee's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hairdressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

WANTED—Housegirls at the Lowell Employment Office, 359 Merrimack street, opposite City hall.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street Boston.

### $15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid new 2 1-2 story hip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with tub, marble wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry, very sightly; near canal and school; will sell for $1850. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 5 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

### James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 155 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.


THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
This house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey (Clerks) H. Gervais.

GOLD OX WHISKEY
This Whiskey should be on every sideboard, in every home. In case of sickness it is invaluable. Its purity and stimulating qualities make it the best of tonics. Put up in 3 sizes, each full measure.
Quart, $1.00; Pint, 50c.; Half Pint, 25c.
CHARLES H. JOYCE,
5, 9 AND 15 MIDDLE STREET.

SEASONABLE SPECIALTIES.
LAWN MOWERS
See the leading makes. Our Ball Pawl $2.25 is a good one.
Hose and Reels. Every foot of our Hose is warranted 3, 5 and 7-ply. Reels from 75c. upwards
Ice Cream Freezers. White Mountain, Iceland and Arctic Freezers, will freeze cream in four minutes.
THE THOMPSON HARDWARE CO.
254-6 Merrimack Street.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 24, 25, 32, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge.
$5 to $10 a Set

Friday and Saturday
We Shall Offer Some Exceptional Good Values in
TRIMMED HATS, WALKING HATS AND SAILORS.
HEAD & SHAW, THE MILLINERS, 169 Merrimack Street

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.
BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES
In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

THE SPANISH FLEET
Disturbs the water of the great deep and enables our fleet to make
The Greatest Catch of the Season

| | |
|---|---|
| Extra Large Mackerel, | 25c. |
| Extra Large Shad, | 13c., 2 for 25c. |
| Extra Large Halibut, | 10c. to 15c. |
| Cod and Haddock, | 3c. |
| Strawberries, | 10c., 3 boxes for 25c. |

Banner Market
PRESCOTT STREET.

FANCY
Creamery Butter
SEE THIS STAMP ON EVERY PACKAGE
Ask Your Grocer For It.
SHADY GROVE Manchester N.H. E.M.S.Co Lawrence Mass. SEPARATOR BUTTER
Ask Your Grocer For It.
No other Butter on the market today can Equal the Fine Flavor of the
"SHADY GROVE."
For Sale by all the Leading Grocers in the Merrimack River Valley from Franklin, N. H., to Newburyport, Mass.

# Austria's Despot, Spain's Friend.

## The Career of Francis Joseph, Uncle of Queen Christina.

### Making Every Effort to Secure European Interference In the War.

(BY THAD P. POWERS.)

The assurances of anxiety on the part of the Emperor Francis Joseph in the Crown of Spain and the cabled rumors of his efforts to raise Europe against the United States make the polyglot empire of his majesty a matter of direct interest to our people.

We have paid but little attention to the beer garden scenes lately in the Austrian Reichstag, and neither the discontent of the Magyars nor the political demands of the young Czechs, have much concerned the people of the United States, since the exile and death of Louis Kossuth. When the great Hungarian patriot came to this country the people of the United States gave him funds, a warm welcome in the name of freedom and the privileges usually accorded to a distinguished stranger in Washington. Mr. Seward and the late "Sunset" Cox and many others made warm speeches appealing to Magyars and to all American patriots alike to stand by the Hungarian cause. There is not any apology due Francis Joseph for our action in 1870. Though one portion of the dual Empire would probably reciprocate by now discountenancing acts of hostility against the United States on the part of the head of the state, it is nevertheless a fact that beyond wishing well to freedom everywhere we have not as a people taken any particular interest in Austro-Hungarian affairs for many years. We may do so again because it is almost impossible to doubt that the head of the House of Hapsburg has displayed both in his own person and in the case of his Majesty's Premier, Goluchowski, a tone of bitter unfriendliness to the people and institutions of the United States. Count Goluchowski has gone so far as to publicly urge upon Europe the necessity of combining against us commercially, and his august master has followed up this step by repeated invitations to European Courts to intervene in our contest with Spain in the common interest of the lame, crippled, humpbacked, bewigged and wrinkled monarchies of Europe. With the affairs of that continent we have no concern. It is not the intention of the United States to interfere in the domestic affairs of any foreign people. But our espousal of the case of Kossuth helped to create the autonomy of Hungary and as we have in this country many of the former subjects of the Austrian kaiser, the political condition of the people of central Europe can hardly be a matter of indifference to Americans.

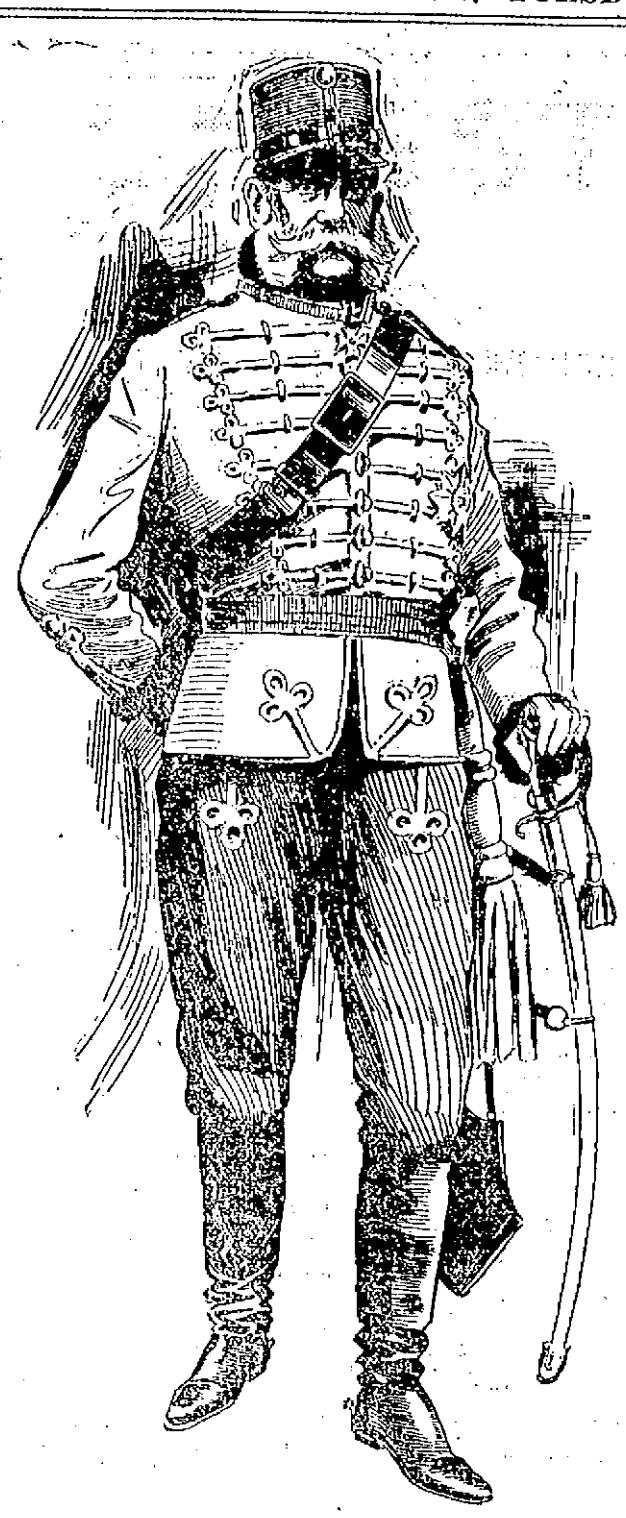
The people of the United States may therefore be compelled to renew their former interest in the Emperor Francis Joseph and his affairs, apart entirely from the fact that he may at any time spring into notice as the author of a European concert against the new forward policy of this country. Of course we have no fear of any such concert. And if all Europe would be so mad as to regard these United States as all Europe once regarded the First Napoleon, this country has enough of the former subjects of these European countries to stand between us and an American Waterloo, even if all the native Americans kept saying nothing but sawing wood. We need not raise a hand should such an issue be thrust upon us. Indeed the somewhat rickety throne of Austria would hardly bear such a strain just now as participation in a European concert would put upon it. And the opinion prevails in more centres than America that it is the tact and urbanity of the Emperor alone which makes the House of Hapsburg a factor at all in Europe; and that when Francis Joseph dies as many lines of cleavage are likely to set in through his mosaic empire as manifested themselves in the once proud Empire of Charlemagne, of which there is now no trace.

The present Emperor was hardly seated on the throne in 1848 when he saw the expulsion of Louis Philippe engender a revolution among his subjects, and it is not unlikely that to the fear of seeing the throne of the Bourbons fall in Spain, and thus the contagion spread from Madrid to Vienna, is due much of that solicitous interest in us now shown by the Emperor of Austro-Hungary. It is not our fault but Spain's misfortune that the proud and pedigreed race over which his majesty's niece is Queen Regent, should so conduct itself in Cuba as to make American intervention a humane necessity as was that of Austria in Bosnia and Herzegovnia in 1870.

It may therefore so happen that Francis Joseph would court the fates and that the close of his reign would see the renewal of those aspirations for liberty which in 1848 drove Prince Metternich from the Austrian Capital, and gave a free constitution to the Austrian people. The present Emperor ought not to forget that it was the abdication of his uncle Ferdinand which kept the Hapsburg dynasty from falling in 1848. In order to qualify him for reigning in this crisis, Francis Joseph, then a minor, was declared of age so as to give his ascent of the throne the legal sanction of the constitution in the eyes of the people. It was only through the assistance of wiser councils that those who now surround him, that the young Emperor was proclaimed, and it was through the military aid of Russia and by rather clever manipulation of the popular forces that a peace was maintained which secured the succession.

Nor can we forget that the practice of petty intrigues such as is now attributed to him well becomes the Emperor and his family. For a thousand years the House of Hapsburg has maintained itself by crimes that call for the condemnation of the decalogue. It was by those arts that the dukes of Austria pushed that insignificant state into the proportions of an Empire. It was a duke of Austria that betrayed Richard Plantaganet to the Saracens. It was a duke of Austria that held Richard Coeur de Leon for twelve years in a Danubian castle; and another of the race that did all manner of hideous things in order to incorporate the crowns of Bohemia, Transylvania and Austria. The character of his ancestors also well befits the present Emperor. In the dispute between England and France in 1854 the aim of the Emperor of Austria was to trim between the contending powers. Calling himself an ally of the Western powers he came out of the scramble protector of Moldavia and Wallachia, and so became one of the contracting parties of the peace of Paris in 1856. He thus vastly solidified himself in the seat into which adventitious circumstances had thrust him. He was also successful in the attempt to maintain for a long time the predominance of Austria over Prussia in the Germanic Diet; and no one will deny that the ill-starred attept of his brother Maximilian to subvert the Monroe Doctrine had the full and unconditional approval of the whole Austrian Court. He was then the enemy of America as he is to-day. Therefore there are many probabilities as well as some powerful dynastic reasons why the cables from Paris which speak of the pernicious activity of Austria do no injustice to the Austrian Emperor, whose family masked in piety have ever been the unscrupulous foes of liberty, and of whom a caustic writer has well said that "they gave idiots to Spain in the guise of Kings, harlots to France in the guise of Queens, tyrants to the Netherlands in the guise of regents, monsters to the new world in the guise of warriors and empty-headed bigots to lord it over the brave people of the Holy Roman Empire." This is a crushing indictment and it is perhaps one of the retributions of avenging time that the man who is now conspiring against us has no direct heir for the throne his fathers had stolen and is likely to be succeeded by a madman who is never likely to reign and who is one of the wickedest men on earth.

So much for the last of the Bourbons.



FRANCIS JOSEPH OF AUSTRIA, THE FRIEND OF SPAIN.

# Cass Named Fifty Years Ago

## May 22nd. Marks the Half Century Since His Nomination.

### The Story of A Remarkable American Who Missed the Presidency.

The fiftieth anniversary of the nomination of Lewis Cass to the Presidency which takes place on May 22 reminds us of the period when annexation was an issue in American politics. General Cass was one of those great Americans whose fate it was to be first in their day in the hearts and esteem of their countrymen and yet who were never destined to reach the Presidency. He was a candidate in 1844 for the Presidential nomination which fell to James K. Polk; again when the annexation of Texas was the issue and once more in 1852 while representing Michigan in the United States Senate.

The northwest is said to be the foster child of the republic, and if so, General Lewis Cass was its putative father. A great portion of his life was devoted to introducing settlers, popular government, modern habits of life and legal methods of procedure into the five states north of the Ohio River. In Americanizing this immense region he deserves an abiding place in the history of American statesmen.

Politically considered Cass like Henry Clay and James G. Blaine was from the standpoint of the statesman better qualified by experience and attainments for the executive office than any man of his day. He was also the man for whom the people would doubtless have voted if the choice had been theirs, but he was apparently too timid, too fine-grained and too scholarly a man to find favor with the caucus and the ring. He was a jurist and pleader of national reputation, a soldier who had seen service in the war with England under General Hull, an administrator of affairs first as Governor of Michigan and later as Secretary of War and finally as Minister to France. As a statesman whom Lord Brougham thought it necessary to cross swords with Cass in his day and throughout an extended career proved to be a prudent cautious legislator who could have brought ripe experience and rare attainments to the Presidency, had he been elected in 1848.

The defeat of Cass and the election of Taylor are principally interesting now because the annexation of new territory and the desire of the people for expansion and for a foreign policy different to that of the whimpering whigs, was the chief cause which told in the National Democratic Convention. Cass was a man of argument and of peace. Taylor was rather a man of action than of argument who favored the Texas war and who despised these metaphysical niceties and ethical principles which are usually the stock in trade of the peace at any price party. Cass had negotiated no fewer than twenty-two treaties through which were secured the cession to the United States by the various Indian tribes what is now the great northwest. Taylor, too, had led the Texas campaign and had brought into the Union but in the opposite direction, viz., the Southwest, a country as large as France. Southern interests were then predominant and though Cass was the plumed knight of peace chiefly from the circumstance that he had made effective reply to Lord Brougham in the Senate, and had resisted the English right to search American vessels, nevertheless General Taylor's policy won the day and he was elected. On the first attempt of Cass to reach the Presidency he was not an active candidate. His name had been put forward by his friends, and everywhere throughout the Union there was a general acquiescence as to his fitness, but Polk triumphed at the convention. Cass then took the stump vigorously for him throughout the canvass. In the following January Cass was elected to the Senate. But previous to the second attempt Mr. Cass made no secret of his Presidential intentions and in order to fit himself for the campaign he resigned as Senator for Michigan to thus meet his fate a second time. He was then 66 years of age and had accumulated a large private fortune. Cass was then probably the richest man in the Union and had for an American attracted unusual attention in Paris by the sumptuous nature of his living, and by his social entertainments. Seeing the failure of his earlier attempt, and how by following the weak-kneed foreign policy of the Whigs he had been superceded by a dark horse like Polk on the previous occasion, Cass now made himself the special champion of the famous "Fifty-four, forty or fight!" demand which tickled the hearts and aroused the highest patriotism of the people throughout the homes of the northwest. He had early seen the importance of Americans possessing Canada and in December, 1845, Senator Cass had introduced a resolution similar to that of Senator Chandler's in October, 1895, holding up the spectre of war and insisting that nothing but concessions or sensible precautions could prevent armed collision with Great Britain. From henceforth he was the leader of the "fifty-four fifties" or the jingoes as they would now be called. Accordingly in the campaign of 1844 Cass became the hot favorite of the Democratic party. But being more of a statesman than a more politician he was defeated, the question of "Squatter Sovereignty," and incidentally the hostility of British interests having contributed to the confusion or disruption of the Cass contingent. There were "Barnburners" and "Free Soilers" and "Cotton Whigs" and "Conscience Whigs" and "Hunkers" and regular "Democrats" and "Roundheads," while the great central facts stood out against Cass that he had wobbled with Webster on the doctrine of annexation in 1844 and that he had flirted with the question of State's rights, but above all was Van Buren's opposition.

It was the often-expressed opinion of William H. Seward that Van Buren never committed but one fatal error in politics, and that was when, nursing resentment at his failure to secure the nomination in 1844, he permitted a wing of his party to nominate him as a hopeless candidate in 1848, thereby entailing just what was intended to be entailed, the defeat of the Democratic candidate.

General Cass was never greater than in the hour of his defeat by General Taylor in 1848. He looked upon himself merely as the representative of his party, and took his defeat with perfect composure and without resentment. It was the party which was defeated, and not Cass, the man, in his opinion, and the simple dignity with which, after having served for a time in the Cabinet of Buchanan, he retired from public life to his home in Michigan, was a beautiful indication of the man's real greatness.

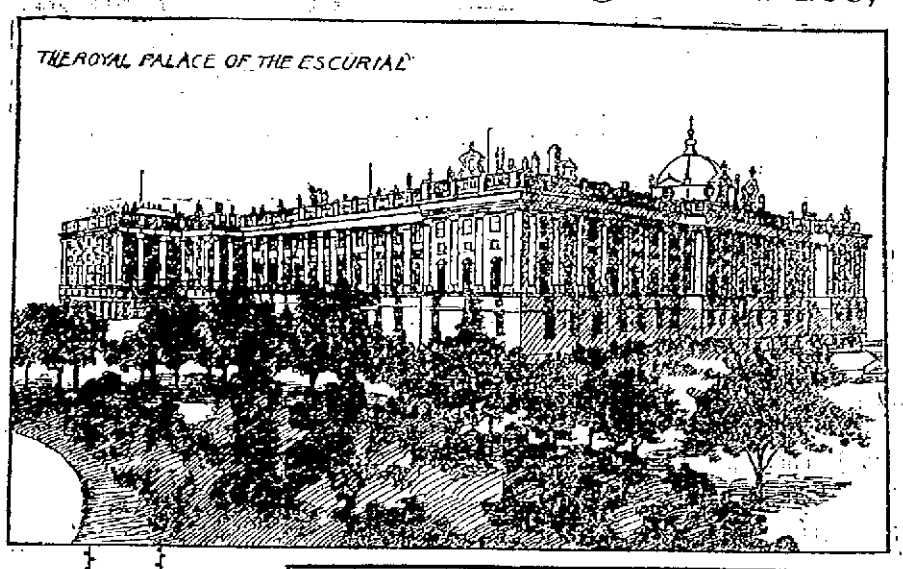
In the Senate, however, he wielded a powerful influence, and with Henry Clay opposed the claims of the southern states to such an extent that Cass will always be considered one of those great Americans who built up this nation and who furthered policies calculated to strengthen it in the North and to free it from the cause of slavery in the South.

Webster, Clay and Cass are a trio of American statesmen who graced the Senate or the office of the Secretary of State and who even if none of them ever attained to the Presidency, worthily maintained the traditions of this country a generation ago. He was not a Washington in National significance, nor a Lincoln in Administration, nor a Grant in arms, but he was a true American who stood up against Lord Brougham and Clarendon for the rights of his country. He was a man of sound judgment. Physically he had a large figure, with massive head, firm mouth, and features that bespoke earnestness, animation, Americanism and personal and political integrity.

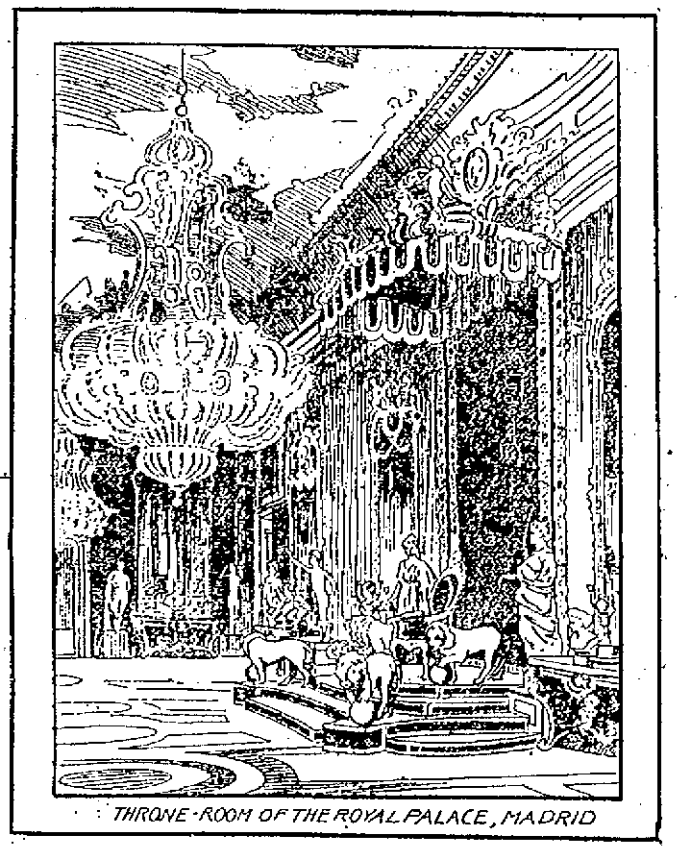
The career of Cass is the more appropriate study just now because some of the difficulties he confronted and some of the policies he advocated may become of live interest as a result of the present war.

—M. C. McN.

# Wonders of Spain's Royal Palace, The Escurial.



THE ROYAL PALACE OF THE ESCURIAL



THRONE-ROOM OF THE ROYAL PALACE, MADRID

A Spanish Minister was once privately and unofficially sounded as to whether Spain would sell Cuba. "You might as well expect my country to sell the Escurial," was the reply, from which it is to be inferred that the Escurial is the most highly prized of the National institution of Spain.

An American correspondent who had himself recommended to the Queen Regent of Spain recently sent to his paper a long account of the number of "landings" he had to climb and of the footmen to whom he had to present his audience card at each landing before he reached the royal chamber in the Escurial. The Escurial is said by Spaniards to be one of the eight wonders of the world.

For ages the interior magnificence of this pile of buildings has been in sharp contrast to the wretchedness and misery outside; but in this latter respect the Escurial does not differ from the churches and other public edifices in Spain before which beggars implore every visitor for alms. Whiners for "caredid por se amor de dios" are everywhere seen in Spain save perhaps those royal chambers whose gorgeousness so much impressed the interviewer of Queen Christina, or in the cloisters attached to them.

The Escurial is one of the great historical edifices of Europe of the Sixteenth Century. It is of a vast size and of beautiful and harmonious design, reminding us of the richness and of the faded glory of the palmy days of old Castille when Bernardio del Carpio or the Cid contended for rewards of chivalry on the Field of the Cloth of Gold.

It was erected by Philip II. in 1562, during the greater part of whose reign artificers and artists of all kinds were busy in its various decorations. Philip the Second's idea was to make a sacrifice in it to eternity, and set it out in competition with the vaults of Heaven itself; and so give to Spaniards something that would eclipse the glory of the stars. It took all the choice tradesmen and painters and designers of Europe twenty-two years to erect the Escurial in the midst of the beggary and wretchedness of Madrid. It cost eight million dollars and came to be erected by Philip as an act of contrition for having battered down at the battle of St. Quentin an old monastery of friars. He made a vow if he won the battle against the French that he would erect such a monument to St. Lorenzo as the world had never seen; and so it is hoped that if American troops have to invade Spain that they will spare the Escurial. It would be very useful to us as a factory when the frescoes were removed and the beggars outside were brought in and taught St. Paul's doctrine that to labor was to pray. It is now famous as the treasury of all the artistic wealth of the Spanish crown, pictures by Velasquez, statuary by Michael Angelo, plate from Nuremburg, tapestry from the Netherlands and tribute from Cuba. It contains a palace of the most exquisite and unrivalled grandeur, a library rich in all the records of the Christian world, a church with chalices and vessels and ornaments of gold that if melted down would relieve the chronic poverty of the nation; a convent, a college and a mausoleum in which repose the Bourbon Kings and all of the Queens who have borne them heirs. From the days of Philip the II to the present the religious services of the temple have been performed by a long line of friars who have deported themselves with a magnificence worthy of their splendid abode and one of whom, Antonia de Villacastin superintended the building from start to finish. It is built in the form of a gridiron to typify Valerian's roasting of St. Lorenzo on a slow fire, the handle being a huge palace where the Queen resides, and the body an assembly of quadrangular cloisters, one corresponding to each month in the year. The Church which is the center piece of the Escurial is a splendid structure built on the model of St. Peter's at Rome. The mausoleum which lies below the great altar is reached by many polished steps of black marble between walls of jaspar. All within this abode of the dead royalty of Spain is of black marble also, and twenty-four niches awaited each successive monarch whom death had called to his fathers. Each of these shelves contains a sarcophagus whose mortal remains are enclosed, while outside his name is inscribed in letters of gold. The seventeenth would have contained the remains of the late Queen Isabella had she died before her abdication and exile. It is now destined to receive the remains of Queen Christina if Spain continues a monarchy at the time of her death.

The Escurial is therefore at once the residence, the retreat and almost the fortress of Spain's monarchs while in the flesh, and the sepulchral receptacle of their uncrowned ashes when they depart this world. It is a sort of Spanish tower of Babel to shelter them in life and destined to preserve their names in imperishable and melancholy grandeur from the consecrated rottenness amidst which so many of these monarchs lived, and relics of which like the spectres and souviners from the Inquisition still seem to surround them in death as the originals affected them in life. Impressed as we may be by its magnificent frescoes and fascades as Longfellow says:

"Yet something sombre and severe
"O'er the enchanted landscape reigned.
"A terror in the atmosphere
"As if King Philip listened near,
"Or Torquemada the austere
"His ghostly sway maintained."

The reverence which the Spaniards entertain for the place is such that the one ambition of the goatherd from the provinces of the Alcalde, from Barcelona or Seville is to see the Escurial before he dies. When the padres want to impress the people with the magnificence of Heaven they attempt a description of the Escurial, and, invariably wind up their sermons by telling the Spaniard that there is "but one stop from the Escurial to the Golden Halls of Heaven." This is a rather efficacious method of impressing imagination, for even in the eyes of irreverent unbelievers architecturally considered the place vividly recalls the sombre memories of the Spanish past. There are the scenes of the pious vows of Charles V., of human pain in the days of the autos-da-fe and of Cardinal Ximines when questioned by the grandees as to where he obtained his authority to act as Spanish Regent, pointing to the assembled soldiers in the Court Yard below "By these, my Lord, I obtained my authority and with these I shall defend it," an answer which was deemed to reveal sufficiently divine authority for the frightened Dons did not deem it wise to ask any further questions on the subject.

The Escurial was ravaged twice, once by fire soon after it was erected by Philip II., and still later when Houssaye and the French sacked it

## CLAY PIPES.

The largest tobacco-pipe factory in the world is located in Appomattox County, near Pamplin City.

It had been known for many years prior to the war between the States that there existed clay in that county well adapted to the manufacture of tobacco pipes, but the industry was carried on in the most desultory way.

But at the close of the war the whites turned their attention to the clay deposits. It was a necessity, and not a matter of choice.

The war had swept away everything. The implements with which the pipes were manufactured were simple and rude.

The pipes were sold to local merchants, who shipped them to wholesale dealers in northern cities, who sold them to retailers throughout the country.

Among the retail dealers who purchased a lot of these pipes man's pipes was a groceryman in a little town in Ohio. He sold them at from 2 to 5 cents apiece, and found them very popular.

Among those who purchased one was a wealthy citizen of the town. He smoked nothing else for some time, and finally inquired of the groceryman as to where the pipes were made. The latter could only give the name of the wholesale dealer from whom he had purchased, but from him the gentleman learned that the pipes were made from a clay bank in the County of Appomattox, in Virginia.

The gentleman saw that the pipes were of very rude construction. He grew interested, and finally his mind dwelt so much upon the subject that he went to the little town of Appomattox. He went at once to the store of the dealer in pipes, and was not long in finding that the best were made at a bank about eight miles away, at what is now Pamplin City.

The rest is soon told. The land was purchased for a small sum, buildings erected, the latest machinery installed and soon the kilns were smoking.

Some very smart and novel tailor effects are produced this season, with the simplest kind of spring and summer materials—notably piques, dimities, linen crashes, cotton reps, in white and colors, shear wool bareges, voilings,

### THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, WEDNESDAY, MAY 25.
Sun rises—4:14; sets, 7:05.
Moon sets—11:07 p. m.
High tide—3:15 a. m.; 3:30 p. m.

The indications for New England are showers, followed by clearing weather; fair Wednesday. The temperature will rise slowly, with westerly winds, becoming variable. Unsettled weather is probable again by Thursday.

### SPECIAL NOTICES.

ROCKING CHAIRS WITH TEA.
We have received a big lot of Rocking Chairs. One with a pound of 60c. Tea while they last. Dickson Bros., the Big Tea Dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

GARDEN SETS WITH TEA.
A good time to get your Garden Sets "is now." A large size "three piece set" with a pound of 60c. Tea, "only at" Dickson Bros. Tea Store, 68 Merrimack street.

### LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

Stationery at wholesale and retail. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

REFRIGERATORS at A. E. O'Heir & Co.'s, 15 Merrimack street.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson St. Telephone, 439-4.

Five cases of scarlet fever were reported to the Dracut board of health last week.

Wednesday afternoon sewer department employes will have a flag raising in the city yard.

Telephone W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street, for a little of that Cannel coal for your open grate. Look at your coal bin, too.

The cards are out for the marriage of Mr. Thomas J. Callahan and Miss Hannah A. Conway at St. Andrew's church, North Billerica, June 6.

#### A BAND OF MUSIC COULD PLAY IN THE ICE CHEST.

The largest ice chest in the city is now at the Crystal, 40 Worthen street, opp. City Hall. It will now hold 50 barrels of ale and 40 barrels of the best lager and 30 tons of ice. You will not have to go to the sea-shore to get cooled off this summer.

#### PROPOSED CYCLE PATH.

There is much talk among the wheelmen of Haverhill regarding the construction of a cycle path between that city and Lawrence, says the Haverhill Gazette. This is something that would be appreciated by all wheelmen and if a sufficient number can be brought together to discuss the matter, the plan no doubt, would be successful. The path would start from the terminus of River street in Haverhill and continue along the tracks of the L. L. & H. road. Mr. Bradley, a large real estate owner, and who controls most of the land between River street and the Lawrence road, visited J. Fred Adams, of Haverhill, Thursday and had a long talk regarding this path. He states that the latter could be constructed for about $1000 and that shares could be sold among the wheelmen to raise the required amount.

As the wheelmen have been unable to have a state road built between that city and Lawrence, the cycle path would be a great improvement to the road, which is now in a bad condition for wheels.

#### ST. MICHAEL'S BAZAAR

SUCCESSFULLY OPENS ITS SECOND WEEK WITH NEW ATTRACTIONS.

The second week of the bazaar in aid of St. Michael's church opened last evening with a large attendance. The Cadet orchestra furnished the evening's entertainment with the assistance of James Quinlan in humorous selections.

The tables were all liberally patronized and a fine sum is anticipated when the bazaar shall have been concluded. The tables represent two divisions presided over by Mrs. Scannell and Gilday, and the friendly rivalry between the two augurs well for their success.

#### GRIEVANCE EXPOSED

TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL COMPLAIN OF INJUSTICE.

To the Press of Lowell:

At the last meeting of the Trades and Labor Council, a grievance was presented by the Stationery Firemen's union of Lowell. Said grievance is against the present license law, which compels a fireman to pay $1.00 to the commonwealth without promising him any protection whatever against the incompetent man having no license.

In Chapter 545, Section 1, the principal loophole is presented. This section states in part that: "It shall be unlawful for any owner or user of any steam boiler or engine to operate or cause to be operated (this last clause has since been stricken out) a boiler or engine for a period of more than one week without a duly licensed engineer or fireman in charge. This section does not prevent the owner from still employing an unlicensed man for one week and at the end of this week discharging him only to commence at the beginning of the following week with no fear of being held liable for violating the law.

Citizens generally were led to suppose that all firemen were compelled to possess a license, but the latest ruling of the district police on the case is in effect that if an engineer holds a license and takes care of the water in the boiler, that it is not necessary for any fireman to hold a license, but such being the case, does not prevent the commonwealth from still accepting the money of a too-confiding fireman for a license which under the existing monument of professional political tactics, cannot possibly afford them any possible protection. In the next state elections this may play a prominent part, as the firemen of Massachusetts have declared a war to the knife to have a legal law enacted that shall not be a farce intended to draw hard-earned money from their pockets.

Organized labor of this state is becoming heartily sick of having the wool pulled over their eyes and have at last declared their intention of having laws suitable to them or knowing the reason why.

(Signed)
Executive Committee Trades and Labor Council.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 31 KIRK ST.

## THE WAR REVENUE

### Measure Talked Over in Congress Yesterday.

SENATORS MAKE LONG WINDED SPEECHES.

### An Important Statement by Senator Allison.

Washington, May 24.—For five hours yesterday the senate had the war revenue measure under discussion. The entire time was occupied by Mr. Chilton, Mr. Lodge and Mr. Turley. While Mr. Lodge confined himself to a discussion of the proposed tax on corporations and bank deposits, strongly urging that such taxes be not imposed, Mr. Chilton and Mr. Turley covered pretty fully the general features of the bill. Their speeches dealt comprehensively with the theories of taxation, and were therefore in the very nature of things legal and technical dissertations upon the subject. The necessity for bonds did not now exist, in Mr. Chilton's opinion, and he did not think it would exist at any time during the present war.

SENATOR THOMAS B. TURLEY.

Mr. Lodge felt that if the corporations were taxed by both the state and the national government it would result in shutting many of them out of business. Ultimately the states would be forced in levying state and municipal taxes to place additional burdens upon real estate, thus further oppressing the very people whom it was the professed desire of the corporation tax advocates to relieve. For the United States to tax the corporations would result in the destruction of a great source of revenue to the states. He objected to the corporation tax because it was unfair and inequitable, and he also opposed the tax on bank deposits, particularly those in savings banks. In Massachusetts, he said, the savings banks contained deposits exceeding $500,000,000. The average amount deposited was $364. This money belonged to the poor people, the wage earners of the state, and if the tax were levied upon these deposits a blow would be struck directly at a class which ought not to be stricken and among whom thrift ought to be encouraged.

According to a statement made by Senator Allison in the senate, the change made by the committee on finance at its meeting Saturday, increasing the rate on cigars to $3.60 per thousand, applies to cigars weighing more than three pounds to the thousand and not to those weighing less.

#### ROAD HOUSES RAIDED.

ON THE ROAD BETWEEN LOWELL AND ANDOVER.

The Nashua correspondent to the Manchester Union says:

Saturday evening was also a banner evening with the police. They began a work which the entire community hopes they will pursue in all directions until one of Nashua's most flagrant evils is stamped out. The house of ill-fame known as the Hillside Inn on the Lowell road was raided by Captain Campbell, Inspector Flood and Policemen Downey and Mahar, and the proprietor, Martin Van Buren Thompson and six inmates were corraled. The inmates were four girls and two men.

They will be arraigned in the morning before Judge Holt and will probably tell the same stories that they usually do. Mr. Thompson, it might be said, is not the only pebble on the beach which the police should add to their collection of curios. There are others and they are not all hanging out on the Lowell road.

#### LABOR NOTES.

To Slasher-Tenders and Helpers:

You are hereby notified to attend a meeting of your organization on Tuesday evening, the 24th inst. As important business will be transacted we trust your attendance will be large, so as to produce satisfying results. The rule made by unanimous consent of the society in reference to the unfinancial members will terminate at the close of this meeting; hence we hope if there is any unfinancial members who are as yet heedless to their personal interests that they will now respond and avail themselves of the opportunity.

Meeting at 7.30 p. m., Bay State hall.

(Signed) —Executive Committee.
May 21, 1898.

#### HOME FROM IRELAND.

Mr. Fred D. Hastings, son of James Hastings, of O'Donnell & Gilbride's, has returned from Ireland, where he spent much of the past year. He visited many relatives in Belfast and other parts of Ulster and brought with him many souvenirs of his trip. He says the Irish people are in full sympathy with the United States in this war.

Does Your Back Ache?

In constant pain when on your feet?
Is that dragging, pulling sensation with you from morn till night?
Why not put the medicine exactly on the disease? Why not apply the cure right to the spot itself?
You can do it with

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster.

Immediately after the Plaster is applied, you feel its warming, soothing influence. Its healing remedies quickly penetrate down deep into the inflamed tissues. Pain is quieted, soreness is relieved and strength imparted.

No plaster was ever made like it. No plaster ever acted so quickly and thoroughly. No plaster ever had such complete control over all kinds of pain.

Placed over the chest it is a powerful aid to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; relieving congestion and drawing out all inflammation.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

## HON. E. J. SLATTERY

### Will be Supported by Mass. Hibernians

FOR THE OFFICE OF NATIONAL PRESIDENT.

### Meeting Will be Held in Trenton.

The members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians throughout New England will be pleased to learn that the program for the 42d national biennial convention of the A.O.H. in America has just been issued.

The convention is to be held at Trenton, N. J., beginning Monday, June 27, and will continue during the week.

The call, which is issued from the office of the arbitrator, Rt. Rev. James A. McFaul, bishop of Trenton, is signed by P. J. Connor, national president; E. S. Phillips, national secretary, and Bishop McFaul. Among other things, it states:

"To the officers and members of the A.O.H. in America—Greeting:

"The county and state organizations throughout the country, having accepted by harmonious action the provisions of the decision of the right reverend arbitrator, it now becomes our duty to call formally the accredited delegates to the national convention to be held in Trenton, N. J., which will begin June 27, 1898, and continue until the affairs connected therewith shall have been transacted.

"As the convention is held in pursuance of the right reverend arbitrator's decision, it is to be regulated thereby, and its deliberations will be modeled upon the suggestions embodied therein.

"It is hardly necessary to remind you that the convention will be of such a nature as to render it one of the most important ever held in the history of the order, and it is, therefore, of supreme necessity to remember and weigh well your sacred traditions and aims, so that it may be characterized by friendship, unity, and Christian charity.

"In issuing this call, we may be permitted to express the hope that the good will and harmony existing in the order may be still more intimately knit together by this national convention, and that the organization, with increased strength, courage, and influence, may continue in the path marked out for it by its noble principles."

The delegates to the convention from Massachusetts are: Hon. Edward J. Slattery, South Framingham, state president; John W. Glynn, Springfield, state vice president; Patrick F. Cannon, Clinton, state secretary; Martin J. Roche, Charlestown, state treasurer; Rev. John F. Cummins, Roslindale, state chaplain and about 30 others, representing the 11 counties.

The Massachusetts delegation will present the name of Hon. Edward J. Slattery as a candidate for the office of national president of the reunited A.O.H., and as Mr. Slattery is one of the most prominent and popular officials in the country, it is generally conceded that his chances for success are very good.

The state president, state vice president, state secretary, and state treasurer, together with several others of the delegation, represented Massachusetts at the national convention held two years ago at Detroit. They are well versed in convention work, and it will not surprise the A.O.H. if Massachusetts is successful in capturing the highest office of honor in the order.

#### THE JUVENILE DIAMOND.

Before Saturday's game, the Shamrocks were anxious to play Hood's team; now they will give the Laboritorians any date, the game to be played on any grounds and for any money the challenged nine desires.

The Wannalancits had their batting eyes with them Saturday last they crowded the error column and therefore their defeat.

The Mysteries and Shamrocks will cross bats next Saturday if the Hoods do not intervene in the meantime.

Ryan, who pitched the Mathews to victory, did only what we predicted for him. Now it is Murray's turn to go him one better, which we think the North common player capable of doing.

The Fairmonts are trying to get Hood's team again for next Saturday.

The Shamrocks and Fairmonts will play for a purse of $10 on Saturday, June 4. The grounds will be decided upon by the managers in the meantime.

If the Mathews do not accept their chance now they will regret it later. For a good thing never goes unnoticed in the game of base ball and it is safe to say that Murray never had a peer on the Juvenile Diamond.

Stirk stood in a good way of winning that game for the Emeralds had he been given a chance.

Fahey, who pitched for the Shamrocks Saturday, struck out nearly half of the necessary 27 Defender batsmen.

Ryan vs. Murray would make a pretty contest. It will surely be so if the Mathews refuse to sign the latter player.

Stirk and Ryan are two illustrations of the fact that the writer is not off in his conclusions concerning the introduction of a few good young players into the City league.

The Young Columbians defeated the Lincolns by a score of 13 to 11. Challenges from 13-year-old teams by the former team will be received by Eddie Smith.

The Elms want a game with the Mystery club for Memorial day.

#### G.A.R. LOT.

The G.A.R. lot in the Lowell cemetery will be dedicated next Saturday afternoon by Post 120 with appropriate exercises. The trustees of the lot have been presented with a beautiful urn by the Ladies' Relief Corps.

#### FLAG RAISING.

THE BOOTT SAID TO HAVE MADE A COLLECTION.

Dear Editor—Please allow me a space in your valuable paper, of which I am a constant reader. I would like to inform the public of what I call a small scheming plan of the Boott corporation to devise means by which to bleed their poorly paid help and the gall of them, too, after cutting off ten per cent. of their starvation wages. The corporation intend to raise a flag this week and so to defray the expenses of the flag they sent around their second-hands to collect five or ten cents throughout the mills, with the understanding it was to pay for the band to play at the flag raising. Now I don't object to the band playing, and for the flag raising, I am as patriotic and perhaps more so than the authors of the scheme, but what I do object to is the miserable plan to get the helps' scanty few cents back again, as they did last Saturday, but did get none of mine. I don't value the 5 cents or even 25, but I detest the corporations and trusts that try to skin the help of a few cents out of their hard earned, few dollars they receive weekly. If they want to be patriotic, why not do it at their own expense, and not out of their employes' scanty earnings.

Yours very respectfully,
—Boott Operative.

Next Saturday, members of Bachman Hose company of Dracut will have a flag raising.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

Linen Dept.

We have about 150 Remnants of Red Damask and bleached and half-bleached Satin Damask Table Linen which we shall close out at one-half their value.

14 pieces Turkey Red Damask, extra fine quality, good patterns, worth 50c. a yard, at 37 1-2c.

Towels.

20 dozen All Linen Huck and Cotton Turkish Bath Towels, worth 17c. each., at 12 1-2c. each.

Flags.

A large lot of Cotton Flags, made in imitation of wool bunting, fast colors, sizes 32x45, with six foot pole and gilt spear top, worth $1 each, at only 50c.

Percales.

The very best quality of Percale, good colors, excellent designs, full 36 inches wide, perfect goods, for only 12 1-2c. yard.

Dress Ginghams

15 pieces extra fine quality Dress Ginghams, handsome plaids, worth 37 1-2c a yard, our price 25c.

Crash.

10 pieces unbleached, heavy Linen Crash, suitable for hand towels or rollers, 21 inches wide, worth 15c. a yard, at only 10c.

Special values all this week in Prints, Ginghams, Cotton Cloth, etc., etc.

ARE YOU

Interested in CABINET FILES? If so, come and see the WABASH, the best and most economical Cabinet File in use today. It is a money saver.

LAWLER, FASHIONABLE STATIONER AND BOOKSELLER,
79 MERRIMACK AND 15 JOHN STREETS.
Telephone 373-1.

HASTE, HASTE, HASTEN!

To this great and royal feast of bargains prepared especially for the wage earners and all others who either from necessity or choice are inclined to dress economically by

T. H. Lane & Co.,

Ready Cash Buyers and Sellers of Clothing, Hats and Furnishings.

LAST WEEK OF THE

BIG SLAUGHTER SALE

OF THE BANKRUPT STOCK OF THE
MANUFACTURERS' RELIEF CO. IN THE

Old Boston & Maine Depot, Central Street

This has been the most successful and cash-deriving sale ever undertaken and carried to a successful finish. We are more than pleased with our success and now announce that we are here to stay as long as the people continue to appreciate what we are doing for them. While the buying public is on our side we cannot be driven out by jealous competitors.

We are the largest ready cash buyers and sellers of manufacturers' stocks in New England and are constantly adding to our stock the product of makers forced to realize at once on their goods to avoid disaster, owing to the dull trade. They cannot sell to dealers who are obliged to buy on time, but must come where they know the cash is always ready and we make the price.

Buy of us now and save at least one-third of what regular dealers would charge for the same goods.

Read These Prices Then Come and Look at the Goods.

About 100 of those Wool Suits which have created such a sensation left, at $2.98.

One lot of new styled Spring Suits in up-to-date plaids, only $3.98.

10 styles of all-wool Suits in plaids, stripes, checks or mixtures, light or medium dark color, light and medium weights, good value anywhere at $8.00 and $10.00. Price made specially for this week, $4.98.

The largest assortment of styles and the best quality of cloths, with great superiority of making and trimmings in the line of suits we are selling. $6.90.

100 Clay Worsted Black Dress Suits in frocks and sacks, regular $12 quality, while they last, $7.89.

Youths' Long Pants Suits, made and trimmed in the most thorough manner with an eye to durability—dainty styles for the larger boys. Prices from 98c. to $2.98.

A tremendous variety of Men's Pants and every pair sold under price.

200 pairs Working Pants, 98c.

1000 pairs Worsted Plaids and Stripes for dress wear, $1.98, $2.49, $2.98.

All the new styles in Stiff and Soft Hats. Every Hat sold at a guaranteed price of 50 cents less than any other store will sell same quality.

20 new patterns in Fancy Shirts with collars and cuffs. We confidently pronounce this the greatest bargain shown this season at 39c.

| | |
|---|---|
| Balbriggan Underwear, | 19c. |
| French Balbriggan Underwear, | 29c. |
| Medium Weight Underwear, | 39c. |
| Extra bargains in Socks, | 8c. |
| 25c. Neckwear, | 19c. |
| 50c. Neckwear, | 29c. |
| 75c. Neckwear, | 39c. |
| 50c. Overalls, | 39c. |

Store Open on Monday, Friday and Saturday Evenings

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

VICTORIOUS

1000 IVER JOHNSON'S,
500 FITCHBURG'S

For the Government. Other wheels were tested, but the honest cycle swept everything before them. If these wheels are good enough for the government, they're good enough for you. Price $40 and $50. Cash or credit.

RING'S BIG STORE, 221-229 Dutton Street.